GEORGE MASON UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF EDUCATION AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT GRADUATE SCHOOL OF EDUCATION Literacy

EDRD 631. 6L7: Advanced Literacy Foundations and Instruction, Adolescence through
Adulthood
3 Credits, Spring 2015

Wednesdays, 5:00-7:40, Woodburn Elementary School

PROFESSOR(S):

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COURSE DESCRIPTION:

A. Prerequisites

EDRD 630 Advanced Literacy Foundations and Instruction, Birth to Middle Childhood, admission to the literacy emphasis, or permission from the program coordinator.

B. University Catalog Course Description

Advanced study of literacy theory, research, and practice as it relates to adolescents and adults. Addresses sociocultural, cognitive, linguistic, psychological, and developmental influences on literacy. Includes reading, writing, and oral communication. Prerequisite: EDRD 630 or permission of the program coordinator.

This is a required course for teachers seeking a Virginia Reading Specialist License, K-12.

C. Expanded Course Description

This course will be conducted in a Hybrid context and taught through a combination of lecture, discussion, online settings both asynchronous and synchronous, and supervised practical experience working with adolescents.

LEARNER OUTCOMES or OBJECTIVES:

This course is designed to enable students to:

- 1. Design appropriate strategies for facilitating the acquisition of academic language for English learners and non-standard dialect users (Virginia Standard 2c). (PBA B & C)
- 2. Demonstrate understanding of a range of word attack and word learning strategies including morphological analysis, affixes and roots, inflections, definitional and contextual approaches (Virginia Standard 3b) (PBA B & C)
- 3. Demonstrate understanding of and design appropriate strategies for developing reading comprehension of content text through meaning making processes such as predicting, questioning, summarizing, and clarifying (Virginia Standard 3e,g). (PBA B & C)
- 4. Demonstrate the ability to integrate a variety of types of literature and text into lesson and unit planning (Virginia Standard 3h). (PBA B & C)
- 5. Promote independent reading through book talks (Virginia Standard 3i)
- 6. Demonstrate an understanding of varying degrees of learning disabilities (Virginia Standard 6d). (PBA A; ADL)

PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS (International Reading Association): IRA STANDARDS (2010 Standards for Reading Professionals): 1.1, 2.2, 2.3, 4.1, 4.2, 5.2, 6.2, 6.3

- **1.1** Understand major theories and empirical research that describe the cognitive, linguistic, motivational, and sociocultural foundations of reading and writing development, processes, and components, including word recognition, language comprehension, strategic knowledge, and reading-writing connections. (PBA A, reader response)
- **2.2** Use appropriate and varied instructional approaches, including those that develop word recognition, language comprehension, strategic knowledge, and reading-writing connections. (PBA B & C)
- **2.3** Use a wide range of texts (e.g., narrative, expository, and poetry) from traditional print, digital, and online resources (PBA B & C)
- **4.1** Recognize, understand, and value the forms of diversity that exist in society and their importance in learning to read and write. (PBA A, ADL, reader response, YA author study).
- **4.2** Use a literacy curriculum and engage in instructional practices that positively impact students' knowledge, beliefs, and engagement with the features of diversity. (all)
- **5.2** Design a social environment that is low-risk, includes choice, motivation and scaffolded support to optimize students' opportunities for learning to read and write. (PBA B & C, reader response)

- **6.2** Display positive dispositions related to their own reading and writing and the teaching of reading and writing, and pursue the development of individual professional knowledge and behaviors. (ADL, reader response, YA author study)
- **6.3** Participate in, design, facilitate, lead, and evaluate effective and differentiated professional development programs (PBA C)

REQUIRED TEXTS:

Brozo, W.G., & Simpson, M.L. (2007). Content literacy for today's adolescents: Honoring diversity and building competence. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Merrill/ Prentice Hall.

Crutcher, C. (2009) Whale Talk. NY: Harper Collins.

One self-selected novel by Chris Crutcher or another young adult novel of choice (must be approved by instructor). Each person will read a different novel.

Various articles listed on syllabus that can be accessed from the library.

COURSE ASSIGNMENTS AND EXAMINATIONS:

1. Assignment Descriptions:

- **A. Class Participation:** (5%) Class attendance is expected. Class participation is a required component of your grade. It is expected that you fully participate in both online and face-to-face settings. Participation involves several aspects: being fully prepared for class, completing work in a timely manner, offering critical insights to discussions, asking in-depth, thoughtful questions, and providing thoughtful, responsive feedback to your peers. *It is critical to keep up with the readings*. It is your responsibility to come to class with insights, questions, comments, and concerns from the readings. In general, we will engage in three types of activities:
 - 1. Mini-lectures, activities, and discussions related to literacy leadership activities
 - 2. Discussion of the week's readings via discussion boards and small groups.
 - 3. Pair and small group meetings in which you will provide feedback and support for each others' literacy leadership activities
 - 4. Presentations and leadership of article discussions.

The following rubric will be used for assessment:

Exemplary (3)	Proficient (2)	Developing (1)	Not met (0)
	(_)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- 10000 (0)

	(9 points)	(6 points)	(3 points)	(0 points)
Attendance	The candidate attended all classes and was always on time for class.	The candidate missed class more than once and the procedures outlined in the syllabus were followed. The candidate was occasionally late for class.	The candidate missed three or more classes and the procedures outlined in the syllabus were NOT followed. The candidate was often late to class.	The candidate missed four or more classes and the procedures outlined in the syllabus were NOT followed. The candidate was often late to class.
Participation	1. The candidate actively participates in small and/or whole group class meetings by meaningfully contributing to each class session. The candidate critically considers class content and poses questions to push their thinking and address misunderstandings. 2. The candidate always demonstrates professionalism in all communications with professor and peers.	1. The candidate makes active contributions to the learning group and class. The candidate may usually, but not always, critically consider content and/or pose questions. 2. The candidate demonstrates professionalism in all communications with professor and peers.	1. The candidate participates at least peripherally in group and class discussions. The candidate is somewhat engaged in all classes and sometimes or rarely pushes their own and their peers' thinking. 2. The candidate may occasionally demonstrate unprofessionalism in communications with professor and peers.	1. Candidate does not actively participate in discussions. 2. The candidate's communication with professor and peers is usually unprofessional.

B. Quizzes (5%): The purpose of this assignment is to assess understanding of the course textbook. For each chapter in the course text an online quiz should be completed each quiz is 10 questions. *There are 11 quizzes- candidate must complete 10*. Candidate may choose what date to miss a quiz. Links to the quizzes are on Blackboard and the candidate will submit scores weekly to the professor at mohanian@gmu.edu.

C. Online Responses (10%)

The purpose of the online responses is to engage the candidate in thinking deeply about weekly course topics and connections to overall course concepts. The following online and in class activities will be evaluated for this assignment: Discussion boards, Journals, Blogs, Wikis, Reading Responses (see weekly modules for details).

