SYLLABUS

GEORGE MASON UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF EDUCATION AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT APPLIED BEHAVIOR ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE PROGRAM EDSE 621 6A4

Empirical Bases of Applied Behavior Analysis Spring 1 2010

Tuesdays, 4:30 pm – 8:30 pm Ivymount School, 11614 Seven Locks Rd, Rockville MD, 20854 Rooms 133 and 134

PROFESSOR

NAME Meghan Hoffman, M.Ed., B.C.B.A.

Adjunct Professor, College of Education and Human Development

PHONE 240-603-5801

EMAIL ADDRESS mdougher@gmu.edu

OFFICE HOURS Meeting times are available, please contact me through email

COURSE DESCRIPTION

A Prerequisites. Prior completion of EDSE 619 / Psych 619, or concurrent registration in either of those courses.

B Course description. This course focuses on the basic content of applied behavior analysis and teaches course participants to implement behavioral procedures and develop behavioral programs for clients with fundamental behavioral needs. More specifically, this course focuses on the empirical bases of applied behavior analysis. These are data-based decision making and determining procedural efficacy through single-subject experimental designs. Additionally, we will discuss ethical issues as they pertain to collecting, using, reporting, and storing data; and to experimental design in clinical, educational, and experimental work.

NATURE OF COURSE DELIVERY

Lecture, discussion, written assignments, written assessments, and asynchronous online discussion.

STUDENT OUTCOMES and PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS

This course addresses the Council on Exceptional Children's Standard #8 (Assessment), which reads as follows:

Assessment is integral to the decision-making and teaching of special educators and special educators use multiple types of assessment information for a variety of educational decisions. Special educators use the results of assessments to help identify exceptional learning needs and to develop and implement individualized instructional programs, as well as to adjust instruction in response to ongoing learning progress. Special educators understand the legal policies and ethical principles of measurement and assessment related to referral, eligibility, program planning, instruction, and placement for individuals with ELN, including those from culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds. Special educators understand measurement theory and practices for addressing issues of validity, reliability, norms, bias, and interpretation of assessment results. In addition, special educators understand the appropriate use and limitations of various types of assessments.

Special educators collaborate with families and other colleagues to assure non-biased, meaningful assessments and decision-making. Special educators conduct formal and informal assessments of behavior, learning, achievement, and environments to design learning experiences that support the growth and development of individuals with ELN. Special educators use assessment information to identify supports and adaptations required for individuals with ELN to access the general curriculum and to participate in school, system, and statewide assessment programs. Special educators regularly monitor the progress of individuals with ELN in general and special curricula. Special educators use appropriate technologies to support their assessments.

REQUIRED TEXTS

- Bailey, J.S., & Burch, M.B. (2005). *Ethics for behavior analysts.* Mahwah, NJ: Lawrence Erlbaum Associates. ISBN 0-8058-5118-6.
- Cooper, J.O., Heron, T.E., & Heward, W.L. (2007). Applied behavior analysis (2nd Ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pearson Merrill Prentice Hall. ISBN 0-13-142113-1
- Jacobson, J.W., Foxx, R.M., & Mulick, J.A. (2005). Controversial therapies for developmental disabilities: Fad, fashion, and science in professional practice. Mahwah, NJ: Lawrence Erlbaum Associates. ISBN 0-8058-4192-X.

ARTICLES

The following articles may be downloaded from the Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis website. There is a link to this website at External Links at this course's Blackboard page.

