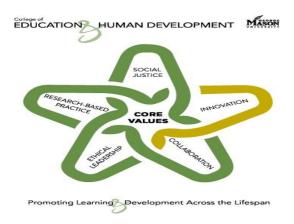
George Mason University College of Education and Human Development Teaching Culturally & Linguistically Diverse and Exceptional Learners



EDCI 516 DL1– Bilingualism & Language Acquisition Research 3 Credits, Fall 2020
Asynchronous Online, August 24th to December 5th 2020

Faculty

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Prerequisites/Corequisites

Required Prerequisites: EDRD 515*B-, EDUC 511B- and 537B-.

* May be taken concurrently.

B- Requires minimum grade of B-.

University Catalog Course Description

Examines first and second language acquisition theories past and present. Explores how PK-12 bilingual and multilingual learners' cultures and languages are valuable assets in classrooms and addresses implications for instruction and assessment. Develops understanding of research around instructional environments that promote bilingualism and biliteracy. Requires 15 hours of PK-12 classroom fieldwork. Offered by the School of Education. May not be repeated for credit.

Important Note: For Fall 2020, in-school and/or virtual field experiences with PreK-12 mentor teacher will NOT be required. In this course, video-based field experience via Mason Teaching Channel--free access for Mason students via directions provided on Blackboard) will be required and linked to alternative performance-based assessments.

For COVID 19 procedures in Fall 2020: Students, please be aware of and follow all policies and procedures for Mason's Safe Return to Campus: https://www2.gmu.edu/Safe-Return-Campus

Course Overview

This course is required for candidates pursuing an initial teacher licensure in English as a Second Language (ESOL) or Foreign/World Language education. It is also required for teachers pursuing endorsement in ESOL PK-12 education through the Virginia Department of Education. Candidates will examine research on the cognitive and linguistic achievements of bilingual children and will acquire knowledge about the relationship between bilingualism and children's cognitive development, school achievement, and linguistic processing. Candidates will learn about educational theories/theorists, examine topics related to first and second language acquisition (SLA), and review the history of language teaching. Language acquisition research over time will be studied from behavioral, cognitive, sociocultural, sociolinguistic, and functional perspectives.

It is important to note that **this is not a methods course or a "how to" on language acquisition classroom practices.** In fact, it is an introductory foundations course aimed at developing awareness about bilingualism and the language acquisition process. This course aims to help candidates develop the knowledge and competencies needed to work with culturally and linguistically diverse student populations with and without exceptionalities.

Course Delivery Method (Online Course)

This course will be delivered fully online using an asynchronous format via Blackboard Learning Management system (LMS) housed in the MyMason portal. You will log in to the Blackboard (Bb) course site using your Mason email name (everything before @masonlive.gmu.edu) and email password. The course site will be available on **Sunday, August 23, 2020 at 12:00 a.m**.

Under no circumstances, may candidates/students participate in online class sessions (either by phone or Internet) while operating motor vehicles. Further, as expected in a face-to-face class meeting, such online participation requires undivided attention to course content and communication.

Technical Requirements

To participate in this course, students will need to satisfy the following technical requirements:

- High-speed Internet access with standard up-to-date browsers. To get a list of Blackboard's supported browsers see:
 - https://help.blackboard.com/Learn/Student/Getting Started/Browser Support#supported-browsers
 - To get a list of supported operation systems on different devices see: https://help.blackboard.com/Learn/Student/Getting_Started/Browser_Support#tested-devices-and-operating-systems
- Students must maintain consistent and reliable access to their GMU email and Blackboard, as these are the official methods of communication for this course.
- Students will need a headset microphone for use with the Blackboard Collaborate web conferencing tool when needed.
- Students may be asked to create logins and passwords on supplemental websites and/or to download trial software to their computer or tablet as part of course requirements.

- The following software plug-ins for PCs and Macs, respectively, are available for free download:
 - o Adobe Acrobat Reader: https://get.adobe.com/reader/
 - Windows Media Player: https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/14209/get-windows-media-player
 - o Apple Quick Time Player: www.apple.com/quicktime/download/

Expectations

• <u>Course Week:</u> Because asynchronous courses do not have a "fixed" meeting day, our week will start on **Monday and will end on Sundays**.

