



College of Education and Human Development

Early Childhood Education Program  
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<https://gse.gmu.edu/programs/earlychildhood/>

**ECED 504.DL1, 600, 606 Engaging Families of Diverse Young Learners (3:3:0)  
Spring 2016**

**Face to Face Meeting Dates: 3/15, 3/22, 3/29, 4/5, 4/12, 4/19, 4/26  
Tuesday, 5:30 pm – 8:10 pm  
Arlington Founders Hall Room 310**

**Professor:** Dr. Dana D. L. Shin  
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**Office Location:** Thompson 1200  
**Office Hours:** By appointment

### **Course Description**

Focuses on strategies for developing culturally appropriate family professional partnerships to benefit children, including children from diverse cultural and linguistic backgrounds and children with special needs. Explores theories and research supporting a family centered approach, including family and professional rights and responsibilities, especially in the special education process.

### **Nature of Course Delivery**

This course utilizes a distributed learning format requiring timely and active participation of all students throughout the semester. Activities to support student achievement of the learner outcomes include instructor presentations, videos, student team presentations, collaborative student work in small groups in class and in on-line discussion groups, assigned readings, and projects leading to written products. Students engage in timely critical reflection and accountable talk related to the learning activities.

### **Learner Outcomes**

This course is designed to enable students to do the following:

1. Describe the historical, philosophical, and sociological foundations underlying the role, development and organization of public education in the United States.
2. Discuss the legal status of teachers and students, including federal and state laws and regulations, school as an organization/culture, and contemporary issues in education.
3. Discuss theories and research supporting a family-centered approach to early childhood education.
4. Discuss the role of cultural context in attitudes, beliefs, values, and child rearing practices.
5. Analyze personal values, beliefs, and cultural biases that influence their work with families.

6. Describe underlying principles and ways to work with families that are both effective and enabling.
7. Identify strategies that support and assist families to identify their priorities, resources, and concerns for their children, including children with special needs.
8. Create tailored opportunities for collaborating with families in the ongoing education of children, including children from diverse cultural and linguistic backgrounds and children with special needs.
9. Utilize family systems theory to describe and understand family perspectives.
10. Identify specific components of IDEA that support family voices in the special education process.
11. Adopt a strengths-based problem solving perspective when analyzing dilemmas related to partnering with families.
12. Demonstrate understanding of the theories and techniques of family-centered intervention, including issues related to families from diverse backgrounds and multicultural education.

### **Professional Standards**

This concentration complies with the standards for teacher licensure established by the Council for Exceptional Children (CEC) and the National Association for the Education of Young Children.

### **Required Texts**

Grant, K. B., & Ray, J. A. (2013). *Home, school, and community collaboration: Culturally responsive family engagement* (2nd ed.). Washington, DC: Sage. [white cover/ jacket]

Koralek, D. (2007). *Spotlight on young children and families*. Washington D.C.: National Association for the Education of Young Children.

### **Additional Course Readings (made available through Bb or paper copies in class):**

\*See list at the end of syllabus.

### **GMU Policies and Resources for Students**

- a. Students must adhere to the guidelines of the George Mason University Honor Code [See <http://oai.gmu.edu/the-mason-honor-code/>].
- b. Students must follow the university policy for Responsible Use of Computing [See <http://universitypolicy.gmu.edu/policies/responsible-use-of-computing/>].
- c. Students are responsible for the content of university communications sent to their George Mason University email account and are required to activate their account and check it regularly. All communication from the university, college, school, and program will be sent to students solely through their Mason email account.
- d. The George Mason University Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS) staff consists of professional counseling and clinical psychologists, social workers, and counselors who offer a wide range of services (e.g., individual and group counseling, workshops and outreach programs) to enhance students' personal experience and academic performance [See <http://caps.gmu.edu/>].
- e. Students with disabilities who seek accommodations in a course must be registered with the George Mason University Office of Disability Services (ODS) and inform their instructor, in writing, at the beginning of the semester [See <http://ods.gmu.edu/>].