- Allen, K.D., & Evans, J.H. (2001). Exposure based treatment to control excessive blood glucose monitoring. *Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis*, 34 (4), 497-500.
- daCosta, L.G., Rapoff, M.A., Lemanek, K., & Goldstein, G.L. (1997). Improving adherence to medication regimens for children with asthma, and its effect on clinical outcome. Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis, 30 (4), 687-691.
- Engleman, K.K., Altus, D.E., & Matthews, R.M. (1999). Increasing engagement in daily activities by older adults with dementia. *Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis*, 32 (1), 107-110.
- Gillat, A., & Sulzer-Azaroff, B. (1994). Promoting principals' managerial involvement in instructional improvement. *Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis*, 27 (1), 115-129.
- Hanley, G.P., Iwata, B.A., Thompson, R.H., & Lindberg, J.S. (2000). A component analysis of "stereotypy as reinforcement" for alternative behavior. *Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis*, 33 (3), 285-297.
- Heck, A., Collins, J., & Peterson, L. (2001). Decreasing children's risk taking on the playground. Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis, 34 (3), 349-352.
- McGonigle, J.J., Rojahn, J., Dixon, J., & Strain, P.S. (1987). Multiple treatment interference in the alternating treatments design as a function of the intercomponent interval length. *Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis*, 20 (2), 171-178.
- Osborne, K., Rudrud, E., & Zezoney, F. (1990). Improved curveball hitting through the enhancement of verbal cues. *Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis*, 23 (5), 371-377.

- The following articles may be downloaded from E-Reserve at the GMU Library website. There is a link to this website at this course's Blackboard page under External Links. Once there, please choose E-Reserve, this course, and your instructor's name. You will need a password, and your instructor will furnish this to you as soon as it is available.
- Blake, D.D., Owens, M.D., and Keane, T.M. (1990). Increasing group attendance on a psychiatric unit: An alternating treatments design comparison. *Journal of Behavior Therapy and Experimental Psychiatry*, 21 (1), 15-20.
- Botella, C., Banos, R.M., Villa, H., Perpina, C., & Garcia-Palacios, A. (2000). Virtual reality in the treatment of claustrophobic fear: A controlled, multiple baseline design. *Behavior Therapy*, 31 (3), 583-595.
- Buisson, G.J., Murdock, J.Y., Reynolds, K.E., & Cronin, M.E. (1995). Effects of tokens on response latency of students with hearing impairments in a resource room. *Education and Treatment of Children*, 18 (4), 408-421.
- Dermer, M.L., & Hoch, T.A. (1999). Improving descriptions of single-subject experiments in research texts written for undergraduates. *Psychological Record*, 49 (1), 49-66.
- DeZubicaray, G., & Clair, A. (1998). An evaluation of differential reinforcement of other behavior, differential reinforcement of incompatible behavior, and restitution for the management of aggressive behaviors. *Behavioral Interventions*, 13 (1), 157-168.
- Dixon, M.R. (2000). Manipulating the illusion of control: Variations in gambling as a function of perceived control over chance outcomes. *Psychological Record*, 50 (4), 705-719.
- Dudley, L.L., Johnson, C., & Barnes, R.S. (2002). Decreasing rumination using a starchy food procedure. *Behavioral Interventions*, 17 (1), 21-29.
- Fordyce, W.E., Shelton, J.L., & Dundove, D.E. (1982). The modification of avoidance learning pain behaviors. *Journal of Behavioral Medicine*, 5 (4), 405-414.
- Himadi, B., & Curran, J.P. (1995P. The modification of auditory hallucinations. *Behavioral Interventions*, 10 (1), 33-47.
- Himadi, B., Osteen, F., Kaiser, A.J., & Daniel, K. (1991). Assessment of delusional beliefs during the modification of delusional verbalizations. *Behavioral Residential Treatment*, 6 (5), 355-366.
- Hoch, T.A., Babbitt, R.L., Farrar-Schneider, D., Berkowitz, M.J., Owens, J.C., Knight, T.L., Snyder, A.M., Rizol, L.M., & Wise, D.T. (2001). Empirical examination of a multicomponent treatment for pediatric food refusal. *Education and Treatment of Children*, 24 (2), 176-198.
- Iwata, B.A., Duncan, B.A., Zarcone, J.R., Lerman, D.C., & Shore, B.A. (1994). A sequential, test-controlled methodology for conducting functional analyses of self-injurious behavior. *Behavior Modification*, 18 (3), 289-306.
- Ludwig, T.D., & Geller, E.S. (1999). Behavioral impact of a corporate driving policy; Undesirable side effects reflect countercontrol. *Journal of Behavioral Medicine*, 19 (2), 25-34.
- Myaard, M.J., Crawford, C., Jackson, M., & Alessi, G. (2000). Applying behavior analysis within