B. Young Adult Author Study (15%)

The purpose of this assignment is to expand understanding of how to effectively use young adult literature in the secondary classroom to create literate environments. This assignment has 2 parts.

1. Whole Class novel. The class will read Chris Crutcher's *Whale Talk*. Candidates will assume literature circle roles as advocated by research (e.g. discussion leader, connector, illustrator, passage master, questioner, etc.) to guide the literature circle discussion. Literature circle roles will be assigned the second week of class. Candidates will try a new role for each discussion. Role descriptions will be reviewed in class and posted on Blackboard.

Candidates will participate in literature circles on 2 dates: (1) 2/18 [chapters 1-7], (2) 3/18, [chapters 8-15]. Being prepared for discussion, actively listening, developing

questions, and supporting responses with specific book statements will be the criteria for evaluation.

2. Individual Novel: Candidates will select and read another Chris Crutcher novel or a young adult novel of choice (must be approved by instructor). Each candidate will read a **DIFFERENT** novel. The candidate will then develop 5 power point slides to contribute to a class project in google.docs. The slides will include the following information. (1) a picture of the book and brief author information, (2) summary, (3) evaluation (4) thematic links & rationale for use, and (5) ideas for integrating into the secondary content curriculum. The full power point will be viewed and discussed in class.

C. Article Discussion Leadership (ADL) 15%

The purpose of this assignment is to show understanding of (1) how to analyze and interpret a research article and (2) how to lead a meaningful discussion with your colleagues, and (3) how to read and engage in meaningful discussion about professional literature. Each week an ADL is assigned, the candidate is responsible for (a) reading the article, (b) watching classmate's video presentation, and (c) responding to the discussion questions on the ADL Blog. Candidates will work with a partner to lead one ADL discussion.

Steps to Completion:

- 1. <u>Choose</u> an article from the APPROVED list for your project. Once the instructor has approved your selection, post a link to the article in the ADL folder.
- 2. <u>Read</u> the article closely. Look for main ideas and important vocabulary, analyze viewpoint, connect to other works read and course concepts, ask questions!
- 3. <u>Create</u> a narrated video presentation & bulleted handout. Format the presentation around the following aspects of the article (*This portion of the ADL should comprise about 6-8 minutes.*)
 - A. Introduction.
 - Statement of the problem/issue
 - Major concepts/ideas covered.
 - B. Message:

If a research article include:

- Research purpose/questions
- Research methodology
- Conclusions from the study

If a theoretical article include:

- Author's argument
- Author's viewpoint
- Author's rationale.

C. Conclusion:

- Implications for teaching practice.
- Professional critique.
- Pose 2-3 thought-provoking questions.
- 4. <u>Post your questions & bulleted summary to the BLOG & monitor</u> the discussion for the week.
- 5. After all classmates have replied, <u>develop</u> a 200-250 word response, synthesizing the discussion and how the ideas impact our understanding of planning for effective instruction for adolescents.
- 6. <u>Self-Evaluation</u>: Complete the self-evaluation of your work on this assignment, and submit via blackboard within 48 hours of the last day of discussion for your ADL.

D. The Adolescent Literacy Term Project (50%)

NCATE Assessment #3 Planning

IRA Standards Addressed:

2 (Curriculum and Instruction), 4 (Diversity), 5 (Literate Environment) and 6 (Professional Learning and Leadership)

IRA Elements Reading Specialists/Literacy Coaches: (1.1, 2.2, 2.3, 4.1, 4.2, 5.2, 6.2, 6.3). Please note that in rubrics, numbers and letters (e.g. 2.1a) indicate alignment with the specific evidence suggested in the IRA Standards Chart for Reading Specialists/Literacy Coaches

Overview

In this integrated semester-long assignment candidates are asked to do the following:
(a) conduct a comprehensive interview with an adolescent struggling reader from a diverse background and link findings to three major theoretical constructs; (b) prepare a collection of alternative texts appropriate to the adolescent and prepare and teach the adolescent strategies to support his/her comprehension (c) provide class colleagues a professional development experience with an evidence-based practice designed to meet the needs of the adolescent and share the plans with the adolescent's teacher(s).

Directions to Candidate:

Part A

Adolescent Interview (IRA Standard 1.1)

In this assignment you will conduct a comprehensive interview of an adolescent struggling reader from a diverse background and write a paper which organizes the findings around three major constructs: psychological/motivational, sociological, and linguistic.

Steps for Completion:

- 1. Identify an adolescent to interview.
- 2. Develop interview questions. Questions should probe for greater understanding about the youth around the following three constructs, psychological/motivational (outside-of-school interests; reading and writing interests; skills and strategies; literate identity); sociocultural (preferred instructional context; funds of knowledge; culture); and linguistic (everyday language and/or second language development and its relationship to academic literacy and achievement) issues.
- **3.** *Collect data:* Conduct a comprehensive interview with the youth, listening and taking good notes to inform your work with this youth.
- **4.** *Analyze data:* Analyze the youth's responses to the interview questions. Begin by clustering responses around the three constructs: psychological/motivational, sociocultural, and linguistic. Then look for themes and new understandings about this youth.
- **5.** Connect to the theory/research: Identify what the professional literature says about adolescent literacy development from a psychological/motivational, sociological, and linguistic perspective. Include at least three relevant and timely sources for each construct.
- **6.** *Write an analysis paper:* Write a paper with the following headings (use APA guidelines).
 - **a. Introduction**: Provide a general introduction to the youth you interviewed. Include a brief description of the setting and the context of the interview.
 - **b. Interview Findings:** Describe the findings from your interview under each construct. Provide specific examples, showing clearly how the each lens provides a unique perspective on this youth.
 - 1. Cognitive/Motivational.
 - 2. Sociocultural.
 - 3. Linguistic.
 - **c. Discussion:** Examine your findings under each construct and connect what you learned about your youth to the theory and research.
 - 1. Psychological/Motivational.
 - 2. Sociocultural.
 - 3. Linguistic.
 - **d.** Conclusion: Provide a general review of what you learned about the youth and how it connects to your understandings about working with adolescents.

IRA Standards Assessed:

Standard 1 – Foundational Knowledge (1.1) Understand major theories and empirical research that describe the cognitive, linguistic, motivational, and sociocultural foundations of reading and writing development, processes, and components, including word recognition, language comprehension, strategic knowledge, and reading writing connections.

Part B

Content Area Alternative Text Collection and Related Instruction (IRA Standards 2.2, 2.3, 4.1, 4.2)

In this assignment, you will compile a collection of texts in one discipline that will be engaging and accessible to the adolescent you interviewed. You will share and discuss this collection with the adolescent and teach him/her an evidence-based strategy for reading/comprehending two of the sources. In teaching the strategies, you will use a variety of appropriate instructional approaches that focus on developing critical thinking and reading/writing connections. You also will make the collection available to his/her teacher and share instructional suggestions related to use of multiple sources with diverse populations.