• Log-in Frequency:

Students must actively check the course Blackboard site and their GMU email for communications from the instructor, class discussions, and/or access to course materials at least 3 times per week; in other words, your workload should be between 10 to 15 hours a week.

• Participation:

Students are expected to actively engage in all course activities throughout the semester, which includes viewing all course materials, completing course activities and assignments, and participating in course discussions and group interactions.

• <u>Technical Competence:</u>

Students are expected to demonstrate competence in the use of all course technology. Students who are struggling with technical components of the course are expected to seek assistance from the instructor and/or College or University technical services.

• Technical Issues:

Students should anticipate some technical difficulties during the semester and should, therefore, budget their time accordingly. Late work will not be accepted based on individual technical issues.

• Workload:

Please be aware that this course is **not** self-paced. Students are expected to meet *specific deadlines* and *due dates* listed in the **Class Schedule** section of this syllabus. It is the student's responsibility to keep track of the weekly course schedule of topics, readings, activities and assignments due.

• Instructor Support:

Students may schedule a one-on-one zoom or web conference meeting, or a telephone meeting to discuss course requirements, content or other course-related issues. Students should email the instructor to schedule a one-on-one session, including their preferred meeting method and suggested dates/times.

• Netiquette:

The course environment is a collaborative space. Experience shows that even an innocent remark typed in the online environment can be misconstrued. Students must always re-read their responses carefully before posting them, so as others do not consider them as personal offenses. *Be positive in your approach with others and diplomatic in selecting your words*. Remember that you are not competing with classmates, but sharing information and learning from others. All faculty are similarly expected to be respectful in all communications.

• Accommodations:

Online learners who require effective accommodations to insure accessibility must be registered with George Mason University Disability Services.

Learner Outcomes or Objectives

This course is designed to enable students to do the following:

- 1. Understand first language (L1) and second language acquisition (SLA) processes, research, and developmental stages as well as their applicability to classroom instruction.
- 2. Gain knowledge of various definitions of and theories about bilingualism, language proficiency, and language acquisition.
- 3. Understand the continuum of SLA.
- 4. Identify, think critically about, and discuss the social, cultural, affective, and cognitive factors playing a role SLA.
- 5. Become familiar with the concepts of code-switching, language borrowing, translanguaging, and the role/influence of L1 on SLA including foreign/world language acquisition.
- 6. Develop familiarity with the relationship between standard languages and home/community language practices and the implications for teaching.
- 7. Understand the relationship among teaching practices and SLA research, methods of teaching foreign/world/second languages, and language assessment practices.
- 8. Gain knowledge about the use of technology to support learning in second language/world language classrooms.

Professional Standards

Initial TESOL Pre-K-12 Teacher Preparation Programs Standards; American Council of Teachers of Foreign Languages (ACTFL); International Society for Technology in Education (ISTE) Standards

Upon completion of this course, students will have met the following professional standards:

Initial TESOL Pre-K-12 Teacher Preparation Programs Standards: Standard 1: Knowledge about Language

Candidates demonstrate knowledge of English language structures, English language use, second language acquisition and development, and language processes to help English Language Learners (ELLs) acquire academic language and literacies specific to various content areas.

- **1a.** Candidates demonstrate knowledge of English language structures in different discourse contexts to promote acquisition of reading, writing, speaking, and listening skills across content areas. Candidates serve as language models for ELLs.
- **1b.** Candidates demonstrate knowledge of second language acquisition theory and developmental process of language to set expectations for and facilitate language learning.
- **1c.** Candidates demonstrate knowledge of language processes (e.g., interlanguage and language progressions) to facilitate and monitor ELLs' language learning in English.
- **1d.** Candidates apply knowledge of English academic language functions, learning domains, content-specific language and discourse structures, and vocabulary to promote ELLs' academic achievement across content areas.

Standard 2: ELLs in the Sociocultural Context

Candidates demonstrate and apply knowledge of the impact of dynamic academic, personal, familial, cultural, social, and sociopolitical contexts on the education and language acquisition of ELLs as supported by research and theories. Candidates investigate the academic and personal characteristics of each ELL, as well as family circumstances and literacy practices, to develop individualized, effective instructional and assessment practices for their ELLs. Candidates recognize how educator identity, role, culture, and biases impact the interpretation of ELLs' strengths and needs.