- f. Students must follow the university policy stating that all sound emitting devices shall be turned off during class unless otherwise authorized by the instructor.
- g. The George Mason University Writing Center staff provides a variety of resources and services (e.g., tutoring, workshops, writing guides, handbooks) intended to support students as they work to construct and share knowledge through writing [See <http://writingcenter.gmu.edu/>].

### **Professional Dispositions**

Students are expected to exhibit professional behaviors and dispositions at all times.

### **Core Values Commitment**

The College of Education & Human Development is committed to collaboration, ethical leadership, innovation, research-based practice, and social justice. Students are expected to adhere to these principles [<http://cehd.gmu.edu/values/>].

### **For GSE Syllabi**

For additional information on the College of Education and Human Development, Graduate School of Education, please visit our website [See <http://gse.gmu.edu/>].

### ***Collaboration***

Collaboration is an important human activity that involves shared responsibility in promoting healthy, productive lives, and educational success. We commit ourselves to work toward these goals in genuine partnerships with individuals, families, community agencies, schools, businesses, foundations, and other groups at the local, regional, national, and international levels.

### ***Ethical Leadership***

In all professions represented by the college, leadership is an essential component denoting ability and willingness to help lead professional practice to higher levels. We commit ourselves to practice ethical leadership through deliberate and systematic attention to the ethical principles that guide all leaders in a moral society.

### ***Innovation***

We have a history of creating dynamic, innovative programs, and we are dedicated to continue creating innovative approaches in all areas of our work. We commit ourselves to seeking new ways to advance knowledge, solve problems, improve our professional practice, and expand on our successes.

### ***Research-Based Practice***

The best practice in any discipline is based upon sound research and professional judgment. We commit ourselves to basing our instruction, scholarship, and policy recommendations on well-established principles that, wherever possible, emerge from research and reflection on its implications for professional practice.

### ***Social Justice***

Social justice embodies essential principles of equity and access to all opportunities in society, in accordance with democratic principles and respect for all persons and points of view. We commit ourselves to promoting equity, opportunity, and social justice through the college's operations and its missions related to teaching, research, and service.

For additional information on the College of Education and Human Development, Graduate School of Education, please visit our website [See <http://gse.gmu.edu/>].

## Course Requirements

### General Requirements

1. The completion of all readings assigned for the course is assumed. Because the class will be structured around discussion and small group activities, it is imperative that students keep up with the readings and participate in class.
2. Attendance in class and/or online is important to students' learning; therefore, students are expected to make every effort to attend class sessions and/or complete online modules within the designated timeframe. Absences, tardiness, leaving early, and not completing online modules in the designated timeframe may negatively affect course grades. If, due to an emergency, students will not be in class, they must call the instructor and leave a message or send an email before class. The following policy is from the university course catalog:

Students are expected to attend the class periods of the courses for which they register. In-class participation is important not only to the individual student, but also to the class as a whole. Because class participation may be a factor in grading, instructors may use absence, tardiness, or early departure as de facto evidence of nonparticipation. Students who miss an exam with an acceptable excuse may be penalized according to the individual instructor's grading policy, as stated in the course syllabus.

3. In line with Mason's policy that students should not be penalized because of observances of their religious holidays, students shall be given an opportunity to make up, within a reasonable time, any academic assignment that is missed due to individual participation in religious observances. It is the student's responsibility to inform the instructor of any intended absences for religious observations in advance of the class that will be missed. Notice should be provided in writing as soon as possible.
4. During face-to-face and live online meetings, cell phones, pagers, and other communicative devices are not allowed in this class. Students must keep them stowed away and out of sight. Laptops or tablets (e.g., iPads) may be permitted for the purpose of taking notes only. Engaging in activities not related to the course (e.g. gaming, email, chat, etc.) will result in a significant reduction in the participation grade.
5. It is expected that assignments will be turned in on time. However, it is recognized that students occasionally have serious problems that prevent work completion. If such a dilemma arises, students should speak to the instructor prior to the assignment due date (when possible). If the student does not communicate with the instructor, a late penalty will be applied.
6. Mason is an Honor Code university; please see the Office for Academic Integrity for a full description of the code and the honor committee process. The principle of academic integrity is taken very seriously and violations are treated gravely. What does academic integrity mean in this course? Essentially this: when responsible for a task, students will perform that task. When students rely on someone else's work in an aspect of the performance of that task, they will give full credit in the proper, accepted form. Another aspect of academic integrity is the free play of ideas. Vigorous discussion and debate are encouraged in this course, with the firm expectation that all aspects of the class will be conducted with civility and respect

for differing ideas, perspectives, and traditions. When in doubt (of any kind), students will ask for guidance and clarification.