Steps for completion:

- **1.** *Reflect*: Think about the discoveries you made about the adolescent you interviewed in terms of her/his interests, ability, and experiences, both in and out of school.
- **2.** Choose a disciplinary topic: Identify an upcoming unit in a particular subject area (e.g., manifest destiny history; biomes science, etc.) that your youth will encounter in school in the next few months. You may need to contact his/her teacher(s) for this information.
- **3.** Create a text set: Collect 8-10 alternative reading selections related to the disciplinary topic that will likely be of high interest to the adolescent you interviewed. Sources should be no older than 15 years, unless historical or archival documents. If, in your search, you find other pieces you would like to include you are welcome to do so; however, you must include at least one source that is representative of each category below:
 - At least one reading from the perspective of a person of non-white/European background
 - At least one reading from the perspective of an English language learner or nonstandard English speaker
 - At least one reading from the perspective of a woman
 - Two magazine articles (from popular and/or content-specific magazines for adults or teens)
 - Two newspaper articles
 - Two Web sites

- One nonfiction book
- One young adult novel
- One comic book or graphic novel
- **4.** *Write a paper:* You will develop a paper that describes your text set and strategies that would be appropriate to use with each text selection. Include the following components/subheadings.
 - **a. Introduction-** Provide a brief introduction to your adolescent and the disciplinary topic chosen.
 - **b. Citations, Annotations & Rationales** (1) provide a full bibliographic citation for each source using APA format, (2) briefly *describe* the content of each source and how it connects to the disciplinary topic, (3) why you think it will appeal to your adolescent.
 - **c. Strategies for teaching with the sources** propose some approaches and strategies you would use for engaging the youth you interviewed with these alternative texts. Use strategies from your course texts or from other reputable published sources. Provide an explanation for <u>HOW and WHY</u> the strategy would be useful in supporting the adolescent's understanding of the text.
- 6. Teacher sharing. Present the collection to your classmates and describe how it could be used to increase engagement, reading, and learning for the adolescent as well as the teacher's diverse class as a whole. In particular, explain your selections and discuss ways that the varied texts could be used to differentiate instruction for students of different backgrounds/skill levels and to provide choices for students. Provide a copy of your paper to the adolescent's teacher, and encourage him or her to share with school colleagues.

IRA Standards Assessed

Standard 2 – Curriculum and Instruction

- (2.2) Use appropriate and varied instructional approaches, including those that develop word recognition, language comprehension, strategic knowledge, and reading-writing connections.
- (2.3) Use a wide range of texts (e.g., narrative, expository, and poetry) from traditional print, digital, and online resources

Standard 4 – Diversity

- (4.1) Recognize, understand, and value the forms of diversity that exist in society and their importance in learning to read and write.
- (4.2) Use a literacy curriculum and engage in instructional practices that positively impact students' knowledge, beliefs, and engagement with the features of diversity.

Part C:

Literacy Strategy Teaching and Demonstration (IRA Standards 5.2, 6.2, 6.3)

In this assignment, you will teach the strategy to the adolescent and then present to your class colleagues the literacy strategy lesson you designed for the adolescent you

interviewed. You will also provide your colleagues a professional development experience with the strategy and share the strategy with your adolescent's teacher.

Steps to Completion:

- 1. Adolescent Meeting- Instructional Strategy and Alternative Text Try-Out.
 - I. Meet with the adolescent a second time- (a) Show him/her the text collection (the actual texts) and discuss which texts he/she finds most interesting and why, (b) teach the youth a strategy using one of the texts in your collection, and (c) discuss with the adolescent whether he/she feels the strategy helps his/her learning, and how he/she could use it in the future, and (d) have the adolescent choose one of the texts for you to plan a strategy for your final meeting.
 - **II.** Meet with the adolescent a third time- (a) review if he/she used the previous strategy, (b) teach the youth a new strategy using one of the texts in your collection, (c) discuss with the adolescent whether he/she feels the strategy helps his/her learning, and how he/she could use it in the future.

*In deciding on a strategy, reflect on the adolescent's needs and identify an evidence-based literacy strategy that would be motivating to her/him for learning about the content area topic. The strategy must also be culturally and linguistically responsive to the youth's reading and learning needs. The strategy may be taken from any chapter in the course text or other acceptable source.

- 2. Classroom Presentation: In this demonstration, you will present to your colleagues the same strategy you taught your adolescent. Conduct a 15-minute professional development session for your colleagues in class. This will include (1) a PowerPoint or similar technology presentation explaining the rationale for the strategy and the evidence to support it (2) a summary of your work with your adolescent, (3) a simulation of the experience for your colleagues of engaging in the strategy, and (4) at the end of the presentation, invite input and suggestions as well as reflections on the utility of the strategy in other contexts and with other students. Also share your PowerPoint with teachers in your school or field placement by emailing it to them or posting it on a website.
- **3.** *Write a paper:* Write a description of the work you did with the adolescent including a description of the strategy and how it would be taught in a content classroom that included the adolescent you interviewed. Use first-person narrative. Use the following subheadings and description:

a. Instructional Context

Introduce the setting- briefly describe the theme of the text set, the strategies taught, and how they connect to your youth. Describe your plan for why the strategy would be helpful to the youth you interviewed.

b. Steps in Conducting the Strategy

Describe what you did during the two meetings with your youth.

c. Reflections on Effectiveness

Indicate how effective you believe the strategy was for motivating your student to become a more engaged reader and learner and how the student responded to using the self-selected text from the text collection with your strategy. Be sure to include both positive and negative reactions as well as your youth's explanation of his/her response.

d. Connections to Teaching Practice

Discuss how you would transfer what you have learned to a larger classroom setting and your work with teachers of adolescents. Discuss the potential for the strategy to increase engagement and learning.

e. Attachments

Provide actual lesson material and a sample of your adolescent's actual work.

IRA Standards Assessed:

Standard 5 – Literate Environment

- (5.2) Design a social environment that is low-risk, includes choice, motivation and scaffolded support to optimize students' opportunities for learning to read and write. Standard 6 Professional Learning and Leadership
- (6.2) Display positive dispositions related to their own reading and writing and the teaching of reading and writing, and pursue the development of individual professional knowledge and behaviors.(6.3) Participate in, design, facilitate, lead, and evaluate effective and differentiated professional development programs.

