

GEORGE MASON UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF EDUCATION AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT Multilingual/Multicultural Education

EDCI 684 – Section 001

ADVANCED METHODS OF TEACHING FOREIGN/WORLD LANGUAGES SPRING 2014

TUESDAYS: 7:10-10:00 PM THOMPSON HALL 1020

INSTRUCTOR INFORMATION

PROFESSOR:

DR. Magda A. Cabrero Office Hours: **By Appt**

E-MAIL: mcabrero@gmu.edu

COURSE DESCRIPTION FROM GMU CATALOGUE:

Blends theoretical knowledge and practical application. Provides advanced study of second language pedagogy and teaching trends. Topics include multiple learning styles, alternative forms of assessment, and teaching diverse populations.

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

Provides advanced study of foreign/second language pedagogy and current practices to give pre- and in-service teachers the tools needed to facilitate contextualized and content-based language learning. These tools include standards-based teaching, learning, and assessment; current topics in today's schools; addressing the needs of diverse learners; integration of technology for enhanced language teaching and learning; and textbook analysis and evaluation. Blending theoretical knowledge and practical application in an interactive format, this course provides advanced study that incorporates field experience, self-monitoring, and critical reflection to assist the course participants in integrating and implementing content into their own teaching in order to improve instruction and consider its impact on language learners.

- **A. Prerequisites:** Students must have taken EDCI 516 and EDCI 560 or have permission from instructor.
- **B. Catalog course description:** Course provides advanced study of foreign/world language pedagogy and current practices.

NATURE OF COURSE DELIVERY:

Highly interactive by design, EDCI 684 is predicated upon expanding the practitioner's professional development through **reflective practice**, **professional development portfolio creation**, **learning by doing and speaking in the target language**, and **discovery learning**. Course delivery is accomplished in a combination of ways in order to meet the needs of all learners and learning styles through a variety of in-class, on-line, cooperative, and individualized instructional strategies. Instruction includes:

- *Presentations* (i.e., student and professor demonstrations and *lecturettes* assisted by Power Point and other visuals)
- *Discussions* (i.e., active involvement of students in learning by asking questions that provoke critical thinking and verbal interaction)
- *Cooperative and Collaborative learning* (i.e., small group guided learning interactions emphasizing learning from and with others)
- Videos and other audio-based learning resources
- School site-based work with language learners

EDCI 684 employs a dialogic approach to learning, thus requiring the active participation of *all* students during each class meeting. Because the course is structured around discussion, hands-on learning activities, teaching modules, and cooperative learning, it is *critical* that students be on time and attend all classes, actively participate in class, keep up with the readings, and engage in active learning at all levels. Students should be prepared to discuss the content readings in class and/or on the class Blackboard site in relation to teaching culturally and linguistically diverse foreign language students in grades K-12.

Assessment is based on performance-based projects, and an individual's target language specialization area is taken into consideration for all submissions. Individualized options will be taken into consideration for some components of the mid-term and final projects, if required. Students are encouraged to select a project that has particular relevance to their own respective teaching circumstance (current or future) and language of instruction. Evaluation rubrics accompany assignments to guide student learning.

LEARNER OUTCOMES:

This course is designed to enable students to:

- 1. Demonstrate proficiently in the target language the use of the 3 communicative modes in the teaching setting to facilitate instruction that is aligned with Standards (ACTFL NCATE Standards 1a, 4a, 4b)
- 2. Present required sections of the Foreign Language Professional Development Portfolio which includes identified program performance-based projects and critical reflections (ACTFL NCATE Standard 6a)
- 3. Engage critically in the analysis of field-experience while examining student development and learner differences (ACTFL NCATE Standards3a, 3b)
- 4. Plan and implement content-based or thematic standards-based classroom instruction that a) focuses on language learning, b) addresses the needs of diverse

- learners, and/or integrates technology, and c) and includes a critical reflection of the lesson's impact on student learning (ACTFL NCATE Standards 2c, 3b, 4a, 4b, 4c, 5b, 5c)
- 5. Critically evaluate and analyze foreign language textbooks, relating them to Standards and culture (ACTFL NCATE Standards 4a, 6a)
- 6. Articulate his/her philosophy of education for world language teaching and learning that includes a plan for ongoing professional development (ACTFL NCATE Standards 6a, 6b)

PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS:

The following standards aim to provide consistency in teacher education programs across the United States in terms of what foreign/world language teachers need to know and be able to do – that is, the knowledge, skills, and dispositions that are essential for the effective teaching of culturally and linguistically diverse students.

The EDCI 684 relationship to National and State Standards include:

The ACTFL Standards for Pre-K-12 Students
The ACTFL NCATE Standards for Teacher Education
Interstate New Teacher Assessment and Support Consortium (INTASC) Standards
National Board for Professional Teaching Standards (NBPTS)
Virginia Standards of Learning (SOLs)

Licensure courses are aligned specifically with the national standards of the American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages (ACTFL). This course also follows the INTASC guidelines (Interstate New Teacher Assessment and Support Consortium) that identify those principles that should be present for new teachers in all teaching environments, regardless of the subject or grade level.

The ACTFL NCATE Standards for the Preparation of K-12 Foreign Language Teachers articulate what foreign language teachers need to know and be able to do in order to be successful teachers of foreign languages. They were approved in 2002. We also align with the Interstate New Teacher Assessment and Support Consortium (INTASC) Standards for licensure candidates, as well as the Propositions of the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards (NBPTS) for practicing teachers.

These three sets of national professional standards serve as a framework for systematic teacher preparation and professional development programs in our program. Evidence of the degree to which the standards have been met is compiled in a program participant's **Professional Development Portfolio** (refer to the program's PDP Guidelines) throughout the licensure component of the program and presented to faculty at the conclusion of the licensure internship. Information about these standards may be found at: http://www.ncate.org/LinkClick.aspx?fileticket=k7MQMkpE2cs%3D&tabid=695

REQUIRED TEXTS:

Must be purchased by 2nd class meeting.

- 1. Hall Haley, M. & Austin, T. Y. (2004) (2nd Edition). *Content-based second language teaching and learning*. Boston: Pearson.
- 2. Sandrock, P. (2010). The keys to assessing language performance. ACTFL.
- 3. Mandel, S. (2009). The new teacher toolbox. Thousand Oaks: Corwin
- 4. Glanz, J. (2009). Teaching 101: Classroom strategies for the beginning teacher. Thousand Oaks: Corwin.
- 5. Blaz, D. (2002). *Bringing the standards for foreign language learning to life*. Larchmont: Eye on Education.

Optional Resources (Library Loan)

The following resources will be loaned to graduate students in EDCI 684 as needed throughout the semester. **Do not use highlighters or make any other markings** in resources that are loaned to you from the CRIN-FLL program.

- 1. National Standards in Foreign Language Education Project (NSFLEP). (1999). *Standards for Foreign Language Learning in the 21st Century*. Lawrence, KS: Allen Press.
- 2. Blaz, D. (2001). A collection of performance tasks and rubrics: Foreign languages. Larchmont, NY: Eye on Education.
- 3. Blaz. D. (2006). *Differentiated instruction: A guide for foreign language teachers*. Larchmont, NY: Eye on Education.
- 4. Patrick, P. (2007). The keys to the classroom: A basic manual to help new language teachers find their way. Alexandria, VA: ACTFL
- 5. Russell, P. (Ed.). (2009). Early Language Learners. [Special Issue]. Learning Languages, 14(2).
- 6. ACTFL Integrated Performance Assessments Manual (Dr. Cabrero has a copy)
- 7. ACTFL Performance Guidelines for K-12 Learners (http://www.actfl.org/publications/guidelines-and-manuals/actfl-proficiency-guidelines-2012) (Dr. Haley has a hard copy)

EDCI 684 Course	ACTFL/NCATE	INTASC Principles
Student Learning	Standards	
Outcomes (stated in	Domain	
Section B above)		
1	1a, 4a, 4b	P1, P4
2.	6a	P9, P10
3.	3a 3b	P2 P3
4.	2c 3b 4a 4b 4c 5b 5c	P2, P3, P4, P6, P7, P8
5.	4a 6a	P9
6.	6a 6b	P9, P10

Required GMU Email and Online Access to BlackBoard: http://courses.gmu.edu

Recommended Texts:

- 1. Erben, T. & Sarieva, I. (Eds.). (2008). *Calling all foreign language teachers: Computer-assisted language learning in the classroom.* Larchmont, NY: Eye on Education.
- 2. *Teaching and Learning Through MI* (2nd edition) by Linda Campbell, Bruce Campbell, and Dee Dickinson (1996)
- 3. Worksheets Don't Grow Dendrites Instructional Strategies that Engage the Brain by Marcia L. Tate (2003)
- 4. Kagan Cooperative Learning by Spencer Kagan (2009)
- 5. Big Book of Books and Activities by Dinah Zike. (1992)
- 6. *Teacher to Teacher: Model Lessons for K-8 Foreign Language*. Edited by Mary Lynn Redmond (1999