### Written Assignments

All formal written assignments will be evaluated for content and presentation. The American Psychological Association, Sixth Edition (APA) style will be followed for all written work. All written work unless otherwise noted must be completed on a word processor and should be proofread carefully. (Use spell check!) If students are not confident of their own ability to catch errors, they should have another person proofread their work. When in doubt, they should check the APA manual. Portions of the APA manual appear at the Style Manuals link on the Mason library web at <http://infoguides.gmu.edu/content.php?pid=39979> Students may consult the Writing Center for additional writing support.

Students will do the following:

1. Present ideas in a clear, concise, and organized manner. (Avoid wordiness and redundancy.)
2. Develop points coherently, definitively, and thoroughly.
3. Refer to appropriate authorities, studies, and examples to document where appropriate. (Avoid meaningless generalizations, unwarranted assumptions, and unsupported opinions.)
4. Use correct capitalization, punctuation, spelling, and grammar.

### Grading Criteria

A = 95-100 A- = 90-94 B+ = 87-89 B = 83-86 B- = 80-82 C = 70-79 F = < 70

### Grading Policy

All CEHD undergraduate and graduate students are held to the university grading policies as described in the Academic Policies section of the current catalog, which can be accessed at <http://catalog.gmu.edu>. Those students enrolled in a CEHD Licensure Graduate Certificate program, however, must earn a B- or better in all licensure coursework. A degree-seeking graduate student will be dismissed after accumulating grades of F in two courses or 9 credits of unsatisfactory grades (C or F) in graduate courses. A 3.0 grade point average is required for completion of the graduate degree.

### Specific Course Assignments

Assignments	Due Dates	Points
Attendance & Participation	Ongoing	15
<i>Spotlight</i> Discussion	Ongoing	5
Discussion Board	3/19, 3/26, 4/2, 4/9, 4/16	15
Online Family Resource	4/5	5

Home and Community Visitation Project	3/29, 4/5, 4/12, 4/19	50
In-class Writing Assignment	4/19	10
TOTAL		100

### Attendance and Participation (15 points)

Because active participation and engagement are imperative for optimal learning, preparation for and participation in in-class activities will be evaluated based on the following criteria:

- Students attend class, arrive on time, and stay for the entire class period.
- Students complete readings and prepare for class activities prior to class as is evidenced by their ability to discuss and write about the concepts presented and examined in the texts as well as participate fully in related activities.
- Students are actively involved in in-class and online learning experiences as is evidenced by (1) participating in all activities, (2) engaging in small and large group discussions, (3) using laptops and other electronic devices only to support discussion and learning and not for non-academic uses during class time, (4) completing written work related to the activities, and (5) supporting the participation and learning of classmates.
- Students show evidence of critical reflective thinking through in-class and online discussions, activities, and written reflections.

**Note:** To determine whether the campus is closed due to inclement weather, call 703-993-1000 or go to [www.gmu.edu](http://www.gmu.edu).

### I. *Spotlight on Young Children and Families* Discussion (5 points)

Each student, along with two or three of their peers, will be responsible for leading a discussion about an assigned chapter from the *Spotlight on Young Children and Families* text. Students are expected to lead a discussion (you may NOT use powerpoint and please do not just summarize the reading) and include one hands-on activity as part of the discussion. *A sign-up sheet will be provided on the first night of class.*

### II. Discussion Board (15 points)

#### **DUE: One response due by midnight on Saturdays (3 points each)**

Students will participate in an online discussion board in which questions will be posted weekly by the instructor. Students are responsible for responding to these questions by midnight on **Saturday** each week. The comments are due by midnight on **Monday** each week. Ensure that you create a thread and provide at least one comment for one of the other threads in order to receive points.