2. Assignment and examination weighting

Assignment	Points/Value	Due Dates
Class Attendance &	9 points /5%	ongoing
Participation		
Online Responses	TBD/10%	ongoing
Discussion Boards		
Journals		
Online Collaborations (i.e.		
Wikis, Blogs,)		
Quizzes (11 total)	10 pts / 5%	ongoing

ADL	21 pts/ 15%	
Video Presentation		
Blog		
Yong Adult Novel Study	18 pts/15%	
Literature Circles		2/18 & 3/18
Google Doc Slides		4/22
Adolescent Literacy Term	63 pts / 50%	
Project		
Part A	18 pts/15%	2/25
Part B	27 pts/20%	3/27
Part C	18 pts/15%	4/29

3. Grading Policies

Please note that Literacy students must re-take any course in which they receive a grade of C or lower, in order to be eligible for licensure (Please note that the grade of B- is not given). **Incompletes must be cleared before moving to any course for which the course is a prerequisite.** (Note that EDRD 631 is a prerequisite for EDRD 632).

Grading Scale

A= 94%-100%

A = 90% - 93%

B+=87%-89%

B= 80%-86%

C= 75%-79%

4. Other expectations/information:

Class formats/dates//locations

Face to Face: 7 classes 1/21; 1/28; 2/18; 3/25; 4/15; 4/29; 5/6

Synchronous: 4 classes 2/4; 3/4; 3/18; 4/22

Asynchronous: 4 classes 2/11; 2/25; 3/11; 4/8

Class attendance

Class attendance is both important and required. If, due to an emergency, you will not be in class, you must contact the instructor via phone or email. You are expected to email assignments regardless of class attendance on the day that the assignment is due. Students are responsible for obtaining information given during class discussions despite attendance. Attendance will influence your grade.

Assignments

All assignments should be turned in on the due date in the schedule below via paper copy OR email attachment (by 4:30pm, whether or not you are in class that evening). Save all electronic files with your last name and assignment titles (ex:

<u>SMITH ProfDevProposal.docx</u>). All assignments must be typed in 12-point Times New Roman font, and double-spaced with one—inch margins. Writing quality (including mechanics, organization, and content) is figured into the overall points for each writing assignment, so please proofread carefully. Late papers and projects will not be accepted without penalty, excepting extraordinary circumstances.

All assignments will be returned one week from the date received.

General

Email response:

I will respond to all emails within 24 hours during the week and 48 hours on weekends/holidays.

Students are expected to respond to emails within 24 hours during the week.

Please see me with questions and concerns about assignments, expectations, or class activities. I am happy to clarify and lend assistance on projects and assignments, but please come to me within a reasonable time frame. I will be available following class, by appointment, and by-email. I look forward to collaborating with each of you as you work towards your goals.

Our course website (mymasonportal.gmu.edu) will include information and resources important to your successful completion of the course. These will include the course syllabus, an announcement page, notes and class presentations, assignment descriptions and rubrics, and a bibliography of course readings and web resources. We will also hold discussions via Blackboard.

Electronic Requirements

Students **must have access to email** and the Internet, either at home, work or GMU campus. GMU provides students with free **email accounts** that **must be accessed for** information sent from the university or the Graduate School of Education. Go to http://mason.gmu.edu/ for information on accessing mail.

After introductory training, students will also be expected to access Blackboard prior to every class session to download agendas and other pertinent course documents. **Blackboard can be accessed by going to** http://mymasonportal.gmu.edu

Due to the Hybrid nature of this course, it is imperative that you maintain downloads and java updates. Please contact Blackboard support services for technology assistance.

TASKSTREAM REQUIREMENTS

Every student registered for any Literacy course with a required performance-based assessment is required to submit this assessment, Adolescent Literacy Term Project to TaskStream (regardless of whether a course is an elective, a onetime course or part of an undergraduate minor). Evaluation of the performance-based assessment by the course instructor will also be completed in TaskStream. Failure to submit the assessment to TaskStream will result in the course instructor reporting the course grade as Incomplete (IN). Unless the IN grade is changed upon completion of the required TaskStream submission, the IN will convert to an F nine weeks into the following semester.

GMU POLICIES AND RESOURCES FOR STUDENTS

a. Students must adhere to the guidelines of the George Mason University Honor Code (See

http://oai.gmu.edu/the-mason-honor-code/).

b. Students must follow the university policy for Responsible Use of Computing (See

http://universitypolicy.gmu.edu/policies/responsible-use-of-computing/).

- c. Students are responsible for the content of university communications sent to their George Mason University email account and are required to activate their account and check it regularly. All communication from the university, college, school, and program will be sent to students solely through their Mason email account.
- d. The George Mason University Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS) staff consists of professional counseling and clinical psychologists, social workers, and counselors who offer a wide range of services (e.g., individual and group counseling, workshops and outreach programs) to enhance students' personal experience and academic performance (See http://caps.gmu.edu/).
- e. Students with disabilities who seek accommodations in a course must be registered with the George Mason University Office of Disability Services (ODS) and inform their instructor, in writing, at the beginning of the semester (See http://ods.gmu.edu/).
- f. Students must follow the university policy stating that all sound emitting devices shall be turned off during class unless otherwise authorized by the instructor.
- g. The George Mason University Writing Center staff provides a variety of resources and services (e.g., tutoring, workshops, writing guides, handbooks) intended to support students as they work to construct and share knowledge

through writing (See http://writingcenter.gmu.edu/).

PROFESSIONAL DISPOSITIONS

Students are expected to exhibit professional behaviors and dispositions at all times. This includes both electronic and face-to-face communication.

CORE VALUES COMMITMENT

The College of Education & Human Development is committed to collaboration, ethical leadership, innovation, research-based practice, and social justice. Students are expected to adhere to these principles: http://cehd.gmu.edu/values/.

For additional information on the College of Education and Human Development, Graduate School of Education, please visit our website http://gse.gmu.edu/.

PROPOSED CLASS SCHEDULE:

Instructor may adjust as necessary

Class	Class Format	Topics	Assignments	Readings DUE
/Date			DUE	
#1	Face-to Face	What is adolescent	My Bag	Snow, C., & Moje, E. (2010). Why Is
1/21	at GMU	literacy?	online	everyone talking about
	location	Course introduction	presentations	adolescent literacy?. Phi Delta
		Syllabus review	due by 1/26.	Kappan, 91(6), 66-69.
		•	See	
			Blackboard!	IRA Position Statement on Adolescent
				Literacy
#2	Face-to Face	Who are adolescent		Brozo & Simpson Chapter 1
1/28	at GMU	learners?		
	location			Kirkland, D. E. (2011). Books like clothes:
		Adolescent Literacy		Engaging young black men with reading.
		and Youth Culture		Journal Of Adolescent & Adult Literacy, 55(3),
				199-208. doi:10.1002/JAAL.00025 [ADL
		Professor Models		example]
		\overrightarrow{ADL}		
				McCabe, P. (2009). Enhancing self- efficacy
				for literacy. In W.E. Blanton, & K. Wood,
				(Eds.), Literacy instruction for
				Adolescents, (pp. 54-76). New York, NY:
				Guilford Press. (E-reserves).
#3	Synchronous	Who are adolescent		Brozo & Simpson Chapter 2
2/4	- J	learners?		
			Interview	Goldman, S. (2012). Adolescent literacy:
		Principled-Based	Questions	Learning and understanding content. <i>The</i>