Other Recommended Resources:

- 1. Speaking in Tongues-DVD
- 2. Merlot website: http://www.merlot.org/merlot/index.htm
- 3. Startalk Teacher Development website: http://startalk.umd.edu/teacher-development
- 4. NOVA StarTalk: Technology-Enhanced Language Instruction website: http://novastartalk.nvcc.edu/
- 5. Teaching Foreign Languages (TFL) Library www.learner.org
- 6. Deborah Espitia and Leslie Grahn: Wiki for Differentiating Instruction: http://daretodifferentiate.wikispaces.com/
- 7. Useful Foreign/Second Language Websites:
- (1) American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages (ACTFL) www.actfl.org
- (2) Northeast Conference on the Teaching of Foreign Languages (NECTFL) www.nectfl.org
- (3) National Capital Language Resource Center (NCLRC) http://www.nclrc.org
- (4) Fairfax County Public Schools (Foreign Languages) http://www.fcps.edu/is/worldlanguages/overview.shtml
- (5) WGBH Teaching Foreign Languages Library: www.learner.org
- (6) Foreign Language Association of Virginia (FLAVA) http://flavaweb.org/
- (7) Greater Washington Association Teachers of Foreign Languages (GWATFL) http://www.gwatfldc.org/
- (8) National Standards: 5 Cs: http://www.actfl.org/i4a/pages/index.cfm?pageid=3324
- (9) Dr. Haley's course exemplars' site:
- http://cehd.gmu.edu/people/faculty/mhaley/exemplars
- (10) Dr. Haley's research website: http://gse.gmu.edu/research/mirs

Recommended

CD Rom: 50 Years of Northeast Conference Report

Useful Foreign/Second Language Websites

- 1. Teaching Foreign Languages (TFL) Library Web: www.learner.org
- 2. American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages (ACTFL) www.actfl.org
- 3. Northeast Conference on the Teaching of Foreign Languages (NECTFL) www.nectfl.org
- 4. Foreign Language Association of Virginia (FLAVA)

http://www.userhome.com/flava

5. National Capital Language Resource Center (NCLRC)

http://www.nclrc.org/

6. Fairfax County Public Schools (Foreign Languages) http://www.fcps.edu/is/worldlanguages/overview.shtml

TASK STREAM REQUIREMENTS:

Every student registered for any Multilingual/Multicultural Education (MME) course with a required performance-based assessment (will be designated as such in the syllabus) is required to submit these assessments, (Impact on Student Learning Assessment and Philosophy) to TaskStream (regardless of whether a course is an elective, a onetime course or part of an undergraduate minor.) Evaluation of your performance-based assessments will also be provided using TaskStream. Failure to submit the assessment to TaskStream will result in the course instructor reporting the course grade as Incomplete (IN). Unless this grade is changed upon completion of the required TaskStream submission, the IN will convert to an F nine weeks into the following semester.

Students will be expected to...

- 1. Attend all class sessions, *arriving on time*, and actively participate during large and small group discussions and activities. Three or more absences and/or tardies will result in one letter grade reduction. You are to refrain from checking email and/or texting during class.
- 2. Complete all assignments on time.
- 3. Purchase and maintain a three-ring binder which will be used for all course materials and should be brought to class every day.

GSE Syllabus Statements of Expectations

The Graduate School of Education (GSE) expects that all students abide by the following:

Students are expected to exhibit professional behavior and dispositions. See gse.gmu.edu for a listing of these dispositions.

Students must follow the guidelines of the University Honor Code. See http://oai.gmu.edu/understanding-the-honor-code for the full honor code.

Students must agree to abide by the university policy for Responsible Use of Computing. See http://universitypolicy.gmu.edu/policies/responsible-use-of-computing/.

Students with disabilities who seek accommodations in a course must be registered with the GMU Disability Resource Center (DRC) and inform the instructor, in writing, at the beginning of the semester. See www.gmu.edu/student/drc or call 703-993-2474 to access the DRC.

GSE Syllabus Statement of Expectations/Behaviors/Attitudes:

The Graduate School of Education (GSE) expects that *all students* abide by the following:

Students are expected to exhibit professional *behavior and dispositions*. See gse.gmu.edu for a listing of these dispositions.

Students must follow the guidelines of the University *Honor Code*. See http://oai.gmu.edu/understanding-the-honor-code for the full honor code.

Students must agree to abide by the university policy for *Responsible Use of Computing*. See http://universitypolicy.gmu.edu/policies/responsible-use-of-computing/

Students with *disabilities who seek accommodations* in a course must be registered with the GMU Disability Resource Center (DRC) and inform the instructor, in writing, before the third class session. See www.gmu.edu/student/drc or call 703-993-2474 to access the DRC.

Inclement Weather/Emergency Policy

In case of snow, hurricanes, other bad weather, or security emergencies, call 993-1000 or go to www.gmu.edu for information on class cancellations and university closings.

Dr. Cabrero will notify you no later than 3:00 PM via BlackBoard if class is cancelled due to weather.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

- Please turn off cell phones and/or pagers while in the classroom.
- Please activate your GMU account. All correspondence will be through your account.
- All notices regarding whether class will be cancelled or delayed will be posted via appropriate university sources.
- Any exceptions to the following guidelines for attendance, tardiness, and late assignments will only be made with pre-approval by the professor.

Attendance: Missed Classes

Due to the collaborative nature of the class sessions, the reflective nature of the course assignments, and the interrelated and cumulative sequence of activities, students are required to be present at each class. Each absence will result in a grade reduction. For example, one absence will lower a grade from an "A" to an "A-". The second absence will lower the grade from an "A" to a "B+". The third absence will lower the grade from a "B+" to a "C". More than three missed classes will result in a failing grade for the course.

Tardiness:

Students are expected to arrive on time. After two late arrivals (10 minutes) to class, each subsequent late arrival will result in a grade reduction. For instance, a third late arrival will lower the grade from an "A" to an "A-". The fourth will lower the grade from an "A-" to a "B+"; and so forth.

Late Assignments:

If class must be missed, prior to the absence the student must contact the professor and submit any work that is due during your absence at the next class meeting. In case of an emergency, the professor must receive notice as soon as possible. All assignments are due on the assigned date. Late assignments will receive a 20% penalty for each missed deadline.

Collaboration:

Collaboration is a cornerstone for this course. Many of the class sessions utilize a workshop format. In advance you must locate materials, complete readings, and be prepared to discuss and share instructional resources in class. Careful record is maintained by the instructor of your attendance and participation in collaborative activities. Students are expected to participate in a lively, professional, punctual, and equitable manner in all collaborative work.

Relationship to Program Goals and Professional Organizations

The EDCI 684 relationship to the GMU CEHD Core Values: EDCI 684 reflects and embraces the mission and core beliefs of the College of Education and Human Development at George Mason University: *Collaboration, Research-Based Practice, Ethical Leadership, Social Justice, and Innovation.* Through my commitment to prepare teachers who are knowledgeable, ethical professionals who know and can teach their content, work effectively with diverse learners, understand and implement research-based practice, and collaborate with colleagues, this course activates and embraces these Core Values of the CEHD.

The EDCI 684 also follows the guidelines and recommendations made by the following Professional Organizations:

The American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages	ACTFL
The National Association for Bilingual Education	NABE
The National Association for Multicultural Education	NAME
Interstate New Teacher Assessment and Support Consortium	INTASC
National Board for Professional Teaching Standards	NBPTS
National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education	NCATE

ACTFL, NABE, and NAME, are among the largest professional organizations that specialize in research on working with culturally and linguistically diverse populations and foreign/second language learning and acquisition. They embrace and celebrate cultural and ethnic diversity as a national strength that enriches society and rejects the view that diversity threatens the fabric of society. ACTFL has the more specialized mission of developing the expertise of their members and other educators involved in teaching world languages. This mission encourages the fostering of an effective learning environment, accomplishing the goal of effective communication in diverse settings, and respecting an individual's rights and needs.