- **2a** Candidates demonstrate knowledge of how dynamic academic, personal, familial, cultural, and social contexts, including sociopolitical factors, impact the education of ELLs.
- **2b** Candidates demonstrate knowledge of research and theories of cultural and linguistic diversity and equity that promote academic and social language learning for ELLs.
- **2c** Candidates devise and implement methods to understand each ELL's academic characteristics, including background knowledge, educational history, and current performance data, to develop effective, individualized instructional and assessment practices for their ELLs.

Standard 3 Planning and Implementing Instruction

Candidates plan supportive environments for ELLs, design and implement standards-based instruction using evidence-based, ELL-centered, interactive approaches. Candidates make instructional decisions by reflecting on individual ELL outcomes and adjusting instruction. Candidates demonstrate understanding of the role of collaboration with colleagues and communication with families to support their ELLs' acquisition of English language and literacies in the content areas. Candidates use and adapt relevant resources, including appropriate technology, to effectively plan, develop, implement, and communicate about instruction for ELLs.

- **3a** Candidates plan for culturally and linguistically relevant, supportive environments that promote ELLs' learning. Candidates design scaffolded instruction of language and literacies to support standards and curricular objectives for ELLs' in the content areas.
- **3b** Candidates instruct ELLs using evidence-based, student-centered, developmentally appropriate interactive approaches.
- **3d** Candidates plan strategies to collaborate with other educators, school personnel, and families in order to support their ELLs' learning of language and literacies in the content areas.
- **3e** Candidates use and adapt relevant materials and resources, including digital resources, to plan lessons for ELLs, support communication with other educators, school personnel, and ELLs and to foster student learning of language and literacies in the content areas.

Standard 5 Professionalism and Leadership

Candidates demonstrate professionalism and leadership by collaborating with other educators, knowing policies and legislation and the rights of ELLs, advocating for ELLs and their families, engaging in self-assessment and reflection, pursuing continuous professional development, and honing their teaching practice through supervised teaching.

5a Candidates demonstrate knowledge of effective collaboration strategies in order to plan ways to serve as a resource for ELL instruction, support educators and school staff, and

- **5b** Candidates apply knowledge of school, district, and governmental policies and legislation that impact ELLs' educational rights in order to advocate for ELLs.
- **5c** Candidates practice self-assessment and reflection, make adjustments for self-improvement, and plan for continuous professional development in the field of English language learning and teaching.

ACTFL/CAEP Standards Addressed:

- 1. **ACTFL Standard 2.** Cultures, Linguistics, Literatures, and Concepts from Other Disciplines:
 - 2a) Demonstrate target cultural understandings and compare cultures through perspectives, products, and practices of those cultures.
 - 2b) Demonstrate understanding of linguistics and the changing nature of language, and compare language systems.
- 2. **ACTFL Standard 3.** Language Acquisition Theories and Knowledge of Students and Their Needs:
 - 3a. Demonstrate an understanding of key principles of language acquisition and create linguistically and culturally rich learning environments.
 - 3b) Demonstrate an understanding of child and adolescent development to create a supportive learning environment for each student.
- 3. **ACTFL Standard 4**. *Integration of Standards in Planning and Instruction:*
 - 4a) Demonstrate an understanding of the Standards for Foreign Language Learning in the 21st Century or their recently refreshed version World-Readiness Standards for Learning Languages (2015) and their state standards and use them as the basis for instructional planning.
 - 4b) Integrate the goal areas of the Standards for Foreign Language Learning in the 21st Century or their recently refreshed version World-Readiness Standards for Learning Languages (2015) and their state standards in their classroom practice.
- 4. **ACTFL Standard 6**. Professional Development, Advocacy, and Ethics:
 - 6a) Engage in ongoing professional development opportunities that strengthen their own linguistic, cultural and pedagogical competence and promote reflection on practice.
 - 6b) Articulate the role and value of languages and cultures in preparing all students to interact in the global community of the 21st century through collaboration and advocacy with all stakeholders.
 - 6c) Use inquiry and reflection to understand and explain the opportunities and responsibilities inherent in being a professional language educator and demonstrate a commitment to equitable and ethical interactions with all students, colleagues and other stakeholders.