		Practices of Adolescent Literacy Comprehension Processes		Future of Children, 22 (2), 89-116. Retrieved at http://futureofchildren.org/futureofchildren/publications/docs/22_02_06.pdf Moje, Dillon, and O'Brien (2000). Reexamining the roles of learner, text and context in secondary literacy. Journal of Educational Research, 93,165-180.
#4 2/11	Asynchronous	How do we know what adolescents need? Assessment & Comprehension Processes	ADL 1	Brozo & Simpson Chapter 3 & 4 Alvermann. Exemplary Literacy Instruction in Grades 7-12:What Counts and Who's Counting? (link on Blackboard)
#5 2/18	Face-to Face at school site or GMU location Adolescent Interview Week	What type of contexts support adolescents literacy growth? Creating a culture of literacy	ADL 2 Chris Crutcher Literature Circle # 1 Chapter 1-7	Brozo & Simpson Chapter 5 Biancarosa, G., & Snow, C. (2004). Reading next—A vision for action and research in middle and high school literacy: A report to Carnegie Corporation of New York. Washington, DC: Alliance for Excellent Education Casey, H. (2010). Engaging the disengaged: Using learning clubs to motivate struggling adolescent readers and writers. In R. Bean, N. Helsey, & C. Roller (eds.), Preparing Reading Professionals. Newark, DE: International Reading Association
#6 2/25	Asynchronous	What type of instruction supports adolescent literacy growth? Reading and Learning from Multiple Sources	Part A of Term Project DUE	Brozo & Simpson Chapter 8 Elish-Piper, L., Wold, L. S., & Schwingendorf, K. (2014). Scaffolding high school students' reading of complex texts using linked text sets. <i>Journal Of Adolescent & Adult Literacy</i> , 57(7), 565-574. Barone, D. (2014). Reading, learning, and even arguing across multiple texts. <i>Voices from the Middle</i> , 21(4), 54-57.
#7 3/4	Online Synchronous	What type of instruction supports		Brozo & Simpson Chapter 6

		adolescent literacy		Choose 1 of the following to read:
		growth? Developing Word Knowledge		Kieffer, M. & Leseaux, N. (2010). Morphing into adolescents: Active word learning for English-language learners and their classmates in middle school. <i>Journal of Adolescent & Adult Literacy</i> , 54 (1), 47-56.
				Flanigan, K., Templeton, S., & Hayes, L. (2012). What's in a Word? Using Content Vocabulary to Generate Growth in General Academic Vocabulary Knowledge. <i>Journal Of Adolescent & Adult Literacy</i> , 56(2), 132-140. doi:10.1002/JAAL.00114
				All Review:
				Baker, S., Lesaux, N., Jayanthi, M., Dimino, J., Proctor, C. P., Morris, J., Gersten, R., Haymond, K., Kieffer, M. J., Linan-Thompson, S., & Newman-Gonchar, R. (2014). Teaching academic content and literacy to English learners in elementary and middle school. (NCEE 2014-4012). Washington, DC: National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Retrieved from the NCEE website: http://ies.ed.gov/ncee/wwc/publications_revie ws.aspx
#8 3/11	Asynchronous Individual Conferences	What type of instruction supports adolescent literacy growth? Study Supports	ADL 3 & 4	Brozo & Simpson, Chapter 9 & 10
#9 3/18	Synchronous	What type of instruction supports adolescent literacy growth? Academic Conversations	Crutcher Literature Circles Chapters 8- 15	Gritter, K., Beers, S., & Knaus, R. (2013). Teacher scaffolding of academic language in an advanced placement U.S. history class. <i>Journal of Adolescent and Adult Literacy</i> , 56 (5), 409-418
				Richardson, A. E. (2010). Exploring text through student discussions: Accountable talk in the middle school classroom. <i>English Journal</i> , 100(1), 83-88.
				Zwiers, J. (2014). <i>Opportunities to develop</i> oral Language. Newark, DE: International

#10 3/25	Face-to-Face at school site or GMU location	How do teachers select technology to support adolescent literacy growth? Debrief/Share Adolescent Literacy Project	Part B Due by 3/27	Reading Association. Retrieve from http://www.reading.org/general/Publications/e-ssentials/e8050 [small fee if not IRA Member] Castek, J., & Beach, R. (2013). Using apps to support disciplinary literacy and science learning. <i>Journal of Adolescent & Adult Literacy</i> , 56(7), 554-654. Hepple, Sockhill, Tan, & Alford (2014). Multiliteracies pedagogy: Creating claymations with adolescent, post-beginner English Language Learners. <i>Journal of Adolescent & Adult Literacy</i> , 58(3), 219-
4/1	SPRING BREAK	SPRING BREAK	SPRING BREAK	229. SPRING BREAK
#11 4/8	Asynchronous	What type of instruction supports adolescent literacy growth? Writing to Learn	ADL 5	Brozo & Simpson Chapter 7 Irvin, J., Meltzer, J., Mickler, M., Phillips, M., & Dean, N. (2009). What can literacy leaders do to improve student engagement with reading and writing? In Meeting the Challenges of adolescent Literacy: Practical ideas for literacy leaders. Newark, DE: International Reading Association.
#12 4/15	Face-to-Face at secondary school or GMU location Adolescent Strategy Teaching #3	What type of instruction supports adolescent literacy growth? Learning across content areas	ADL 6	Brozo and Simpson, Chapter 11 Rubenstein, R. N. & Thompson, D. R. (2001). Learning mathematical symbolism: Challenges and instructional strategies. <i>The Mathematics Teacher</i> , <i>94</i> , 265-271. Schleppegrell, M. J., & Achugar, M. (2002). Learning language and learning history: A functional linguistics approach. <i>TESOL Journal</i> , <i>12</i> (2), 21-27.