	ACTFL NCA	TE STANDARDS FOR	
	P-12 FOREIGN LANGUAGE		
Domains		Standards	Standards with which EDCI 684 is aligned
One	Language, Linguistics, Comparisons	1a. Proficiency in the TL	1a
		1b. Linguistic elements of TL	
		1c. Comparisons	
Two	Cultures, Literatures, Cross-disciplinary texts	2a. Cultural understanding	2a
	, and the same of	2b. Nature and role of literary and cultural texts	
		2c. Integration	2c
Three	Language Acquisition Theories & Instructional	3a. Understands and uses LA theory to inform	3a
	Practices	instruction and create meaningful TL interaction	
		3b Develops instructional practices that meet needs of diverse learners	3b
Four	Integrate Standards into Curriculum & Instruction	4a. Understands Standards	4a
		4b. Integrates Standards	4b
		4c. Uses Standards to design & evaluate learning	4c
Five	Assessment of Language & Culture	5a. Demonstrates understanding of multiple ways of assessment	
		5b. Reflects on results	5b
		5c. Reports results	5c
Six	Professionalism	6a. Professional development	6a
		6b. FL advocates	6b

INTASC STANDARDS FOR WORLD LANGUAGES

- **Standard 1:** Language teachers are proficient in the language they teach. They understand language as a system, how students learn a language, and how language and culture are linked. They are knowledgeable about the cultures of the people who speak the language. Using this knowledge, they create learning experiences that help students develop language proficiency and build cultural understanding.
- **Standard 2:** Language teachers understand how students learn and develop and can relate this to their development of language proficiency and cultural understanding. They provide learning experiences that are appropriate to and support learners' development.
- **Standard 3:** Language teachers understand how learners differ in their knowledge, experiences, abilities, needs, and approaches to language learning, and create instructional opportunities and environments that are appropriate for the learner and that reflect learner diversity.
- **Standard 4:** Language teachers understand and use a variety of instructional strategies to help learners develop language proficiency, build cultural understanding, and foster critical thinking skills.
- **Standard 5:** Language teachers create an interactive, engaging, and supportive learning environment that encourages student self-motivation and promotes their language learning and cultural understanding.
- **Standard 6**: Language teachers use effective verbal and non-verbal communication, and multimedia resources, to foster language development and cultural understanding.
- **Standard 7:** Language teachers plan instruction based on their knowledge of the target language and cultures, learners, standards-based curriculum, and the learning context.
- **Standard 8:** Language teachers understand and use a variety of assessment strategies to monitor student learning, to inform language and culture instruction, and to report student progress.
- **Standard 9:** Language teachers are reflective practitioners who continually evaluate the effects of their choices and actions on others and who actively seek out opportunities to grow professionally.
- Standard 10: Language teachers foster relationships with school colleagues, families, and agencies in the larger community to support students' learning and wellbeing

GMU POLICIES AND RESOURCES FOR STUDENTS

- a. Students must adhere to the guidelines of the George Mason University Honor Code http://oai.gmu.edu/honor-code/
- b. Students must follow the university policy for Responsible Use of Computing. See http://universitypolicy.gmu.edu/1301gen.html
- c. Students are responsible for the content of university communications sent to their George Mason University email account and are required to activate their account and check it regularly. All communication from the university, college, school, and program will be sent to students solely through their Mason email account.
- d. The George Mason University Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS) staff consists of professional counseling and clinical psychologists, social workers, and counselors who offer a wide range of services (e.g., individual and group counseling, workshops and outreach programs) to enhance students' personal experience and academic performance [See http://caps.gmu.edu/].
- e. Students with disabilities who seek accommodations in a course must be registered with the George Mason University Office of Disability Services (ODS) and inform their instructor, in writing, at the beginning of the semester [See http://ods.gmu.edu/].
- f. Students must follow the university policy stating that all sound emitting devices shall be turned off during class unless otherwise authorized by the instructor.
- g. The George Mason University Writing Center staff provides a variety of resources and services (e.g., tutoring, workshops, writing guides, handbooks) intended to support students as they work to construct and share knowledge through writing [See http://writingcenter.gmu.edu/].

PROFESSIONAL DISPOSITIONS

Students are expected to exhibit professional behaviors and dispositions at all times.

CORE VALUES COMMITMENT

The College of Education and Human Development is committed to collaboration, ethical leadership, innovation, research-based practice, and social justice. Students are expected to adhere to these principles. http://cehd.gmu.edu/values/

For additional information on the College of Education and Human Development, Graduate School of Education, please visit our website [See http://gse.gmu.edu/].

COURSE REQUIREMENTS

Class Assignments for EDCI 684.001			
Project	Goal	Percentage of Grade	Due Date
In-class Participation, Group Work, and Readings	Students are expected to actively participate in every class session. Students are expected to attend all classes, arriving on time , and must inform instructor of the need for an absence from class. ACTFL NCATE Standards: 3a, 4a, 6a	20 points	Each class meeting during the semester
Teaching Simulations With Reflection (Theory and Research to Practice)	Candidates will teach a mini lesson to colleagues in the 684 class clearly aligned with the Standards and designed to promote active student learning. It will use the lesson plan template provided as an overall planning tool, and <i>may</i> serve as a dry run of, and/or be a component of, the impact project's (see below) lesson.	15 points	Throughout the semester, as signed up
Mid-Term Projects Philosophy of Education Statement & Professional Development Portfolio With Three Reflections (Theory, Research, and Professionalism to Practice)	knowledge about SLA theory and research, language learning, and learners, candidates write a Philosophy of Education statement, or update the one written previously in EDCI 516, that includes knowledge gained from coursework and learning experiences. To be included in the professional section of your Portfolio, this statement should encompass your beliefs about the role of culture in FL, instructional practices, and your plan for ongoing professional development. Written in the target language for evaluation of written performance.	30 points	Philosophy Statement March 4 & Portfolio With 3 Reflections March 18

GRADING

The University-wide system for grading graduate courses is as follows:

Grade	Standards	Grading	Grade Points	Graduate Courses
A+	Substantially Exceeds Standard	98 - 100	4.00	Satisfactory / Passing
А	Meets Standard	93 – 97.9	4.00	Satisfactory / Passing
A-	Meets Standard	90 – 92.9	3.67	Satisfactory / Passing
B+	Approaches Standard	88 – 89.9	3.33	Satisfactory / Passing
В	Approaches Standard	83 – 87.9	3.00	Satisfactory / Passing
B-	Approaches Standard	80 – 82.9	2.67	Satisfactory* / Passing
С	Attempts Standard	70 – 79.9	2.00	Unsatisfactory / Passing
F	Does not Meet Standard	Below 70%	0.00	Unsatisfactory / Failing

 Note: Mason students are advised that, although a B- is a satisfactory grade for a course, students must maintain a 3.0 average in their degree program and present a 3.0 GPA on the courses listed on the graduation application. Students' performance will be evaluated using letter grades.

PROPOSED CLASS SCHEDULE

EDCI 684 – Advanced Methods of Teaching Foreign/World Languages

21 Jan: Week # 1 -- Orientation. Review Course Outline. Discuss Portfolios, Philosophy of Education, and Impact on Student Learning Assessment Project requirements. Bios collected. Readings' partners selected. *Professionalism* (ACTFL/NCATE Standard 6): Professional organizations, journals, and conferences. Professional development portfolio discussed.

Assignments for next class:

- (1) Read http://www.cal.org/resources/digest/peyton02.html
- (2) Go to: http://www.actfl.org/i4a/pages/index.cfm?pageid=5226
- **(3)** Go online and find the two regional foreign language professional organizations to which Virginia belongs. Read about their annual conferences and what they offer in the way of professional development.
- **(4)** Go online and read more about membership in the National organization, ACTFL.
- (5) Search online for information about FLAVA and GWATFL.
- **(6)** What are the names of the language specific organizations which will be of particular interest to you?
- (7) Identify the names of at least three professional foreign language journals.
- (8) Read Sandrock, Chapters 1, 2, 3
- 28 Jan: Week # 2 -- ASSESSMENT: A Closer Examination in Foreign/World Language Teaching and Learning.

Examining online resources available to the profession. ACTFL OPI and WPT. Annenberg Teaching Foreign Languages Library. MERLOT. Startalk teacher video series. NOVA Startalk resources.

Discuss this week's assignments on "Professionalism."

Assignments for next class:

- (1) Read Haley/Austin Chapter 4.Use the lesson plan template provided in the syllabus and create a one day lesson plan. This should <u>not</u> be a duplicate from EDCI 560! Come prepared to share your plan and discuss how and why your decisions were made in the planning process. Must be typed!
- (2) Read Glanz, Chapter 7
- (3) Read Sandrock, Chapters 4, 5, 6

Feb 4: Week # 3 – ASSESSMENT and *Planning for today's millennial language learner* (ACTFL/NCATE Standard 4 – Integration of Standards into Curriculum and Instruction and INTASC Standard 7 – Planning and INTASC Standard 3 – Diverse Learners). Planning for and an examination of program models: FLES, FLEX, Immersion, and Secondary IB. Accommodating diverse and heritage learners.

Broad review of planning for today's standards-based classroom. Differentiating instruction and how to implement in multi-level classes. Share and critique one day lesson plans.

Assignments for next class:

- (1) Reflection # 1: You may choose any <u>one</u> of the 7 reflections. See the guidelines.
- (2) ISLA Action Plan Due
- (3) Search for any world language textbooks and bring them to next class.