International Society for Technology in Education (ISTE) Standards (2017) Addressed:

ISTE Standard 1 - Learner

Educators continually improve their practice by learning from and with others and exploring proven and promising practices that leverage technology to improve student learning.

1c. Stay current with research that supports improved student learning outcomes, including findings from the learning sciences.

ISTE Standard 2 - Leader

Educators seek out opportunities for leadership to support student empowerment and success and to improve teaching and learning.

2b. Advocate for equitable access to educational technology, digital content and learning opportunities to meet the diverse needs of all students.

ISTE Standard 4 - Collaborator: Educators dedicate time to collaborate with both colleagues and students to improve practice, discover and share resources and ideas, and solve problems.

4d. Demonstrate cultural competency when communicating with students, parents and colleagues and interact with them as co-collaborators in student learning.

ISTE Standard 7 - Analyst

Educators understand and use data to drive their instruction and support students in achieving their learning goals.

7c. Use assessment data to guide progress and communicate with students, parents and education stakeholders to build student self-direction.

Relationship to INTSAC Standards:

Standard #2: The teacher uses understanding of individual differences and diverse cultures and communities to ensure inclusive learning environments that enable each learner to meet high standards.

Standard #3: The teacher works with others to create environments that support individual and collaborative learning, and that encourage positive social interaction, active engagement in learning, and self-motivation.

Standard #4: The teacher understands the central concepts, tools of inquiry, and structures of the discipline(s) she or he teaches and can create learning experiences that make these aspects of the discipline accessible and meaningful for learners to assure mastery of content.

Standard #6: The teacher understands and uses multiple methods of assessment to engage learners in their own growth, to monitor learner progress, and to guide the teacher's and learner's decision making.

Standard #7: The teacher plans instruction that supports every student in meeting rigorous learning goals by drawing upon knowledge of content areas, curriculum, cross-disciplinary skills, and pedagogy as well as knowledge of learners and the community context.

Standard #8: The teacher understands and uses a variety of instructional strategies to encourage learners to develop deep understanding of content areas and their connections, and to build skills to apply knowledge in meaningful ways.

Standard #10: The teacher seeks appropriate leadership role and opportunities to take responsibility for student learning, to collaborate with learners, families, colleagues, other school professionals, and community members to ensure learner growth and to advance the profession.

Required Texts

Baker, C., & Wright, W. E. (2017). Foundations of bilingual education and bilingualism (6th ed.). Bristol, UK & Blue Ridge Summit, PA: Multilingual Matters. ISBN 978-1-78309-720-3

De Houwer, A. (2009). *An Introduction to bilingual development*. Multilingual Matters: Bristol, UK. ISBN-13: 978-1-84769-168-2

Recommended Books:

American Psychological Association (2020). Publication manual of the American Psychological

- Association (7th ed.). Washington, DC: American Psychological Association.
- Garcia, O. (2009). Bilingual education in the 21st century: A global perspective. Wiley-Blackwell
- Lightbown, P., & Spada, N. (2013). *How languages are learned* (4th ed). *Oxford handbooks for language teachers*. United Kingdom: Oxford University Press.
- Nieto, S. (2009). Language, culture, and teaching: Critical perspectives for a new century, 2nd edition, Mahwah, NJ: L. Erlbaum.

Course Performance Evaluation

Students are expected to submit all assignments on time in the manner outlined by the instructor (e.g., Blackboard, Tk20).

TK20 Performance-Based Assessment Submission Requirements

(Philosophy of Teaching and Language Acquisition Case Study (LACS))
NOTE: Submission of Performance-Based Assessments to TK20 will NOT be required during fall 2020.
Students will submit instructor-designed Alternative Performance-Based Assessments via Blackboard Assignment links as per directions on Bb.