#13 4/22	Synchronous	How do we support secondary teachers? The role of the literacy coach.	Individual Novel Slides	TBD (skim) Standards for Middle & HS Literacy Coaches http://www.reading.org/Libraries/resources/59 7coaching_standards.pdf
#14 4/29	Face-to-Face at GMU location	What did we learn about adolescent Literacy? Putting it all together	Part C of Term Project Due	Literacy Strategy Demonstrations
#15 5/6	Face-to-Face at GMU location	What did we learn about adolescent Literacy? Putting it all together		Literacy Strategy Demonstrations Course evaluations

ASSESSMENT RUBRIC(S) for PBA's:

Scoring rubrics for The Adolescent Literacy Term Project PART A (15%)

IRA Standards/	Exemplary (3)	Proficient (2)	Developing (1)	Not Met (0)
Elements	(18 points)	(12 points)	(6 points)	(0 points)
1.1 Understand	1. Candidate	1. Candidate	1. Candidate	1. Candidate
major	effectively describes	describes the	describes the	describes the
theories and	the interview	interview	interview, but may	interview, but
empirical	providing clear,	providing mostly	be inconsistent in	details are lacking;
research that	concise	clear, explanations	details;	explanations are
describe the	explanations of the	of the adolescent's	explanations of the	unclear;
cognitive,	adolescent's	answers;	adolescent's	
linguistic,	answers;		answers are vague;	2. Discussion is
motivational,		2. Discussion is		weak and does not
and	2. Discussion is	developed,	2. Discussion is	address all 3
sociocultural	thorough and well	drawing some	uneven, drawing	foundational
foundations of	articulated, drawing	connections to the	few or weak	components.
reading and	clear connections to	3 foundational	connections to the	
writing	the 3 foundational	components.	3 foundational	3. Candidate does
development,	components.		components.	not show evidence
processes,		3. Candidate		of interpreting
and	3. Candidate shows	shows some	3. Candidate shows	theories of reading
components,	strong evidence of	evidence of	limited evidence of	and writing
including	interpreting major	interpreting major	interpreting	processes.
word	theories of reading	theories of	theories of reading	
recognition,	and writing	reading and	and writing	4. Candidate

	I	т	1	1
language comprehensio n, strategic knowledge, and reading- writing connections 4.1 Recognize, understand, and value the forms of diversity that exist in society and their importance in learning to read and write	processes and development to understand the needs of all readers in diverse contexts. 4. At a sophisticated and critical level, candidate discusses the literature and research about factors that contribute to reading success. 1. Candidate develops a strong set of appropriate and varied interview questions to gain an understanding of the unique needs and experiences of the adolescent being interviewed. 2. Candidate clearly articulates how the interview data informs knowledge of how to plan for effective instruction	writing processes and development to understand the needs of all readers in diverse contexts. 4. Candidate discusses the literature and research about factors that contribute to reading success. 1. Candidate develops an adequate set of varied interview questions to gain an understanding of the unique needs and experiences of the adolescent being interviewed. 2. Candidate adequately articulates how the interview data informs	processes and development to understand the needs of some readers in diverse contexts. 4. Candidate vaguely discusses the literature and research about factors that contribute to reading success. 1. Candidate develops an inconsistent set of interview questions to gain an understanding of the unique needs and experiences of the adolescent being interviewed. 2. Candidate loosely articulates how the interview data informs knowledge of how to plan for effective instruction	provides weak, if any, discussion of the literature and research about factors that contribute to reading success. 1. Candidate develops a limiting set of interview questions; questions do not probe deeply enough to gain understanding of the unique needs and experiences of the adolescent being interviewed 2. Candidate does not or incorrectly articulates how the interview data informs knowledge.
	articulates how the interview data informs knowledge	adequately articulates how the interview data informs knowledge of how to plan for effective	how the interview data informs knowledge of how	not or incorrectly articulates how the interview data informs knowledge of how to plan for effective
		instruction.		instruction.

PART B

IRA Standards/	Exemplary (3)	Proficient (2)	Developing (1)	Not Met (0)
Elements	(27 points)	(18 points)	(9 points)	(0 points)
2.2 Use appropriate	1. Candidate	1. Candidate provides	1. Candidate	1. Candidate
and varied	provides a very	a mostly clear and	provides a vague	provides a weak
instructional	clear and	concise explanation	explanation for	explanation for
approaches,	concise	for how instructional	how instructional	how instructional
including those that	explanation for	strategies are	strategies are	strategies are
develop word	how	matched to particular	matched to	matched to
recognition,	instructional	texts- may be minor	particular texts.	particular texts-
language	strategies are	inconsistencies in	Explanations are	extreme
comprehension,	matched to	depth and clarity of	inconsistent in	inconsistencies in
strategic	particular texts.	explanations.	depth and	depth and clarity.
knowledge, and			conciseness.	

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reading-writing	2. Candidate	2. Candidate mostly		2. Candidate
connections.	clearly chooses	chooses relevant and	2. Candidate	chooses
	relevant and	varied instructional	chooses some	instructional
	varied	approaches for each	relevant	strategies for each
	instructional	text;	instructional	text, but relevance
	strategies for		strategies for each	and usefulness of
	each text;	3. Instructional	text; may be	strategies are
	,	approaches are	limited in variety	unclear or
	3. Instructional	mostly supported by	of strategies; some	inappropriate.
	approaches are	the literature and	instructional	Instructional
	supported by	research for	approaches	approaches are not
	literature and	providing in-depth	supported by the	supported by the
	research for	instruction for	literature and	literature and
	providing	readers and writers	research for	research.
	appropriate in-	who struggle.	providing	
	depth		instruction for	3. Adaptations of
	instruction for	3. Candidate adapts	readers and	instructional
	readers and	instructional	writers who	materials and
	writers who	materials and	struggle.	approaches are not
	struggle.	approaches to meet		made or are very
		the language-	3. Candidate makes	limited.
	3. Candidate	proficiency needs of	some adaptations	
	very	English learners and	of instructional	
	effectively	students who	materials and	
	adapts	struggle to learn to	approaches to	
	instructional	read and write.	meet the language-	
	materials and	Toda dila Wilton	proficiency needs	
	approaches to		of English learners	
	meet the		and students who	
	language-		struggle to learn to	
	proficiency		read and write.	
	needs of			
	English			
	learners and			
	students who			
	struggle to			
	learn to read			
	and write.			
2.3 Use a wide	1. Candidate	1. Candidate	1. Candidate	1. Candidate does
range of texts (e.g.,	very effectively	adequately develops	develops a text set	not develop a
narrative,	develops a	a varied text set for	for adolescents	varied text set for
expository, and	varied text set	adolescents around a	around a specific	adolescents around
poetry) from	for adolescents	specific disciplinary	disciplinary topic-	a specific
traditional print,	around a	topics.	variety is limited.	disciplinary topic.
digital, and online	specific			
resources	disciplinary	2. Candidate	2. Candidate	2. Candidate does
103041003	topic.	demonstrates an	demonstrates a	not demonstrate
	topic.	ability to support	limited ability to	an ability to
	2. Candidate	classroom teachers	_	support classroom
			provide support to	
	demonstrates a	in building and using	classroom teachers	teachers in
	very strong	a quality, accessible	in building and	building and using
	ability to	classroom library	using a classroom	a classroom library
	support	and materials	library and	and materials
	classroom teachers in	collection that meets the specific needs	materials collection for all	collection for all
	tooghougin	the analytic heads	a collection ton all	learners.