\*Expectations for discussion board responses: **Responses to questions must be a minimum of 400 words** in length, be thoughtful and relevant, and include original and/or critical thought (**by midnight on Saturday**). The point of the discussion board is NOT for students to simply provide a summary of the issues at hand; rather, you are to think critically about the issue, form and state an opinion, and create a coherent argument to support your perspective. Responses should

consider the questions asked as well as students' thoughts on readings, especially: How do the readings relate to your own family experiences and/or the experiences of the families you work with each day? How do your cultural experiences influence your work with families? Keep these same expectations in mind for commenting on other students' posts. **Comments on other students' posts should be at least 200 words (by midnight on Monday).**

### **III. Online Family Resource (5 points)**

**DUE: April 5<sup>th</sup>**

Students will investigate, identify and share a resource (e.g. a family service, an individual or particular service provider, a handbook or other written material, a local event etc.) that would be of great use to the family (or a similar family) with whom you chose for the Home Visitation Project. Students will search for appropriate resources, create, and upload to Blackboard a 1-page handout describing the resource with all relevant elements and contact information. On April 12<sup>th</sup> students should bring enough copies of their handout to class for the entire class as we will share these resources such that everyone leaves with multiple family resources to share with families with whom they work.

### **IV. Home and Community Visitation Project (50 points)**

Students will identify a family (in their teaching setting or in their community) whose socio-cultural context is different from their own. In particular, **students will select a family who may be in some way *marginalized* by U.S. society based on the following: race, ethnicity, immigrant status, family structure, socioeconomic status, sexuality, child or parent's ability status, or religion.** The students will get to know this family and use this as an opportunity to see the experience of parenting through a different perspective. Students will consider this as a way to learn someone's story. Students will interact with them in a way other than they would otherwise typically interact with them – e.g., informally away from school if possible. Throughout the course students will develop a Home and Community Visitation Project that includes the following parts:

#### **Part I: Planning**

- **Rationale for Selecting Family:** Describe the family you selected. Include responses to the following: 1) a rationale for why you chose this family; 2) an explanation of the ways you think the families' experiences are different from your own; 3) what you have observed about how society views the child and their family (either based on race, ethnicity, family structure, sexual orientation, religion, etc.); and 4) that you make an honest attempt to identify and describe any assumptions you have about this family.
- **Introducing yourself:** Find a way to determine the common ground between you and the family you selected to work with (gender, work, education, experiences) as these help with initial introductions. Describe the introduction and the process you will use to introduce yourself to the family.
- **Questions to assist you in learning about the child:** Develop a set of questions that you will use to help you learn more about the child in terms of their likes, dislikes, interests and experiences.
- **Questions to assist you in learning about the parents and family:** Develop a set of questions to ask during the home visit to begin to understand the parents' goals for themselves as well as their children. How did this family come to be in this place where you have met them? What

do you need to understand about their experiences in order to understand them? What is their perspective about their child or children? These questions should also help you begin to learn more about the family's every day experiences as well as prior experiences that might be insightful as you begin to work with them.

- **Memo 1: Students will write a 3-4 page memo that addresses the above 4 bullet points (10 points). DUE: March 29th**

## **Part II: Learning about the Family**

- **Meeting with the Family**

Students will informally interview the parents or guardians. In this interview students should attempt to learn as much as possible through *meaningful* exchanges. Students should challenge themselves to understand families' views of struggles they may have; how they makes sense of the world; and how the parents' and families' realities of the world are different from their own.

Students should consider the amount of time they have and the ease with which they will be able to engage persons of another culture. First, students should arrange to spend time with the family member(s). The focus should be to engage respectfully with the family member on his or her own terms and turf (if possible), rather than conducting a formal interview. Students should meet with the parent in a relaxed framework.