Every student registered for any Teaching Culturally, Linguistically Diverse & Exceptional Learners program course with a required performance-based assessment is required to submit this assessment to Tk20 through Blackboard (regardless of whether the student is taking the course as an elective, a one-time course or as part of an undergraduate minor). Evaluation of the performance-based assessment by the course instructor will also be completed in Tk20 through Blackboard. Failure to submit the assessment to Tk20 (through Blackboard) will result in the course instructor reporting the course grade as Incomplete (IN). Unless the IN grade is changed upon completion of the required Tk20 submission, the IN will convert to an F nine weeks into the following semester.

Field Experience Record and Evaluation

Important Note: For Fall 2020, in-school and/or virtual field experiences with PreK-12 mentor teacher <u>will NOT</u> be required. In this course, video-based field experience via Mason Teaching Channel--free access for Mason students via directions provided on Blackboard) will be required and linked to alternative performance-based assessments.

Not Applicable for fall 2020: The field experience is a required component of the teacher preparation program at George Mason University. All students will complete a minimum of 15 hours in field experience for this course. Documentation of your field experience is required as well as a signed statement from your field experience teacher(s) or supervisor(s). If you are taking more than one course in a semester, you must complete 15 hours per course (e.g., two courses require 30 hours of field experience). This means you may be completing different tasks for different courses in the same placement. Materials and products used for one course cannot be used for another course (e.g., videos, lesson plans, activities, etc.)

*Not Applicable for fall 2020. TCLDEL Fieldwork Log of Hours and Evaluation Forms must be uploaded to TK20 on Blackboard. These forms are located on Blackboard and in your TCLDEL organization site in the "Fieldwork" page on Bb.

N/A for fall 2020: NOTE: If you are a foreign/world language candidate, you MUST complete all of your fieldwork in a foreign/world language classroom.

N/A for fall 2020: Virginia state or county cohort teachers: Cohort Students are required by their district and by TCLDEL to complete field experiences as required by the Virginia Department of Education for this program. Each district has arranged for candidates to be able to work at K-12 grade levels in order to complete all licensure requirements. Please contact your district coordinator for further information.

N/A for fall 2020: TCLDEL Fieldwork Log of Hours and Evaluation Assessment

	Status of Student Work	
	1	0
Fieldwork Log of Hours	Complete	Not Complete
demonstrates 15 hours of		
fieldwork completed, with a		
teacher-mentor or supervisor		
signature.		

N/A for fall 2020: NOTE: Failure to submit documentation of successful completion of your fieldwork in a timely manner will make you ineligible to register for coursework, be recommended for licensure, or receive a grade for this course.

• Assignments and/or Examinations

	Class Assignments			
Project	Goal	Percentage of Grade	Due Date	
Informed Participation	Candidates are expected to actively participate in every class session and online by critically analyzing, asking questions, or making observations about the readings, thereby indicating they have thoroughly prepared for the class. Reflection on learning	25 percent	Each week	
	and on application of new knowledge is expected.	23 percent	Lacii week	
Critical Topic Response	Using traditional and online sources, candidates will demonstrate an understanding of the course objectives by reviewing connections between selected readings (juried articles or short	15 percent	Mon.	
Paper (Theory & Research)	book/monograph), with possible teaching implications and modifications for classroom activities. TESOL/CAEP 2b ACTFL/CAEP 6a			
Research	In conjunction with the research you will conduct as part of the critical topic response paper, you will create a multimedia presentation summarizing your findings and post it on Blackboard for class input and discussion. TESOL/CAEP 2b ACTFL/CAEP 6a; ISTE 1c	10 percent	Mon.	
Philosophy of Teaching Statement (PBA)	Based on personal beliefs and growing professional knowledge about SLA theory and research, language learning and language learners, candidates will write a Philosophy of Teaching Statement. The Philosophy of Teaching Statement provides an opportunity to apply learning to develop a vision for current and future teaching. It will be reviewed and revised in EDRD 610 .	20 percent	Mon. via Bb Assignment Link	