	1 111 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	
	building and using a quality accessible classroom library of materials collection that meets the specific needs and abilities of all learners.	and abilities of all learners.	learners.	
4.1 Recognize,	1. Candidate	1. Candidate chooses	1. Candidate	1. Candidate
understand, and value the forms of diversity that exist	chooses texts that represent a wide range of	texts that represent diverse perspectives.	chooses texts that represent some diverse	chooses texts that represent limited diverse
in society and their	diverse	2. Candidate	perspectives.	perspectives.
importance in learning to read	perspectives.	develops reading and writing instruction	2.Candidate	2. Candidate
and write	2. Candidate	that is responsive to	develops reading	develops reading
	very clearly	diversity.	and writing	and writing
	develops well- structured		instruction that is somewhat	instruction that is limited in its
	reading and		responsive to	responsiveness to
	writing		diversity.	diversity.
	instruction that			,
	is responsive to			
4.2 Use a literacy	diversity. 1. Text set is	1. Text set is	1. Text set is	1. Text set is
curriculum and	clearly	designed with texts	designed with texts	designed with texts
engage in	designed with	that are mostly	that are somewhat	that are not
instructional	texts that are	relevant, interesting,	relevant,	relevant,
practices that	relevant,	and appropriate for	interesting, and	interesting, and/or
positively impact students'	interesting, and appropriate for	the targeted adolescent.	appropriate for the targeted	appropriate for the targeted
knowledge, beliefs,	the targeted	adolescent	adolescent- but	adolescent- major
and engagement	adolescent.	2. Candidate	may be lacking in	inconsistencies in
with the features of		demonstrates an	consistency of	the quality and/or
diversity.	2. Candidate demonstrates a	ability to provide differentiated	quality and/or relevancy of	diversity of texts.
	strong ability to	instruction and to	2. Candidate shows	2. Candidate does
	provide	motivate students as	limited ability to	not show an ability
	differentiated	agents of their own	provide	to provide
	instruction and to motivate	literacy learning.	differentiated instruction and to	differentiated instruction and/or
	students as		motivate students	to motivate
	agents of their		as agents of their	students as agents
	own literacy		own learning.	of their own
	learning.			literacy learning.

PART C

IRA Standards/ Elements	Exemplary (3) (18 points)	Proficient (2) (12 points)	Developing (1) (6bpoints)	Not Met (0) (0 points)
5.2 Design a social	1. Candidate	1. Candidate shows	1. Candidate shows	1. Candidate shows

	1			
environment that is	shows very	evidence of creating	evidence of	little or no
low-risk, includes	strong evidence	a positive social, low-	creating a	evidence of
choice, motivation	of creating a	risk environment for	somewhat positive	creating a highly
and scaffolded	highly positive	diverse learners.	social, low-risk	positive social,
support to optimize	social, low-risk		environment for	low-risk
students'	environment for	2. Candidate provides	diverse learners.	environment for
opportunities for	diverse	an adequate analysis		diverse learners.
learning to read	learners.	of his/her work with	2. Candidate	
and write		an adolescent;	provides an	2. Candidate
	2. Candidate	Discussion is	analysis of his/her	provides a brief
	provides a very	developed with links	work with an	description of
	clear analysis of	to teaching practice.	adolescent, though	his/her work with
	his/her work		development and	an adolescent, but
	with an		details may be	is lacking in
	adolescent;		lacking; discussion	analysis; is weak,
	Discussion is		is vague with loose	underdeveloped
	well-articulated		if any links to	discussion and
	with logical and		teaching practice.	links to teaching
	meaningful			practice are
	links to teaching			unclear or not
	practice.			evident.
6.2 Display positive	1. Candidate	1. Candidate	1. Candidate	1. Candidate does
dispositions related	very effectively	effectively models a	mostly models a	not model a
to their own	models a	positive attitude	positive attitude	positive attitude
reading and writing	positive attitude	toward reading and	toward reading	toward reading
and the teaching of	toward reading	writing as shown in	and writing as	and writing as
reading and	and writing as	working with an	shown in working	shown in working
writing, and pursue	shown in	adolescent, his or her	with an adolescent,	with an adolescent,
the development of	working with an	teacher, and	his or her teacher,	his or her teacher,
individual	adolescent, his	graduate school	and graduate	and graduate
professional	or her teacher,	colleagues,	school colleagues,	school colleagues.
knowledge and	and graduate			
behaviors.	school	2. Candidate	2. Candidate	2. Candidate
	colleagues.	demonstrates	demonstrates an	ineffectively
		effective	inconsistent ability	demonstrates
	2. Candidate	interpersonal	in interpersonal	interpersonal
	very strongly	communication in	communication in	communication in
	demonstrates	both one-on-one and	both one-on-one	both one-on-one
	effective	group interactions, as	and group	and group
	interpersonal	evidenced in the	interactions, as	interactions, as
	communication	description of	evidenced in the	evidenced in the
	in both one-on-	his/her work with an	description of	description of
	one and group	adolescent and the	his/her work with	his/her work with
	interactions as	demonstration to	an adolescent and	an adolescent and
	evidenced in the	classmates.	the demonstration	the demonstration
	description of		to classmates.	to classmates.
	his/her work			
	with an			
	adolescent and			
	the			
	demonstration			
	to classmates.			
6.3 Participate in,	1. Candidate's	1. Candidate's	1. Candidate's	1. Candidate's
design, facilitate,	presentation	presentation	presentation	presentation does

		T	1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
lead, and evaluate	addresses all	addresses all	addresses all	not address all
effective and	components	components;	components- but	components
differentiated	effectively;	adequate review of	some area may be	effectively;
professional	thorough and	the strategy; clear	underdeveloped;	inconsistent
development	succinct review	summary of work	includes review of	review of the
programs.	of the strategy;	with the adolescent,	the strategy- may	strategy; summary
	concise	and mostly engages	be vague; weak	of work with the
	summary of	colleagues.	summary of work	adolescent is
	work with the		with the	vague, does not
	adolescent,	2. Candidate	adolescent,	effectively engage
	appropriately	collaborates in,	limitedly engages	colleagues.
	and effectively	leading, and	colleagues.	
	engages	evaluating		2. Candidate does
	colleagues.	professional	2. Candidate	not collaborate in
		development	collaborates in and	and/or leadership
	2. Candidate	activities for	provides some	and evaluation of
	effectively	individuals and	leadership and	professional
	collaborates in	groups of teachers.	evaluation of	development
	leading, and		professional	activities for
	evaluating		development	individuals and
	professional		activities for	groups of teachers
	development		individuals and	does not occur.
	activities for		groups of teachers.	
	individuals and			
	groups of			
	teachers.			