Feb 11: Week # 4 – *Textbook Analysis and Evaluation* (ACTFL/NCATE Standard 4 – Integration of Standards into Curriculum and Instruction). Examination of current textbooks and ancillaries including online/distance learning media. Designing rubrics to analyze and evaluate texts. Utilizing authentic texts and realia.

Reflection # 1 is due!

Assignments for next class:

- (1) Read Blaz, Chapter 7
- (2) Search online for a textbook evaluation rubric

Feb 18: Week # 5 – Visit to textbook repository in Johnson Center. Simulated textbook evaluation/analysis exercise.

Assignments for next class:

- (1) Reflection # 2:
- (2) Draft of Pre-Test and Rubric
- (3) Summary of Feedback from in-service teacher
- (4) Read Mandel, Part I

Feb 25: Week # 6 – Classroom Management and Discipline (INTASC Standard 5 – Motivation and Management). Seating, forming groups, centers, bulletin boards, students' papers, keeping track of homework, managing multi-level classrooms, daily routines, establishing routines. Reflection # 2 is due!

Assignments for next class:

- (1) Mid-term -- Philosophy paper
- (2) Revised Pre-Test and Rubric
- (3) Read Glanz, Chapter 9

March 4: Week # 7 – Technology and Social Mediated Forms of Language Learning. (INTASC Standard 7 – Planning). Smartboard, Blackboard, wikis, blogs, picasa, prezi, toondoo, jing, extranormal, wikispace, animoto, voxopop, druple, wordle, audacity, flip cameras, photostory, mimio, flickr. Technology as a tool for teaching across the curriculum.

Mid-term Philosophy paper is due!

Assignment for next class:

Mid-term - Portfolios and Three Reflections are due

March 11 - NO CLASS, SPRING BREAK.

March 18: Week # 8 -- Mid-Term Projects Presented (Portfolios and Three Reflections)

Assignment for next class:

(1) Read Glanz, Chapter 5

Mar 25: Week # 9 – Classroom Discipline: Guest presenter (master teacher). Case studies that illustrate effective discipline strategies. Curwin & Mendler book, Discipline with Dignity. Gordon's Imessages. Fred Jones – Preferred Activity Time (PAT). Kounin's Withitness.

Teaching Demonstrations # 1

Assignment for next class:

(1) Work on INSLA

April 1: Week # 10 – Assessment (ACTFL/NCATE Standard 5 – Assessment of languages and cultures). Examination of ACTFL performance guidelines. MOPI and SOPI. Integrated Performance Assessment (IPA). *Interactive Teaching Using Kagan Structures.*

Teaching Demonstrations # 2

Assignment for next class:

(1) Work on ISLA

April 8: Week # 11 – Assessment: Impact on Student Learning Project. Review the assessment instruments. *Project-Based Instruction*. Teaching Demonstrations # 3

Assignment for next class:

- (1) Article posted to BlackBoard by Dr. Cabrero
- (2) Bring draft of final ISLA report

April 15 – NO CLASS

Apr 22: Week # 12 – Teachers as Researchers and Reflective Practitioners (ACTFL/NCATE Standard 6 – Professionalism). Teacher Action Research as a useful tool in professional development. Creating communities of practice. Teaching Demonstrations # 4 (if needed)

Assignment for next class:

(1) Article posted to BlackBoard by Dr. Cabrero

Apr 29: Week # 13 -- Critical Needs Languages. Challenges and opportunities to meet the needs of teachers and students. Shifting the paradigm to learner-

centered instruction and assessment practices. Pedagogical implications for non-Roman script languages. Materials development. Heritage speakers and heritage teachers. *Brain-Compatible Games*.

May 5: Week # 14 – Final Projects (Impact on Student Learning) presented in class

GUIDELINES, PROCEDURES, AND RUBRICS

REFLECTIONS

Instructions: You are to select <u>any three</u> of the following possible topics to write a full one-page, single spaced, 12 point font reflection. Your thoughts should be grounded in current theory/research gleaned from readings throughout your foreign/world language coursework. Reference citations on a separate page are required. Use APA style format.

Possible Reflection Topics

Section I: Language, Linguistics, Comparisons – ACTFL/NCATE Standard 1 – What are your beliefs about strong language proficiency in the target language and how does your knowledge of linguistics and language comparisons inform your classroom practice?

Section II: Cultures, Literatures, and Cross-Disciplinary Concepts – ACTFL/NCATE Standard 2 – Reflect on the value and role of culture and literary and cultural texts in language instruction.

Section III: Language Acquisition Theories and Instructional Practices – ACTFL/NCATE Standards 3 and 4 – Reflect on the connection of SLA theories to classroom practice that includes the incorporation of the ACTFL Student Standards, target language input and usage, and how instructional practices meet the needs of diverse learners.

Section IV: Integration of Standards into Curriculum and Instruction – ACTFL/NCATE Standard 4 - Reflect on your understanding of the FL Standards and how the evidence in this section demonstrates your knowledge and application in multiple ways.

Section V: Assessment Practices and Impact on Student Learning – ACTFL/NCATE Standards 4 & 5 – Reflect on your beliefs about assessment and its role in instruction and learning, how assessment impacts student learning, and in what ways you believe the evidence demonstrates your knowledge in multiple ways.

Section VI: Technology - ACTFL/NCATE Standards 3 & 6 – Reflect on your beliefs about technology and language learning and its role in meeting the needs of all learners.

Section VII: Professionalism – ACTFL/NCATE Standard 6 – Reflect on your practices and beliefs about professionalism, reflection, inquiry, and school and community collaboration in the support of student learning. May include a professional development plan.

Holistic Scoring Rubric

EDCI 684 – SPRING 2014 Reflections

Name	Reflection #

Criteria	Exceeded	Met	Did not meet	Comments
Full one-page, single spaced reflection				
Thoughts are grounded in current theory/research gleaned from readings and coursework				
Reference citations are provided on separate page				
Appropriate APA style format				

PHILOSOPHY STATEMENT ACTFL/NCATE PERFORMANCE BASED ASSESSMENT REQUIREMENT MUST BE UPLOADED TO TASK STREAM

The Description of the Assessment Task

Write a three to five page Philosophy of Teaching Statement IN THE TARGET LANGUAGE describing your personal standards-based world language teaching philosophy. Reflect upon the three categories outlined below in your essay. Provide specific examples from your microteaching experiences in this course, readings and field observations to support your reflections.

Conceptualization of learning

- 1. What do you believe about language learning? Why? (ACTFL 3a)
- 2. What language acquisition theories do you consider pivotal in establishing an inclusive, comfortable and productive learning environment for all types of learners? (ACTFL 3a, 3b)
- 3. How important is teaching IN, not ABOUT, the target language in the students' learning process? (ACTFL 4a)
- 4. What is the role of assessment of all modes of communication in the foreign language classroom? (ACTFL 5a, b)

Conceptualization of teaching

- 1. What do you believe about language teaching? (ACTFL 4a)
- 2. What is the role of cultural products, practices and perspectives as a framework for language instruction? (ACTFL 4a)
- 3. What do the ACTFL Standards mean to you? How do you integrate the standards (5Cs) to promote communicative and cultural proficiency in the world language classroom? (ACTFL 4a)
- 4. What is the role of assessment of all modes of communication in the foreign language classroom? (ACTFL 5b)

Personal/Professional plan for ongoing professional growth & learning

- 1. What do you believe about growing as a professional world language educator? Or what does it mean to be a professional world language educator? (ACTFL 6b)
- 2. Teacher candidates incorporate a final revised version of the essay into your World Languages Professional Portfolio, required for licensure.

Instructions: Your philosophy paper is a continuation of where you started in EDCI 516. While that may have been general in its focus, this paper will be more specific and grounded in research-based views on teaching and learning. This will be included in your portfolio. It is a document you should re-visit and revise according to your

experiences and new funds of knowledge acquired. For EDCI 684 you must include the following areas:

- A clearly written rationale of your beliefs about teaching and learning
- Clearly described qualities, characteristics, ideal professional preparation and background experience of an effective foreign/world language teacher
- Provide a clearly articulated professional development plan
- Connect your beliefs solidly to research, theory, and current trends using references in cited format (APA style format)

SUGGESTED STEPS FOR WRITING THE PHILOSOPHY PAPER AND MAKING CONNECTIONS TO THE ANALYTIC SCORING RUBRIC

Domain 1: Language acquisition theories: Philosophy demonstrates knowledge of language acquisition theories and their connection to instructional practice. Emphasizes the use of strategies to meet the linguistic needs of learners.

Domain 2: Dispositions for creating a supportive classroom environment: Philosophy describes the teacher as facilitator of learning.

Domain 3: Adapting instruction to address students' multiple ways of learning: Advocates for multiple instructional models that accommodate different ways of learning.

Domain 4: *Dispositions for integrating standards into planning:* Articulates a rationale for using national and state standards.