- the wraparound process: A multiple baseline study. *Journal of Emotional and Behavioral Disorders*, 8 (4), 216-229.
- Newman, B., Needleman, M., Reinecke, D.R., & Robek, A. (2002). The effect of providing choices on skill acquisition and competing behavior of children with autism during discrete trial instruction. *Behavioral Interventions*, 17 (1), 31-41.
- Rhymer, K.N., Dittmer, K.I., Skinner, C.H., & Jackson, B. (2000). Effectiveness of a multicomponent treatment for improving mathematics fluency. *School Psychology Quarterly*, 15 (1), 40-51.
- Sindelar, P.T., Rosenberg, M.S., & Wilson, R.J. (1985). An adapted alternating treatments design for instructional research. *Education and Treatment of Children*, 8 (1), 67-76.
- Skinner, C.H., Skinner, A.L., & Armstrong, K.J. (2000). Analysis of a client-staff developed program designed to enhance reading persistence in an adult diagnosed with schizophrenia. *Psychiatric Rehabilitation Journal*, 24 (1), 52-57.
- Thiele, T., Blew, P., & Luiselli, J.K. (2001). Antecedent control of sleep-awakening disruption. Research in Developmental Disabilities, 22 (5), 399-406.
- Ward, P., Smith, S., & Sharpe, T. (1997). The effects of accountability on task accomplishment in collegiate football. *Journal of Teaching Physical Education*, 17 (1), 40-51.
- Watson, J.E., Singh, N.N., & Winton, A.S. (1985). Comparing interventions using the alternating treatments design. *Behaviour Change*, 2 (1), 13-20.
- Wolfe, D.A., & Sandler, J. (1981). Training abusive parents in effective child management. *Behavior Modification*, 5 (3), 320-335.
- Woods, D.W., & Twohig, M.P. (2002). Using habit reversal to treat chronic vocal tic disorder in children. *Behavioral Interventions*, 17 (3), 159-168.

ADDITIONAL TEXT MATERIAL

You will need a copy of the Behavior Analyst Certification Board's *Task List* and *Guidelines for Responsible Conduct*. Download both from the Board's website at www.bacb.com.

COURSE REQUIREMENTS, PERFORMANCE-BASED ASSESSMENT, AND EVALUATION CRITERIA

Requirements and Performance-Based Assessment

Blackboard Discussion Board Items. For weeks indicated below, in conjunction with your readings from *Controversial therapies for developmental disabilities*, respond to the week's two Discussion Board items. To respond, first do the assigned reading. Next, go to the week's Discussion Board items on Blackboard. Read your instructor's question and your classmates' responses. Respond directly to the your instructor's question, or to content posted by your classmates. Posts must be made prior to the start time for the assigned class session. You will earn 2 points for each post made on time. Late posts will earn 1 point.

Class Discussion. You are expected to participate in each class discussion. If you have questions, ask them. If you have a response to another student's question, offer it. If

you have a comment, make it. You will only learn by behaving, and the more you do in class, the more opportunities you'll have for your behavior to be shaped.

Problem Sets. You will complete these per instructions contained on each problem set, and submit them at the beginning of the sessions for which they are indicated as due in the schedule below. A total of 10 points is possible for each correctly completed Problem Set submitted on time; up to 8 points for those submitted late. Incorrect responses may be corrected and resubmitted once, for up to ½ credit for each corrected response. Corrected problem sets will be accepted up to the time of the final examination; none will be accepted afterward.