Students should challenge themselves to hear the voices/values of others on their own terms. This will be difficult and, may be, uncomfortable. Students must consider how they can get to know another person and his or her culture on his or her own terms. It is recommended that students "ask, ask, ask." They should ask the family for clarification or meaning when something is confusing or feels very different to them. Students should reflect on their own culture, experiences, and stories as they learn about their families' stories.

At the end of this informal meeting, students should ask the family if they might be able to join them at a family event (e.g., birthday party, family gathering)

- **Child Observation at a Family Event**

Students will conduct an observation of the child in a family event (e.g., birthday party, family gathering, family dinner). It can be a routine event or a special event. They must spend at least an hour with the family. During this event, students will engage the family in an informal conversation to find out about the meanings of their actions, describing and making meaning of their learning experience with the family.

- **Memo 2: Students will write a 4- to 5-page memo describing what they learned during the informal interview with the family and at the family event.** In relation to the informal interview, students should contrast the families' experiences with the students' own family experiences and examine their previous assumptions given new information and experiences. In relation to the child observation at a formal event, students should describe what they saw/heard, the key activities that took place, and what these taught them about the family. They should be sure to spend more time reflecting and thinking critically about these experiences rather than simply summarizing everything that happened. In relation to both the informal interview and observation, students should be sure to include the following: 1) what

he/she learned about the family in these interactions; 2) what he/she learned about him/herself through coming to know this family; and 3) what this experience might mean for the student as an early childhood educator **(15 points)**. **DUE: April 5th**

### **Part III: Applying Experiential, Empirical, and Theoretical Knowledge**

- **Statement of Philosophy for Working with Families and Communities:** Students will use their experiences with the children and families in their setting, any community connections they have made, as well as course content including readings and discussion to create a **1-2-page (single-spaced) statement of their philosophy** for working with families and communities. This will include not only why they believe it is important to engage with families and communities as a teacher/ practitioner but also the ways they believe are most effective for doing this. They will include academic, both research- and theory-based, literature as well as concrete examples from the readings. It is expected that experiential, empirical, and theoretical (research- and theory-based from course readings) knowledge will be used in this paper. All course readings should be cited appropriately **(20 points)**. **DUE: April 12th (first draft) & April 19<sup>th</sup> (final draft)**

### **Part IV: Dissemination of New Knowledge**

- **Presentation:**  
Students will present what they have learned as a story. Each student presentation will be a total of 8 minutes, with 5-6 minutes for the presentation of the family story and 2 to 3 minutes for peer/instructor questions and discussion. The presentation should not sound like a clinical case presentation. Students should be creative with their story presentation and consider how they would like their own story to be told **(5 points)**. **DUE: April 19th or April 26th**

### **V. In-class Writing Assignment**

- During one of the last class meetings (4/19) the second part class will be devoted to a graded, in-class writing assignment focused on working with families. Students will be given a question prompt to which they will have 40 minutes to respond. This assignment is meant to assess: 1) students' knowledge of families; and, 2) students' writing skills **(10 points)**.