Domain 5: Formative and summative assessment models: Describes formative and summative assessments that measure language proficiency.

Domain 6: *Dispositions toward global assessments:* Establishes a clear commitment to adjust instruction based on what was learned from assessments.

Domain 7: *Life-long commitment to professional growth:* Outlines a process for identifying ongoing professional development.

GUIDELINES FOR TEACHING SIMULATIONS 15 Points

Task: Each pre- and in-service teacher will do an in-class 15-minute (maximum) teaching simulation. The simulation is to be done in the target language and will align with the Standards and provide evidence of the students' understanding of teaching in the WL setting. You should prepare a brief handout that summarizes the lesson chosen. There will be a follow-up discussion during which the class will provide written and oral feedback. Creativity, visuals, and teacher-made materials are strongly encouraged. NOTE: If desired, you may work in 2 person teams, and this simulation may connect to the teacher's field-based teaching project, thus providing a "dry run" or practice teaching prior to presentation to students in the K-12 setting.

ACTFL/NCATE Standards 1a, 1b, 2c, 3a, 3b, 4a, 4b, 4c, 6b

- 1. Prepare a lesson plan (to be distributed in class) using the template provided. A Critical Reflection on the lesson is to be completed after your teaching simulation and submitted to Dr. Cabrero the following week, incorporating the feedback from your colleagues from class.
- 2. You must work <u>individually</u> for your teaching demonstration. You have **15 minutes.** *Please plan your time carefully*. The majority of your time should be spent teaching. You may take 2-3 minutes to provide background information about the theme and the class will take 5 minutes at the end of your demonstration to give you feedback and ask questions.
- 3. The demonstration/handout may include:
- Background information about the theme
- The type of class your particular demonstration is intended for, e.g., level of proficiency, grade level, type of class, etc.
- Skills you are teaching and basic objectives of the lesson
- Special teacher-made materials; props and realia are strongly encouraged
- Possible follow-up activities to the lesson you have presented
- How you might conduct assessment of the lesson you have presented, if appropriate
- Others you can think of....

3. BE CREATIVE!

- 4. Try to spend less time talking about your lesson, and more time teaching. You may decide to introduce your lesson by discussing the theme first or you may wish to immerse us in the experience and explain after the demonstration.
- 5. We will be your students. You may assign us whatever roles and ages you wish.
- 6. Prepare a handout for the class AND your lesson plan for the instructor. It can be short. It might be a summary of some points you have made or it might

be sharing something from the lesson you have developed that class members might like to use in their own teaching.

EVALUATION of your teaching demonstration will be based upon the following criteria:

- Language Proficiency
- Quality of overall lesson plan
- Simulation conducted in the target language
- Effective Use of Time
- Flexibility & Creativity
- Handout

Topics/Themes/Program Models/Methods: You must select one!

FLES classroom Computer Assisted Language Learning

FLEX classroom Special Needs Learners
Immersion Classroom Total Physical Response
AP Classroom Content-based Instruction

Mixed levels Classroom Direct Method

Differentiated Instruction Information Gap/Jigsaw/Interactive Activity

Alternative Assessment Cooperative Learning

LESSON PLAN TEMPLATE FOREIGN/WORLD LANGUAGES

Teacher	Scho	ool
Grade(s)	Language(s)	Level(s)
Date	Number of Students	Time/Period
ТНЕМЕ / ТОРІ	C OF LESSON / UNIT:	
PLANNING PH		
Performance-ba	sed Objectives—As a result of this	lesson/unit, students will be able to
1.		
2.		
3.		
Alignment with	Standards:	
National:		
_		
State:		
Local:		
Assessment of L	earning:	
Pre-teaching	0	
On-going/For	mative Assessment:	
Post-Lesson A	Assessment:	
Materials Neede	d:	
TEACHING PH	ASE	
Lesson Outline		
Theme or Topic		
Warm up Act	ivity:	
Vocabulary:		
Verb(s):		
Grammatical	structure(s):	
Cultural persp	pectives:	
Daily Lesson	Plan	
Activity 1		
Transition		
Activity 2		

Transition
Activity 3 Transition
Presentation and Practice Three Modes Employed: Interpersonal Activities: Presentational Activities:
Interpretive Activities:
Methods/Approaches/Strategies Used:
CLOSURE: Review of this lesson:
Preview for next lesson:
Expansion / Extension for learners This lesson could be expanded (in content) by:
This lesson could be extended (in scope) by:
Other Activities or Lesson Details Accommodations made for varied learning needs:
Assessment:
Technology:
Homework:
Follow-up:

LESSON / UNIT PLAN TEMPLATE FOREIGN/WORLD LANGUAGES

REFLECTION PHASE

SELF EVALUATION:

Learning Objectives and Assessments

- 1. Were the class objectives met? How or how not?
- 2. Formative assessment results:

Efforts to Accommodate:

What were the results of my efforts to accommodate:

Visual learners
Auditory learners
Kinesthetic learners
Specials needs learners
Heritage/Native speakers
Multiple Intelligences and Learning Styles

What worked well?

What didn't work well?

What will you do differently as a result of this plan?

How might this lesson be improved?

One important thing I learned was:

How did I use my pre and post teaching assessment data to inform my understanding of what the students learned? How will I use the assessment information to inform future instruction?

For the next class:

For longer reaching goals:

Created by: Dr. Marjorie Hall Haley - 2001 - George Mason University

Updates and assessment components by Dr. Rebecca Fox, Spring 2008 – GMU

Revised by: Melissa S. Ferro – Summer 2008 – GMU

Lesson Plan Template for K-5 FLES Foreign / World Language Instruction in the Elementary School

Teacher:	School:		
Grade(s):	Language:	Level: FLES	
Date:	Number of Students:	Time:	

PLANNING PHASE

- 1. Thematic Unit:
- 2. Today's Topic(s):
- 3. Link to Previous Lesson:
- 4. Performance/Task-based Objectives: As a result of this lesson, students will be able to:
 - a.
 - b.

 - c.
- 5. Standards: 5Cs

TEACHING PHASE

- 1. Preparation:
 - a. Materials Needed:
 - b. Technology:
 - c. Vocabulary:
 - d. Cultural Products, Practices, and Perspectives:
 - e. Communicative Modes:
 - Interpretive Activities:
 - Interpersonal Activities:
 - Presentational Activities:
- 2. Practice:
 - a. Warm-up Activity:
 - Transition
 - b. Activity 1
 - Transition
 - c. Activity 2
 - Transition
 - e. Closure Activity:
- 3. Evaluation:
 - **a.** Formative and Summative Assessments for lesson and unit:

REFLECTION PHASE:

- 1. Were the objectives met? If no, why not?
- 2. Did your activities appeal to the multiple intelligences?
- 3. What worked well?
- 4. What did not work so well?
- 5. What will you do differently the next time you teach this lesson?

George Mason University College of Education and Human Development

EDCI 684

Performance-Based Assessment Project for ACTFL NCATE Assessment #5
[Required for Portfolio and ACTFL NCATE Accreditation- this is to be placed in your Portfolio]

MUST BE UPLOADED TO TASK STREAM

Impact on Student Learning Assessment Project

INSTRUCTOR: Professor Magda A. Cabrero

Objective: The purpose of the Impact on Student Learning Assessment Project is to provide teacher candidates the opportunity to work with and learn from a mentor teacher in the P-12 setting (field experience). During EDCI 684, Advanced Methods of Teaching Foreign Languages, candidates will work with a mentor teacher to teach a mini lesson and consider the effects of teaching on P-12 student learning. This hands-on learning module enables them to bring theory to practice through pre-and post-teaching assessments and to reflect fully on the effects of the learning outcomes.

Instructions to Candidates

As an experiential learning field based project, and as the **ACTFL NCATE Assessment** #5, the **Impact on Student Learning Assessment Project** seeks to demonstrate a candidate's effects on P-12 student learning. Candidates will plan and carry out a teaching task from which performance data can be generated for the purposes of determining the degree to which there is improvement in student learning. They will reflect on the lesson taught and discuss its impact on the students and their own learning.

According to NCATE Guidelines, the four elements that should be included in this assessment are that the candidate:

- 1. Undertakes a diagnosis (a pre-test) on P-12 student learning in some area he or she will teach;
- 2. Plans an appropriate sequence of instruction to advance P-12 student learning, and teaches in ways that engage P-12 students who bring differing background knowledge and learning needs;
- 3. Conducts some concluding assessment (or post-test); documents the student learning that occurred, or did not, and
- 4. Reflects on changes in teaching that might have improved the results.

The work sample that you prepare for this assessment will provide evidence of your teaching and impact on student learning through 1) planning instruction; 2) using best practices that provide opportunities for pupil success; 3) using assessment to inform practice and the continuous development of students; and 4) evaluating the effects of your actions and reflecting on how you can adapt instruction based upon assessment and reflection. Placement will be made for you with a mentor teacher, or you may make your own arrangements.