SAFMEDS Demonstrations. At the beginning of each class session, you will privately demonstrate fluency with the SAFMEDS terms assigned for that week by responding correctly to each card within the specified time limit. Ten points are earned for responding correctly to all cards within the specified time limit; eight points for responding correctly to each card in more than the specified amount of time.

Research Worksheets. The Research Worksheet outline will be available on Blackboard, in Course Documents. You will complete five research worksheets for articles listed in the reading list. Research worksheets are due no later than at the beginning of the course sessions indicated below. Worksheets turned in on time or early can earn a total of 10 possible points each; those turned in late can earn up to 8 points each.

Final Examination. This test will consist of 50 items, and will be given as a pretest on the first night of class, and as a final exam on the last night of class. Credit toward your final score will only be given for your performance on this test on the last night of class. After scoring the pretest, your instructor will provide you with a breakdown of your scores per content area addressed by the test.

Grading Scale

	Possible		Total Possible Points
<u>Assignment Type</u>	Points Each	Number	for Assignment Type
Discussion Board Items	2 / Item	16 Items	32 points
Problem Sets	10 / set	7 sets	70 points
Research Worksheets	10 / workshee	et 5 worksheets	50 points
SAFMEDS Demonstrations	10 / session	7 sessions	70 points
Final Exam	50 points	1 exam	50 points
			272 points

A = 245 - 272 points B = 218 - 244 points C = 191 - 217 points F < 191 points

Schedule

In the table below, <u>ABA</u> refers to the Cooper, Heron, and Heward text (*Applied Behavior Analysis*), <u>Ethics</u> to the <u>Ethics for Behavior Analysts</u> text, and <u>CT</u> refers to the <u>Controversial Therapies</u> text.

Date	Topic / Objectives	Assignments Due / Activities
1.5.10	Review Syllabus	
Week 1	Pretest	

Date	Topic / Objectives	Assignments Due / Activities
1.12.10	- Introduction to Single-subject design;	Read <u>CI</u> Ch 1, 2, and 3;
Week 2	- Measurement - Why bother? Direct	Read Ethics Preface & Ch 1-3; pp38-39, 65-67,
WCCK 2	Measures of Behavior: count, cumulative	81-82, 85-87, 90-100.
	count, duration, rate, latency,	Read <u>ABA</u> Ch 1, pp. 65 – 69, 73-80, 83-90
		Read <u>ABA</u> CITT, pp. 03 – 09, 73-00, 63-90
	interresponse time, extensity, intensity	
	- Measurement – Indirect Measures of	
	Behavior: accuracy, intensity, trials to	
	criterion, percentage, percentage	
	occurrence, percentage intervals	
	occurrence, permanent products, and	
	other estimates; Selecting appropriate	
	measures; General data collection issues	
1.19.10	Data Management: Graphic data display	Problem Set 1 due
Week 3	and graph preparation; maintaining data	Read <u>CT</u> Ch 4, 5, and 6; Respond to Discussion
	tables; data summary; equal interval	Board Items 1 and 2 on Blackboard
	graphs; cumulative count graphs;	Read ABA Ch 6
	standard celeration charts	Do SAFMEDS list 1 – 25 correct in 1 minute
1.26.10	General Issues in Measurement	Problem Set 2 Due
Week 4		Read <u>CI</u> Ch 7, 8, and 9; Respond to Discussion
		Board Items 3 and 4 on Blackboard
		Read Ethics pp. 60-64, 68-69
		Read ABA Ch 7
2.2.10	Withdrawal Designs (AD ADA ADAD DAD	Do SAFMEDS list 2 – 25 correct in 1 minute Problem Set 3 Due
	Withdrawal Designs (AB, ABA, ABAB, BAB,	
Week 5	etc.); Component Analysis; Parametric	Read <u>CI</u> Ch 10, 11, and 12; Respond to
	Analysis; Alternating Treatments Designs	Discussion Board items 5 and 6 on Blackboard
		Read <u>ABA</u> pp. 177 - 194; Watson et al. (1985),
		Sindelar et al. (1985), & McGonigle et al. (1987)
		Do SAFMEDS list 3 – 25 correct in 1 minute
2.9.10	Multiple Baseline Designs; General Issues in	Problem Set 4 Due
Week 6	Measurement and Experimental Design	Read <u>CT</u> Ch 13, 14, and 15; Respond to
		Discussion Board Items 7 and 8 on Blackboard;
		Read <u>ABA</u> Ch 5, 9, and 10
		Do SAFMEDS list 4-25 correct in 1 minute
2.16.10	Incorporating experimental design into	Problem Set 5 Due
Week 7	clinical, educational, business, or other	Read <u>CT</u> Ch 16, 17, 18, and 19; Respond to
	work	Discussion Board 9 and 10 on Blackboard
	Make Your Own Experiment Week!	Do SAFMEDS list 5 – 25 correct in 1 minute
2.23.10	Reading Experimental / Applied	Problem Set 6 Due
Week 8	Experimental Work and Developing a	Read CI Ch 20, 21, and 22; Respond to
	research project	Discussion Board Items 11 and 12 on
	P - J - 2 -	Blackboard
		Prepare and submit five research worksheets;
		present one research worksheet to class
		Do SAFMEDS list 6 – 25 correct in 1 minute
3.2.10	Moasuring psychiatric symptoms and	Problem Set 7 Due
	Measuring psychiatric symptoms and medication effects	
Week 9		Read <u>CI</u> Ch 23, 24, and 25; Respond to
	Review course objectives	Discussion Board Items 13 and 14 on
		Blackboard
		Read Ethics Chapters 10 & 12
		Do SAFMEDS list 7 – 25 correct in 1 minute