Scoring Rubric Young Adult Author Study (15%)

	Exemplary 3 (18 points)	Proficient 2 (12 points)	Developing 1 (46points)	Not Met 0 (0 points)
Literature circles	Consistently prepared for discussion; actively listens to peers and regularly provides thoughtful insights and critical feedback.	Usually prepared for discussion; listens to peers and provides adequate insights and feedback.	Somewhat prepared for discussion; mostly listens to peers and sometimes provides feedback.	Rarely prepared for discussion; distracted when listening to peers; does not offer consistent or insightful feedback
Google Doc	All slides submitted.	All slides submitted, but some may be missing components.	Some (3-4) slides submitted.	Less than 3 slides submitted.
	Fully developed; 1. Includes picture	Adequately developed.	Partially developed.	Minimally developed. 1. May

11		1 Includes	1 Includes	mat in alm da mi at
and rele	,	1. Includes	1. Includes	not include picture
		picture and	picture and	and author
informa		adequate author	general author	information is
Provide	s succinct,	information 2.	information 2.	vague or non-
detailed	summary;	Provides	Provides general	existent; 2.
3. Evalu	ation	adequate	summary;	Provides vague
shows s	trong	summary; 3.	evaluation shows	summary; 3.
evidenc	e of	Evaluation	partial evidence	Evaluation shows
synthesi	s of ideas	shows evidence	of synthesis of	no evidence of
presente	ed and	of synthesis of	ideas presented	synthesis of ideas
insights	gained	ideas presented	and insights	and is limitedly
through	out the	and insights	gained	supported;
entire co	ourse.	gained	throughout the	references to
	1	throughout the	entire course.	course concepts
4. Fully	developed	entire course.		are weak or
and reas	onable		4. Partially	missing.
rational	e and	4. Adequately	developed	
thematic	e links;	developed	rationale and	4. Weak rationale
connect	ions to	rationale and	thematic links;	and thematic
overall	teaching	thematic links;	connections to	links; connections
practice	_	connections to	overall teaching	to overall teaching
thoroug	h and well	overall teaching	practice are	practice are nor
develop	ed.	practice are	general or vague.	evident or do not
		evident.	-	make sense.

Scoring Rubric for ADL Assignment (15%)

	Exemplary (3) (21 points)	Proficient (2) (14 points)	Developing (1) (7 points)	Not Met (0) (0 points)
Video Presentation				
	Very clearly stated; clearly identifies relevant connections and situates the work appropriately within adolescent literacy.	Adequately stated; identifies connections and situates work within adolescent literacy.	Partially stated; loosley identifies connections and how work is situated in adolescent literacy.	Minimally stated; unclear or does not accurately identify connections and relationship to
Message	Fully develops ideas; summarizes and synthesizes the key points concisely and accurately; ideas fully supported with textual evidence.	Adequately develops ideas; summarizes the article accurately and identifies most key points; ideas mostly supported.	Partially develops ideas; summary is vague and ideas are partially supported	Minimally develops ideas; summary describes different points covered in the article, may be disjointed, vague, and/or inaccurate; ideas not supported.

Conclusion: Critical Comments/ Reflection	Fully develops and supports insights; thoroughly addresses specific strengths and weaknesses by providing a clear, logical reason for why the points are strengths or weaknesses. Makes strong connections by comparing and	Adequately develops and supports insights; addresses strengths and weaknesses with adequate reasoning. Makes connections to other readings covered in the course. Reflection summarizes insights and mostly supports ideas.	Partially develops and supports insights; Briefly addresses strengths and weaknesses and tells why each point is a strength or weakness. Makes few connections to other readings	Minimally develops and supports insights; addresses only strengths or only weaknesses. No connections, or very vague, to other course readings. Reflection not included or vaguely describes thoughts about the
	contrasting the points to other readings covered in the course. Reflection summarizes insights in a logical manner and clearly supports ideas.		covered in the course. Reflection describes general thoughts about the article.	article
Blog				
Readability	Nearly error free: accurate spelling, grammar, language usage; variety of sentence structures; rich vocabulary. APA consistently followed	Minor errors in spelling, grammar, language usage; some variety of sentence structures; appropriate vocabulary. Within page limits. APA mostly followed, may contain minor errors.	Several errors in spelling, grammar, language usage; minimal variety of sentence structures; limited vocabulary. May be outside of page limits. APA contains several errors, major and minor errors.	Contains numerous errors in spelling, grammar, punctuation, or sentence structure that interfere with comprehension. Page limits may not be adhered to. APA not followed.
Content of one- pager	Fully developed summary points; identifies key points and organizes information in a logical, comprehensible manner	Adequately developed summary points; identifies most key points and organizes information in a mostly comprehensible manner	Partially developed summary points; identifies a few key points; organization is inconsistent, though gist of work is still somewhat comprehensible	Minimally developed summary points; identifies isolated points and organizes information unclearly; disjointed.
Synthesis & Response to Peers	Thoughtfully developed; includes thoughtful insights into teaching practice; logical, meaningful connections to course concepts and strong rationale Responses are always specific and thoughtful and promote critical thinking and/or connections to other resources/ideas.; completed in timely manner	Adequately developed; includes insights to teaching practice; makes some connections to course concepts Responses are mostly specific and thoughtful and encourage some critical thinking; completed in timely manner	Partially developed; insights may be vaguely stated and links to teaching practice are general; Responses are sometimes specific and thoughtful and encourage thinking about general ideas; some completed in timely manner	Minimally completed; Incomplete and/or vague insights and limited connections to course concepts. Responses are brief and lack depth and do not encourage critical thinking; not completed in timely manner
Self Evaluation	Submitted in timely manner			Not submitted

Scoring Rubric for Online Responses (10%)

	Exemplary (3)	Proficient (2)	Developing (1)	Not met (0)
	(12 points)	(6 points)	(3 points)	(0 points)
Level of	Contributes	Contributes often	Contributes	Does not
Participation	consistently and	and on time,	sometimes, may	contribute or
	on time, with	mostly timely	be late, some	posts are always
	timely response	response posts.	responses are	late.
	posts.		timely.	
Content of	Fully developed;	Adequately	Partially	Minimally
Postings	Makes specific,	developed;	developed;	developed;
	multiple	Usually makes	Makes some	Makes vague
	references to	references to	references to the	references to the
	course materials	course materials	course materials	course materials
	and concepts;	and concepts;	and concepts;	and concepts.
	Shows serious,	Shows	shows some	Reading and/or
	thoughtful	contemplation of	contemplation of	viewing of
	contemplation of	ideas and	the ideas and	material in an in-
	ideas and clear,	connections to	make general	depth manner
	innovative	teaching practice.	connections to	not evident.
	connections to		teaching practice	
	teaching practice.			
Engagement	Replies and	Replies and	Replies and	Replies and
	contributions are	contributions are	contributions are	contributions are
	always insightful	usually insightful	sometimes	rarely insightful
	and contribute	and mostly	insightful and	and lack depth
	highly to the	contribute to the	sometimes	and do not
	collective	collective	contribute to the	engage others to
	learning. Replies	learning. Replies	collective	reply.
	highly engage	often engage	learning. Replies	
	others to respond	others to	sometimes	
	in critical,	respond.	engage others to	
	thoughtful ways.		respond.	