Field Experience

- Arrange a meeting with your selected in-service teacher to describe the IMSLA project
- Explain that you would like, with her/his approval, to develop a pre and post-test assessment to measure students' knowledge of the foreign/world language
- Let the teacher know that the assessment will not be isolated from their content or skills they emphasize and could provide helpful information to them
- Ask the teacher for suggestions or ideas
- Insure the teacher that the assessment is standards-based and performance-based
- Inform the teacher that you will gladly share drafts of the assessment and welcome their feedback and ideas
- Develop your pre-test, before submitting your draft to me, share the draft with the classroom teacher for feedback
- After my approval, administer the pre-test

Steps Along The Way

- Conduct 3-5 observations and provide field notes for your observations
- Develop an evaluation tool, i.e., analytic rubric or checklist with rating scale
- INSLA project action plan is due to me week 4
- A draft copy of your pre-test is due week 6
- Summary of feedback from the in-service teacher due week 6
- Revised pre-test due week 7
- Administer pre-test prior to week 9
- Administer post-test no later than week 11
- Evaluate post-test
- Prepare final INSLA project written report due week 14
- Don't forget to share post-test results with classroom teacher

Required Components for the Performance Assessment

A. Title Page Title of Lesson Taught Your Name ______ Date ______ School Site ______ Grade/Level and Subject ______

B. Description of the Learning Environment

1. Describe the school and school district briefly (you might consult the school web site for this information), including demographic information available (gender, cultural, ethnic make-up, etc.)

2. Describe the classroom setting, the students in your lesson, developmental characteristics (social, physical, intellectual that you have observed), their language learning background and any other information about the class you deem important.

Please use pseudonyms for both school and students/teachers to ensure confidentiality of all parties.

C. Planning for Instruction

- 1. Write a plan for the lesson you will teach/co-teach. Follow the lesson plan or guidelines from the template provided.
- 2. Include an explanation of the critical thinking skills to be addressed.
- 3. Include the assessment instrument(s) you use, with rubrics.
- 4. Indicate provisions made for various learning styles and any special needs.
- 5. Describe the adaptations to instruction and assessment for diverse learners.

In your pre-teaching phase, think about the project areas and the classroom context as you observe your mentor teacher to prepare for this activity:

- 1. What instructional approaches work well for this age group?
- 2. In terms of classroom management, what strategies are most effective for your students?
- 3. What are some effective methods/strategies/assessments for working with students from many different countries?
- 4. What are the areas of weakness or difficulty for students at your grade level and what do you do to overcome these difficulties?
- 5. In what ways does your mentor assess student progress?
- 6. How would you describe her teaching style, and how might your planned minilesson work with the style?

D. Implementing Instruction and Assessment of Student Learning

- 1. Conduct a "pre-test" activity or survey to discover what pupils already know at the outset. Compile your data/results.
- 2. Teach the lesson to the class, or to a group of students.
- 3. Use a "post teaching evaluation" or instrument to discover what the students know at the conclusion of the lesson. Describe any modifications you used for special needs learners.
- 4. Collect the evaluation results. Compile the data/results.
- 5. Compare the results of the post-test to the results of the pre-test and describe the differences. (See E. below.)
- 6. Note: In your final submission, please include a copy of the assignment you have created (with your mentor teacher), any rubric(s) used to assess student performance, and an analysis of the data you have gathered.

- E. Reflection on Teaching Effectiveness and Plans for Revision of Instruction
 This is a key component of this project. Reflect on the effectiveness of your
 instruction and plan for modifications of future instruction to better meet pupils'
 needs. Please include the following:
 - 1. Identify what was successful and less successful about the assessments you used, and give plausible reasons for their success or lack thereof. Think: What steps might you take to remediate students who did not perform at high levels? How might this inform your practice in the future?
 - 2. Discuss *your* most significant learning insight(s) from teaching/coteaching this lesson.
 - 3. Reflect on your training thus far and identify what professional knowledge, skills, or dispositions would improve your performance in the future. <u>Discuss your strengths and your needs</u> as a teacher and <u>set some specific goals for change</u>.

This experiential learning module provides you the opportunity to connect *theory to practice* and reflect on your impact on student learning as you continue to grow and develop. As you think and write about school-based experiences, refer to the course content, readings, and discussions. Synthesize this information and apply it to the class content as well as your future (or current status) as an FL teacher.

Special Note: Please remember, you are a guest in these schools and classrooms. Appropriate attire and conduct are mandatory. Professional courtesy is always essential. If you must cancel a scheduled visit, please call right away to let the teacher know. Our school-based colleagues have willingly agreed to make themselves available to you, and I do ask you to please be helpful and lend assistance where possible.

Optional for In-Service Teachers not seeking initial licensure Guidelines for Videotaping in the Classroom IN-SERVICE TEACHERS ONLY not seeking initial licensure

The purpose of the videotape is to provide as authentic and complete a view of your teaching as possible. A videotape is an indication of how you interact with students, the climate you create in the classroom, the ways in which you engage students in learning. A picture is "worth a thousand words" in conveying to others how you practice your profession, the decisions you make, and your relationships with students.

It is normal to find the initial experience with a video camera uncomfortable. We do not see ourselves quite the way others see us, and the difference can be surprising. It takes some getting used to, and practice is the only remedy. The same can be said of students; only multiple opportunities with a video camera will enable students to behave naturally in its presence. Therefore, it is highly advisable to practice with a video camera. Place the camera and tripod where the camera will receive a good picture of the entire classroom. Tape several lessons and watch them alone. You will become accustomed to how you look and sound and you will begin to notice what the students are doing and how their learning could be improved.

Practical matters

Permission. You will need a parental permission slip for each student who might appear on your tape. You may ask your school for such a form or use the one provided. If possible, you should secure a blanket permission slip from the parents or legal guardians of all your students to cover taping as needed. Explain to the parents or legal guardians that you are using the tapes for discussions with other teachers about the best ways to teach and that the students will never be identified by their full names in the tape. Try and help them understand that the videotape is not about the student, but is intended for professional discussion. If, for some reason, a student's parents refuse to grant permission, you will have to take care that he or she is seated out of the camera's range.

Equipment - - Use the best videotaping equipment available when making your videotape. This also includes your choice of videotape. Previously used tapes from home may be worn or may contain other material and will not provide the best quality for you. Make sure that the equipment has a sensitive microphone so that all voices are easily discernible.

Your videotape should include examples of multiple methodologies

Videotape Analysis: You might include some/all of the following areas in your analysis

- 1. What connections with prior experience were visible in the video?
- 2. What kinds of activities did you use to help students discover and explore connections to other academic disciplines and to their own lives?
- 3. What were any unexpected changes that you had to make to your planned instruction during this lesson? What prompted the change(s)?

- 4. What instructional challenge(s) are presented for achieving your goals for this lesson?
- 5. How did you provide appropriate feedback to these students throughout the sequence of instruction?
- 6. What is the extent of classroom involvement (e.g., are the same students doing all the talking?)
- 7. Are the students engaged in the lesson? How can you tell? What do students' facial expressions and body language tell you about your instruction?
- 8. What kinds of questions do you ask? Can all questions be answered with a single word? How long do you wait for responses? Do you ask students to explain and/or defend a particular answer? Do you ask students to compare or evaluate alternative interpretations or strategies?
- 9. Were there any opportunities for students to ask questions? How would you categorize the students' questions (e.g., did they indicate confusion and a need for clarification or understanding and extension)?
- 10. What roles (e.g., expert, facilitator, co-learner) did you play in the videotape? Was each role appropriate for the situation?
- 11. What kinds of tasks did you ask students to do? Did you capitalize on their previous knowledge and experiences?
- 12. What instructional opportunities did you take advantage of? Why?
- 13. What evidence did you see of the students taking intellectual risks? Does the class look safe as an environment for getting something wrong? Do students talk to each other as well as to you?
- 14. Were the learning goals for the lesson achieved? Did you adjust the lesson so your goals could be achieved by every student? What are the evidences for your answers, both in the videotape and from other sources?
- 15. Explain how your design and execution of this lesson affected the achievement of your instructional goals. (Your response might include but is not limited to such things are the anticipation and handling of student misconceptions, the unexpected questions from students, the unanticipated opportunity for learning that you captured, or your planned strategy and its outcomes in the lesson.)

Reflection on the Videotape: Answer the following questions

- 1. What in the instructional sequence worked well in advancing student learning? If anything did not work as well as you expected, how would you change it? Cite specific evidence from the videotape.
- 2. What would you do differently, if you were given the opportunity to teach this particular lesson again with these students, and why?
- 3. How does this segment reflect a classroom climate that supports language learning?