Date	Topic / Objectives	Assignments Due / Activities
3.9.10	Final Exam	EXTRA CREDIT! Read <u>CT</u> Chapters 26, 27, and
Week 10		28; Respond to Discussion Board Items 15 and
		16 on Blackboard

Contacting Your Instructor

You may contact Ms. Hoffman by phone at 240-603-5801 prior to 9 PM. You may also e-mail at mdougher@gmu.edu.

COLLEGE OF EDUCATION AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT STATEMENT OF EXPECTATIONS

All students will activate their George Mason University e-mail accounts. All e-mail communication pertaining to this course will be via GMU e-mail.

All students will receive feedback on their final exam performance by e-mail within three days, along with a Signature Assignment document. Students will then submit the Signature Assignment document sent to them by e-mail to Taskstream on receipt of the document. No student's final grade will be submitted until the Signature Assignment document has been received by Taskstream and your instructor has received e-mail notification of this from Taskstream. Failure to submit this document to Taskstream will result in a failing grade for this course.

Students are expected to exhibit professional behavior and dispositions. See gse.gmu.edu for a listing of these dispositions.

Students must follow the guidelines of the University Honor Code. See http://www.gmu.edu/catalog/apolicies/#TOC_H12 for the full honor code.

Students must agree to abide by the university policy for Responsible Use of Computing. See http://mail.gmu.edu and click on Responsible Use of Computing at the bottom of the screen.

Students with disabilities who seek accommodations in a course must be registered with the GMU Disability Resource Center (DRC) and inform the instructor, in writing, at the beginning of the semester. See www.gmu.edu/student/drc or call 703.993.2474 to access the DRC.

Students will refrain from consuming intoxicating substances in any quantity on the day of class, prior to or during class. Any student suspected of having consumed intoxicants will be asked to leave class. The student will be asked to arrange for transportation away from lyymount that does not involve the student operating a motor vehicle. Participation in this course indicates that the student understands and agrees to refrain from consuming intoxicants in any quantity on class days prior to or during class, to leave class at the request of the instructor if the instructor has reason to believe the student has consumed intoxicants, and to arrange for transportation away from lyymount that does not involve the student operating a motor vehicle.