	TESOL/CAEP Standards: 1a-1d; 2a-2d; 3a, 3b, 3e; 5a-5c		
	ACTFL/CAEP Standards: 3a, 3b, 4a, 4b, 6a-6c		
Language	Candidates will watch the Teaching Channel videos to find	30 percent	
Acquisition	specific connections relevant to theory/research of SLA AND		Mon.
Case Study	effective instructional practices from learning in EDCI 516. You		
(LACS)	will draft your LACS paper in Week 14. You will revise (e.g.,		via Bb
(PBA)	improve, refine) and edit (e.g., mechanics) during Week 15 and		Assignment
(Theory,	submit your final paper via the Blackboard Assignment Link for		Link
Research,	that purpose by or before midnight on the last day of Week 15.		
Professional			
Collaboration	TESOL/CAEP Standards 1a-1d; 2a, 2c, 2d; 3a, 3b, 3d, 3e; 5a, 5c		
& Practice)	ACTFL/CAEP Standards 6a		
Adjusted for			
fall 2020			
Alternative			
assignment for			
fall 2020			
Field Experie	Field Experience Log & Evaluation Forms N/A		
			fall 2020

Each course assignment is described below. Evaluation criteria for the two Performance-Based Assessments for fall 2020 are also provided. It is strongly recommended that candidates develop an organized plan for working on the major assignments throughout the semester.

Detailed Descriptions of Assignments

1. <u>Informed Class participation (25%)</u>

Informed class participation is evidenced by thoughtful, thorough completion of **all** activities in the Weekly Modules. Thus, candidates' discussion and other work should reflect deep learning from readings, videos, and any other online content within the Weekly Modules. While your current knowledge as an educator is important to your understandings, <u>demonstrating the way that engagement with the course content expands your understanding as a reflective practitioner is expected and necessary for earning full participation points.</u> That is, candidates' work within each Weekly Module must reflect thorough preparation, which will be evidenced by critically analyzing, asking questions, making observations, and sharing reflections as well as by offering specific examples for incorporating learning from the course into their current or future teaching practice with culturally and linguistically diverse learners.

Note for Online Courses:

The main participatory activity is engaging in conversation with classmates via Discussion Board posts. The Discussion Board posts and any other activities within a Weekly Module (e.g., a journal entry, Wiki, WordPress blog, etc.) are opportunities for candidates to demonstrate thorough engagement with and application of content each week. Candidates are expected to complete an initial Discussion Board post by Friday at midnight and to respond briefly but thoughtfully to two peers' posts by Sunday before midnight. Initial Discussion Board posts must be two well-developed, carefully constructed, concise paragraphs, written in professional language, that synthesize candidates' learning from the readings, videos, and other resources with

reflective insights and make application(s) to current or future practice.

Candidates should **include thoughtful**, **open-ended questions** with initial posts to deepen dialog with peers. **Responses to peers' posts should be at the robust paragraph level and aim to make further connections to and applications of key concepts from the week's content. All online communications must be thoughtful and respectful**. Please approach the Discussion Board interactions with the idea that we are communicating to expand our knowledge of current research and best practices for understanding the language and literacy development strengths and needs of bilingual/multilingual children. **Please review the class participation rubric on Blackboard**.

2. Critical Topic Response Paper (15%)

The objective of the Critical Topic Response (CTR) paper is to engage candidates thoughtfully and meaningfully with current writings in the field of second language acquisition research and theory, and to provide candidates with an opportunity to apply their research to analysis and reflection of classroom instructional implications. **In pairs (self-signup tab will be available on Bb)**, candidates will select a topic from one of the textbook chapters related to ELLs/bilingual & multilingual learners and second language acquisition theory, research, and/or practice. Candidates will select a third reading —a peer reviewed, scholarly article not more than five years old- on the same/related topic. Additionally, candidates should include *two to four additional supporting sources* (e.g., readings from class, other courses, or books/scholarly articles you may have read on your own) to learn more about the selected topic. Candidates will read the research analytically and critically and will <u>each</u> write a CTR. See below for content for each part of the CTR paper.

The CTR should be a **maximum of 6 double-spaced pages** (not including title page and References page). Please use *Times New Roman*, 12-pt font and follow APA-7 style for within-text citations as well as for citations on the References page. The CTR should reflect what the readings *mean to you* as an educator, how you relate to the ideas of the authors, and how and why you can or cannot apply these ideas into your current or future practice. In connection with the CTR, candidates will create a **co-constructed multimedia presentation** (see below). This presentation will be shared via Discussion Board on Blackboard (submit to applicable thread on discussion board). The purpose is to make your research and analysis available to your peers in order to enhance their growth and learning as educators of culturally and linguistically diverse learners. Peers will have the opportunity to comment on your analysis and reflection in order to identify ways that these findings can be helpful to them in their future or current educational settings. **Please refer to the rubric for this assignment on Blackboard.**

The CTR comprises three parts: 1) Part One: description/summary of topic based on chapter and article; 2) Part Two: analysis, application, and interpretation, and 3) Part Three: reflections & implications (use these three parts as your subheadings in the paper).