Videotape: Your videotape must

- 1. Have voices that are audible
- 2. Be no longer than 20 minutes.
- 3. Be either digital or standard VHS format

Sample RELEASE FORM

College of Education and Human Development of the Graduate School of Education George Mason University Spring 2014

Permission to Use Student Materials and Image in Videotape of Teaching Practice

As a student in the Graduate School of Education at George Mason University I am requesting permission to use student materials and image in a videotape that will be used for my professional development and discussion about the best ways to teach foreign/second languages. Students will never be identified by their names in the tape. This videotape is not about the students, but is intended for professional development purposes only.

	Teacher's Signature	
Student's Name		
Parent(s) or Legal Guardian(s) Signature_		
Magda A. Cabrero, Ed.E. College of Education and Human Develop mcabrero@gmu.edu	oment	

Materials Release Form for

EDCI 684

Spring 2014 Dr. Magda A. Cabrero

In this course, I will be electronically collecting and storing work samples of your projects and/or papers as performance evidence for program accreditation, which is conducted every seven years by the National Council for the Accreditation of Teacher Education (NCATE) programs. If you agree to let me use your materials for this purpose, please sign below. Pease note that every precaution will be taken to protect your anonymity.

1. I,		, give permission for
(pl	ease print you	r name)
materials produ for the NCAT		the requirements of this course to be used as work samples ess.
2. Please replac	e my name wi	th a code on my papers and projects.
YES	NO	
Signature		Date
Tel. No		(Home or cell phone)
Email address		

STUDENT BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

Please Print <u>clearly!</u>

Name:	
E-mail address:	
Home phone:	Work phone:
Home address:	
GMU Program:	Academic Advisor
Year admitted:	Expected completion year
Currently teaching?	If yes, where, what, and for how long?
	/write
Travel experience? For how long?	Where?
Career goals:	
What you hope to gain from class:	this
Favorite leisure/pastime activities:	

<u>EDCI 684 – TEACHING SIMULATION</u> Advanced Methods of Teaching Foreign Languages in PK-12 Schools

- 4 = Outstanding, Exceeds Expectations
- 3 = Meets Standards, Very Good
- 2 = Approaches Standards, but some elements may be missing
- 1 = Poor Preparation or many requirements were not covered

Presenter:	- <u></u> -
Theme:	Date:

Language Proficiency	Overall Quality of Lesson Plan	Simulation done in target language	Effective use of time	Connected to Standards	Appropriate for age of learners	Creativity evident in planning and delivery	Multiple Modes or methods Employed	Useful Hand out

Comments/Recommendations:	 	

EDCI 684: Advanced Methods of Teaching Foreign/Second Languages in PK-12 Schools RUBRICS

			1		
Assessment	Total Points	<11 points	11-13 points	14-16 points	17-20
In-class Participation, group work, Attendance and Participation	20	-Missed 4 or more classes, often late -Seldom complete reading assignments prior to class -Rarely engage in meaningful class discussion	-Missed 3 or more classes, frequently late -Complete few reading assignments prior to class -Seldom engage in meaningful class discussion -Rarely participates actively in class activities -Seldom provides constructive feedback to peers	-Attend most classes, mostly on time -Complete most reading assignments prior to class -Frequently engage in meaningful class discussion -Often participates actively in class activities -Often provides constructive feedback to peers	-Attend all classes, arriving on time -Complete all reading assignments prior to class -Engage in meaningful class discussion -Participate actively in class activities -Provide constructive feedback to peers
		< 8	8-9 points	10-12 points	13-15 points
		-Not taught in TL	-Partially taught in TL	-Mainly taught in TL	-Taught in target language
Teaching	15	-Time not used as	-Time could be used more	-Time mainly used	-Time used effectively
Simulation		effectively as possible	effectively	effectively; could have	-Flexibility & creativity
		-Flexibility or creativity	-Flexibility &/or creativity	reflected better planning	clearly demonstrated
		not demonstrated	only partially demonstrated	-Flexibility &/or creativity	-Handout was highly
		adequately in teaching	-Handout partially useful;	partially demonstrated	useful to students and
		- Handout not included	may not support interactive	-Handout generally useful	supported interactive
		or was not useful to	learning	& provided partially	learning
		students to support	- Reflection late or may not	interactive learning	- Reflection submitted the
		learning	include critical analysis or	support	week following teaching,
		- Reflection not	ideas for update and change	- Reflection submitted, but	was critical in nature, and
		submitted or was only	in lesson based on peer	may need deeper analysis	included analysis of
		cursory; did not include	feedback	of teaching or may not	teaching and plans for
		response to peer		include ideas for change	update and change based
		feedback		based on peer feedback	on peer feedback

		< 15	15-19	20-24	25-30
		Philosophy Statement is	Philosophy Statement	Philosophy Statement	Philosophy Statement
Mid-Term	Total of 30	either not included or	included in Portfolio, but has	included in Portfolio and	included in Portfolio and
Performance	percent	- Did not meet	the following characteristics:	includes the following:	includes the following:
Assessment		requirements		- Wrote rationale	- Wrote clear rationale of
		- Did not write rationale	- Wrote rationale statement,	- Briefly explained	beliefs
		- Did not explain	but may lack some clarity	qualities, characteristics,	- Clearly explained
		qualities, characteristics,	- Limited explanation of	ideal professional	qualities, characteristics,
		ideal professional	qualities, characteristics, ideal	preparation and	ideal professional
Philosophy of	10	preparation and	professional preparation and	background experience of	preparation and
Education		background experience	background experience of an	an effective	background experience of
		of an effective	effective	foreign/second/world	an effective
		foreign/second/world	foreign/second/world	language teacher	foreign/second/world
		language teacher	language teacher	- Provides a professional	language teacher
		- Did not provide	- Provides limited mention of	development plan	- Provided a clearly
		professional development	professional development	- Connected statements	articulated professional
		plan, or	plan	briefly to research,	development plan
		- Did not connect	- Connected statements only	references may have some	- Connected statements
		statements to research or	minimally to research, did not	APA style errors	solidly to
		references not in APA	include references or several	- Target language writing	research/references in
		Style	APA errors	has minimal 2-3	APA style
		- Target language written	- Target language written	grammatical and/or	- Target language written
		expression is below	expression approaches	syntactical errors.	expression exceeds
		standard.	standard.	- Target language written	standard.
				expression meets standard.	

		Portfolio does not	Portfolio generally includes	Portfolio includes creation	Portfolio includes creation
&		include the sections as	creation of sections but may	of sections aligned with	of all sections aligned with
		indicated for alignment	not align with ACTFL	ACTFL NCATE	ACTFL NCATE Standards
Portfolio		with ACTFL NCATE	NCATE Standards	Standards	-Portfolio includes 2
Components	20	Standards	-Portfolio includes 1	-Portfolio includes 2	completed sections with
		-Portfolio includes only	completed section with	completed sections with	clearly completed
		emergent reflections, or	emergent reflections, or	emergent reflections, and	reflections and materials
		significant required	required materials may be	some required materials	that provide evidence of
		materials may be missing	missing	may be missing	that Standard

Student Name:

	ACTFL N	CATE Assessment: Reflection-	based Essay- Philosophy of Te	aching World Languages	S
	Does not Meet the Standa	Approaches Standard/Unacceptable	Meets Standard/Acceptable	Exceeds Standard/Target	Score/ Level
Language acquisition theories ACTFL 3a	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching only minimally illustrates knowledge of language acquisition theories, or do connect theory with pract shows a minimal awareness the connection between slearning and the use of instructional strategies.	language teaching illustrates ability to connect theory with practice. It shows a growing awareness of the connection between student learning and the use of instructional	understanding of language acquisition theories, including the use of target language	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching exhibits ease and flexibility in applying language acquisition theories to instructional practice. The candidate emphasizes the use of a wide variety of strategies to meet the linguistic needs of their K-12 students at various developmental levels.	/2
Dispositions for creating a supportive classroom environment ACTFL 3a	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching provide only a minimal description the role of the teacher as director of learning and do not address how the teach will help students to progetoward use of the target language.	language teaching describes traditional role of teacher as director of learning and encourages students to progrumer within the framework of	often describes the role of facilitator in classroom	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching describes the principal role of the teacher as facilitator of learning in the language classroom. Candidate values opportunities to learn with his/her students. The candidate also rewards students for taking risks in using the target language.	/2