**Course Schedule**  
 (\* additional, optional readings)

Module	Date	Topics	Readings and Assignments Due
<b>UNIT 1: Research, Theories, and Tools for Understanding Diverse Families and Communities</b>			
1	March 15	Intro to Course & Family Engagement  Defining family  Intro to Ecological Model and Family Systems Theory	Grant & Ray, pp. 27-40 Spotlight on YC and Families, pp. 4-11 <i>Choose one:</i> Stewart (2007) - <i>Who is kin?</i> <b>OR</b> Dreby & Adkins (2012)- <i>The of family ties: How US Migration shapes children's ideas of family</i> *Turnbull et al., Ch. 1, 2 *Peters (1999)- <i>Redefining Western Families</i> *Weigel (2008) - <i>The Concept of Family</i> <b>DUE: DB Post 1 (Saturday at midnight)</b>
2	March 22	Contemporary Families: Demographics, Structures, and Functions	Turnbull et al., Ch. 3 (Family Functions) Spotlight on YC and Families, pp. 44-49 Casper & Bianchi (2002)- <i>Changing Families in a Changing Society</i> *Walsh (2003)- <i>Changing Families in a Changing World</i>
		Developmental Process of Parenting	Grant & Ray, Ch. 3 (pp. 51-76 OR 53-68) Spotlight on YC and Families, pp. 16-19 Lareau (2008) – <i>Excerpts from 'Unequal Childhoods'</i> Roy (2004)- <i>Three-block fathers: Spatial Perceptions and Kin-Work in Low-income Families</i> Bianchi, Robinson, & Milkie (2006) – <i>Parenting: How has it changed?</i> * Turnbull et al., (pp. 72-88) <b>DB Post 2 (Saturday at midnight)</b>
3	March 29	Family Diversity: Implicit Bias & Sociocultural Perspective	State of the Science (2014)- Implicit Bias Review (Kirwan Institute) [pp. 12-21]: <a href="http://kirwaninstitute.osu.edu/wp-content/uploads/2014/03/2014---implicit---bias.pdf">http://kirwaninstitute.osu.edu/wp-content/uploads/2014/03/2014---implicit---bias.pdf</a> State of Science (2013)- Implicit Bias Review (Kirwan Institute) [pp. 30-34]: <a href="http://kirwaninstitute.osu.edu/docs/SOTS---Implicit_Bias.pdf">http://kirwaninstitute.osu.edu/docs/SOTS---Implicit_Bias.pdf</a>

		Family diversity: immigration, low-income families, single-parent families	<p>Grant &amp; Ray, Ch. 5</p> <p>Spotlight on YC and Families, pp. 24-27</p> <p>Han, Y. (2012) <i>From Survivors to Leaders: Stages of Immigrant Parent Involvement in Schools</i></p> <p>Anderson (2003) – <i>The Diversity, Strength, and Challenges of Single-parent Households</i></p> <p>*Fuligni &amp; Fuligni (2007) – <i>Immigrant Families and the Educational Development of their Children</i></p> <p>*Capps et al (2004)- <i>The New Demography of America’s Schools</i></p> <p>*Moore et al (2009) – <i>Children in Poverty: Trends, Consequences, &amp; Policy Options</i></p> <p>*Lea (2012). <i>Cultural reciprocity as a transformative journey in research and practice.</i></p> <p><b>DB Post 3 (Saturday at midnight)</b></p> <p><b>DUE: Memo 1</b></p>
4	April 5	Family diversity: families with children with disabilities, inclusion	<p>Grant &amp; Ray, Ch. 11 Spotlight on YC and Families, pp. 28-36</p> <p>Riojas-Cortez (2011)- <i>Culture, Play, and Family: Supporting Children on the Autism Spectrum Including Samuel</i></p> <p>Janice Fialka (<a href="http://www.danceofpartnership.com">http://www.danceofpartnership.com</a>), read the following journal articles (scroll to the bottom): <i>The Dance of Partnership, Why do my Feet Hurt?; Working with Families: Rethinking Denial, Least Dangerous Assumption: Changing the Way We Think; A Word to Educational Professionals</i>” and “<i>Be Careful What You Wish For</i>. Also visit her amazing son, Micah’s website to learn about his quest to live in the college dorms, move to Syracuse, and become a policy intern (<a href="http://www.throughthesamedoor.com/">http://www.throughthesamedoor.com/</a>)</p>
		Family diversity: LGBT families, families in transition	<p>Grant &amp; Ray (choose to read Ch. 6, 7, or 8)</p> <p>Gates (2008)- Diversity among same-sex couples and their children</p> <p>Moreno, Lewis-Menchaca &amp; Rodriguez (2011) <i>Parental involvement in the home: Critical view through a multicultural lens</i></p> <p><b>DB Post 4 (Saturday at midnight)</b></p> <p><b>DUE: Family Resource</b></p> <p><b>DUE: Memo 2</b></p>
5	April 12	Additional Family Theories & Tools for Understanding Diverse Families: Family Stress Theory, Family Resiliency Framework, Culturagram	<p>Spotlight on YC and Families, pp. 20-23</p> <p>Walsh (2003)- <i>Family Resilience: Strengths Forged through Adversity</i></p> <p>Ingoldsby, Smith, &amp; Miller (2004)- <i>Exploring Family Theories (Ch. 6)</i></p> <p>*Garcia Coll et al. (1996)- <i>An Integrative Model for the Study of Developmental Competencies in Minority Children</i></p>

**Unit 2: Partnering with and Engaging Diverse Families**

		<p align="center">Historical and Contemporary Perspectives on Connecting with Families</p>	<p>Turnbull et al., Ch. 5            Grant &amp; Ray, Ch. 2            Halgunseth et al (2009)- <i>Family engagement, diverse families, and early childhood education programs: An integrated review of the literature</i>            Weiss, Lopez, &amp; Rosenberg (2010). <i>Beyond random acts: Family, school, and community engagement as an integral part of education reform.</i>            *Speirs (2011)- <i>Parent-provider relationships: What they look like and how they are formed</i>  <b>DB Post 5 (Saturday at midnight)</b>  <b>DUE: Statement of Philosophy (draft 1)</b></p>
<p align="center">6</p>	<p align="center">April 19</p>	<p align="center">Family Engagement: Cultural Competence</p>	<p>Grant &amp; Ray, Ch. 9            Spotlight on YC and Families, pp. 2-3; 38-43            Lynch &amp; Hanson, Ch. 2 &amp; 3            Vesely &amp; Ginsberg (2011) – <i>Strategies and Practices for Working with Immigrant families in Early Education Program.</i>            Culturagram: <a href="http://nrccps.org/wp-content/uploads/Missouri---Ecogram1.pdf">http://nrccps.org/wp-content/uploads/Missouri---Ecogram1.pdf</a> AND <a href="http://socialworkpodcast.blogspot.com/2008/12/visual---assessment---tools---culturagram.html">http://socialworkpodcast.blogspot.com/2008/12/visual---assessment---tools---culturagram.html</a></p>
		<p align="center">Family Engagement: Communication and Navigating Systems             Family-Teacher-Community Connections</p>	<p>Grant &amp; Ray, Ch. 10, 13            Berrera &amp; Corso (2003)- <i>Skilled Dialogue- Foundational Concepts</i>            Harlem Children’s Zone- online videos (choose at least on video to watch <a href="http://www.hcz.org/about-us/video-faqs">http://www.hcz.org/about-us/video-faqs</a>            Small (2006) – <i>Neighborhood Institutions as Resource Brokers: Child Care Centers Interorganizational Ties and Resource Access among the Poor</i>            * <i>Communities in Schools- The 5 Basics</i>            * Anderson, Chitwood, Hayden, &amp; Tekemoto (2008)- Excerpts from <i>Negotiating the Special Education Maze</i>            * Sanders, Deihler, &amp; Kyle (2007)- <i>DAP in the ‘hood</i>            *Bromer &amp; Henly (2009)- <i>The Work-Family Support Roles of Child Care Providers Across Settings</i>  <b>Home and Community Visitation Project Student Presentations I</b>  <b>In Class Graded Assignment: Family Writing Assignment</b>  <b>DUE: Statement of Philosophy (Final Draft)</b></p>

7	April 26	Engaging Families of Diverse Young Learners - Pulling it all together	<b>Home and Community Visitation Project Student Presentations II</b>
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## Additional Course Readings

- Anderson, C. (2003). The diversity, strength, and challenges of single-parent households. In Walsh, F., (Ed.). *Normal family processes, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition* (pp. 121-152). New York: The Guilford Press.
- Anderson, W., Chitwood, S., Hayden, D., & Takemoto, C. (2008). *Negotiating the special education maze*. Bethesda, MD: Woodbine House.
- Barrera, I., Corso, R. M., with Macpherson, D. (2003). Skilled dialogue foundational concepts. In *Skilled dialogue: Strategies for responding to cultural diversity in early childhood*, (pp. 41-51), Baltimore, MD: Paul H. Brookes.
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