	ACTFL NCATE Assessment: Reflection-based Essay- Philosophy of Teaching World Languages						
	Does not Meet the Standard	Approaches Standard/Unacceptable	Meets Standard/Acceptable	Exceeds Standard/Target	Score/ Level		
Adapting instruction to address students multiple ways of learning ACTFL 3b	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching does not recognize that students approach language learning in a variety of ways. I may have minimal connections to how individual students learn.	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching recognizes that students approach language learning in a variety of ways. It identifies how individual students learn.	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching identifies multiple ways in which students learn when engaged in language classroom activities.	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching advocates for a variety of instructional models and strategies that accommodate different ways of learning.	/2		
Dispositions for integrating standards into planning ACTFL 4a	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching only minimally considers national and state standards in their planning, or may not consider their importance in integrating them in their instructional materials.	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching considers national and state standards to their planning to the extent that they are explicitly integrated in their instructional materials.	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching advocates for national and state standards into their curricular planning, even if their instructional materials are not standards- based.	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching articulates a rationale for using national and state standards as the basis for curriculum development.	/2		
Formative and summative assessment models ACTFL 5a	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching only minimally mentions or recognizes the purposes of formative and summative assessments in language teaching	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching recognizes the purposes of formative and summative assessments as set forth in prepared testing materials	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching describes formative assessments to measure achievement within a unit of instruction and summative assessments to measure achievement at the end of a unit or chapter.	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching describes a system of formative and summative assessments that measure overall development of proficiency in an ongoing manner and at culminating points in the total program.	/2		

	ACTFL NCATE Assessment: Reflection-based Essay- Philosophy of Teaching World Languages						
	Does not Meet the Standard	Approaches Standard/Unacceptable	Meets Standard/Acceptable	Exceeds Standard/Target	Score/ Level		
Dispositions toward global assessments ACTFL 5a	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching minimally, mentions the role of performance assessment in the classroom or does not consider it as important. The candidate's philosophy may focus more on assessments that are discrete point in nature or feature only short, right-answer responses	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching cites the role of performance assessment in the classroom and attempt to measure performances. The Candidate's philosophy centers more on assessments that are discrete point in nature or feature right-answer responses.	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching describes assessments that capture successful communication and cultural understandings. The candidate commits the effort necessary to measure end performances.	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching advocates for assessments for which the results can be used to improve teaching and track student learning. These assessments drive planning and instruction.	/2		
Dispositions for incorporating and reflecting on assessment ACTFL 5b	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching only minimally mentions assessments or supports only assessments that are scored easily or mechanically. Assessment is not viewed as a teaching tool, but may be considered as an end in and of itself.	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching supports assessments that can be scored quickly and mechanically. Assessment is viewed as an end in and of itself.	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching mentions a commitment to adjust instruction based on what s/he has learned from assessments.	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching establishes a clear commitment to adjust instruction based on what s/he has learned from assessments.	/2		
Life-long commitment to professional growth ACTFL 6a	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching does not articulate the need for ongoing professional development.	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching articulates the need for ongoing professional development.	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching identifies immediate professional development needs.	Candidate's philosophy of language teaching outlines a process for identifying ongoing professional development needs and the potential providers (e.g., state organization) to meet these needs.	/1		

	ACTFL NCAT	E Assessment: Reflection-ba	sed Essay- Philosophy of Te	eaching World Languages	S
	Does not Meet the Standard	Approaches Standard/Unacceptable	Meets Standard/Acceptable	Exceeds Standard/Target	Score/ Level
Written Target Language Proficiency ACTFL 2a	Target language writing has 10 or more grammatical and/or syntactical errors.	Target language writing has 8-10 grammatical and/or syntactical errors.	Target language writing has minimal 2-3 grammatical and/or syntactical errors.	Target language writing has no grammatical and/or syntactical errors.	/2
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Rubric for the Impact on Student Learning Assessment Scoring Guidelines – Impact on Student Learning Assessment Project Candidate Effects on Student Learning

Performance-Based Assessment Project for ACTFL NCATE Assessment #5 [Required for Portfolio and ACTFL NCATE Accreditation]

35 percent of final EDCI 684 Grade	Unacceptable –Minimum Evidence Provided	Unacceptable - Approaches Standard	Acceptable- Meets Standard	Target- Exceeds Standard
Description of Learners and Learning Context [ACTFL 3a]	Descriptions of school site, classroom environment, classes, aspects of student diversity are not included, or provide skeletal information on language acquisition or individual students. They may need to also use this information correctly to create a better description of the learning environment that includes appropriate target language input and/or opportunities for meaningful interaction in the TL.	Descriptions of school site, classroom environment, classes, aspects of student diversity are partially included or provide only minimal information; Candidates demonstrate an emerging understanding of individual students and may show need additional details regarding their language acquisition levels; or they may need to create a better description of the learning environment that includes appropriate target language input and opportunities for meaningful interaction	Descriptions of school site, classroom environment, classes, aspects of student diversity are included, but would benefit from additional detail; Candidates demonstrate an understanding of individual students and their language acquisition levels in the description to create a learning environment in the target language including input and opportunities for meaningful interaction	Complete and appropriate description of school site, classroom environment, classes, aspects of student diversity to create a supportive classroom; Candidates clearly demonstrate, in detail, a solid understanding of individual students and their language acquisition levels in the description that are used to create a learning environment with target language input and opportunities for meaningful interaction
Instructional Plan & Diversity [ACTFL 3b]	Candidate does not plan instructional practices that meet the needs of diverse language learners and/or does not differentiate in the planning for instruction	Candidate develops lesson using instructional practices approaching the needs of diverse language learners, but lacks clarity and requires more work on differentiation of instruction	Candidate develops lesson using instructional practices that meet the needs of diverse language learners and plans for differentiation, some additional information may strengthen the lesson regarding differentiation	Candidate develops lesson clearly using instructional practices that address the needs of diverse language learners and varying levels of development for which instruction is differentiated
Instructional Design & Standards Addressed [ACTFL 4a, 4b]	Candidate does not align planning with the <i>Standards</i> , or does not integrate them with the	Candidate aligns planning minimally with the <i>Standards</i> and/or lacks integration; or, may	Candidate aligns planning somewhat with the national and state <i>Standards</i> and integrates	Candidate clearly uses the national, state FL <i>Standards</i> as a rationale and in the specific planning for the lesson and

Implementing Instruction and Assessment Practices [ACTFL 4c]	instructional design of the lesson. Lacks clarity and/or consistency Candidate does not demonstrate understanding of how to select appropriate materials and resources to support student learning; Candidate does not interpret or report the results of student performance accurately for reflection or discussion	not include the state standards in the instructional design of the lesson. Lacks clarity and/or consistency Candidate demonstrates some understanding of appropriate materials and resources to support learning; Candidate interprets and reports some results of student performance for reflection and discussion, but more clarity is needed	them into the instructional design of the lesson, however, may lack some clarity or consistency Candidate demonstrates adequate understanding of appropriate materials and resources to support learning; Candidate interprets and reports most results of student performance for reflection & discussion, but additional clarity may be called for	integrates them into the instructional design of the lesson Candidate clearly demonstrates use of appropriate materials and resources to promote active learning; Candidate clearly and consistently interprets results of student performance as a result of the lesson to provide opportunity for reflection & discussion
Assessing Student Learning: Pre- and Post- Surveys of Student Learning [ACTFL 5a, 5c]	Candidate interprets assessment minimally, and may not show adequate understanding of ongoing assessment to inform practice; or, candidate does not use a rubric, or the rubric may lack clarity; or, no future modifications mentioned or explained to promote better learning.	Candidate demonstrates adequate knowledge of ongoing assessment and selects assessments designed to measure some achievement at the end; Candidates interpret the results, but the reporting may lack clarity. Rubrics lack some clarity; future modifications may only be minimally addressed; Future modification are minimally or not listed to promote better learning	Candidate demonstrates adequate knowledge of ongoing assessment and selects assessments that are designed to measure achievement at the end; Candidates interpret the results, but the reporting may lack clarity. Rubrics may lack some clarity; future modifications generally promote better student learning.	Candidate demonstrates clear knowledge of ongoing assessment and selects assessment(s) that are both age-and developmentally appropriate; candidate interprets and reports clearly the results of student performance and discusses ways to measure ongoing development of learning; Encourages student self-assessment of skills; Rubrics/evaluation criteria used are clear and appropriate; future modifications are listed to clearly promote better learning
Reflection on Assessment & Impact on Student Learning To Improve Instruction [ACTFL 5b]	Candidate does not demonstrate ability to interpret and reflect on assessment process; Reflection fails to explain why pupils were able or unable to meet expectations; or, Candidate did not show evidence of reflecting on next steps	Candidate may not describe impact on student learning clearly, or Reflection fails to explain why pupils were able or unable to meet expectations; or, Reflection is inadequate or does not effectively propose changes to improve teaching and learning based on the assessment	Candidate describes impact on student learning adequately, but may not fully explain why students were able or unable to meet expectations; Uses insights in reflection to propose minor improvement ideas for teaching, but may have some elements missing, such as planning for improvement in student learning	Candidate reflects thoroughly and clearly on the results of student assessments; includes an explanation of impact on student learning and why individual pupils were able or unable to meet expectations; clearly use success or failure to determine upcoming directions for instruction; assessment results propose improvement ideas for own teaching and student learning