Part One – Description/Summary (1.0 – 1.5 pages): This is a brief summary that captures the central idea of the selected topic and provides an overview/introduction for readers.

Part Two - Analysis, Application, and Interpretation (2.5 - 3.0 pages): In this section, you, the analyzer, apply your growing knowledge to comment on the theory/ies, core ideas, or research

described and discussed in the readings about the selected topic. You will reflect critically on the topic and interpret significant understandings for readers, based on the research. That is, candidates should aim to provide a *synthesis* of the selected topic, conveyed through a critical, analytical lens.

Part Three – Reflection & implications (1.0 - 1.5): In this section, you will reflect on what the readings mean to you and how you connect to them. In other words, aim to share what the readings on the selected topic mean to you as an educator and how you can apply this knowledge in your current or future classroom to support bilingual students' academic progress. That is, discuss the implications of the readings for effectively educating ELLs in national and/or international contexts. Include your thoughts on what is important for providing professional development for teachers/school professionals as well as for educating parents and/or community stakeholders about this topic.

3. Multimedia Research Presentation—Connected to CTR Paper (10%)

In conjunction with the research you will conduct as part of the Critical Topic Response paper, with your partner, you will **co-construct** a multimedia presentation (PowerPoint or Prezi) around your topic. The presentation should be prepared for a hypothetical audience of colleagues, school personnel, or others in the field. You will post the co-constructed presentation in the Discussion Board on Blackboard for your peers to review and enjoy. The presentation should include the use of interactive technology to embed a learning activity that allows viewers to engage with the topic. The presentation should focus on sharing what you learned from the readings, your analysis, and reflections as well as how educators can apply ideas into current or future practice. **The multimedia presentation is included on the rubric for the CRT.**

4. Philosophy of Teaching (20%) This is a Performance-Based Assessment This will be submitted via Blackboard in Fall 2020

The Philosophy of Teaching paper provides candidates with an opportunity to articulate their vision, informed by deep learning across courses, for serving PK-12 culturally and linguistically diverse/bi-multilingual learners with equity and excellence. Candidates will convey that they have enhanced the **knowledge**, **skills**, **and dispositions** for creating high-quality learning environments and experiences in their classroom and schools that view and value PK-12 CLD/bi-multilingual learners from a strengths-based lens. Candidates will write the Philosophy of Teaching paper for the first time in EDCI 516 Bilingualism and Language Acquisition Research. Then, after deeper learning, this performance-based assessment will be revised and submitted in EDRD 610 Content Area Literacy with PK-12 ELs.

It is vital that candidates anchor the Philosophy of Teaching vision in current research/theory reflective of the mindsets and developing expertise that are necessary for effective teaching and engagement with CLD/bi-multilingual PK-12 learners and their families. In other words, culturally and linguistically responsive educators understand that we cannot teach and serve diverse children well simply by "teaching the way we were taught" or teaching in a way that is most comfortable to us. Today's educators must embrace the responsibility to possess the knowledge, skills, and dispositions for highly effective teaching in diverse classrooms and demonstrate that their approach to the daily, complex work of teaching and learning is anchored firmly in theory and research-based practices.

The Philosophy of Teaching paper must be highly reflective and written as a first-person narrative. Candidates must engage in analytical thinking around what it means to be a successful teacher who shapes lives and learning for children from all backgrounds and abilities. It is important to ensure that you anchor your assertions, descriptions, and explanations in what you

have learned through teacher preparation coursework and through your experiences in schools. Strive to make connections to relevant theories and practices, supporting your ideas by within-text citations to relevant research. In short, use what you have learned from your studies as a foundation for developing your Philosophy of Teaching.

In the Philosophy of Teaching, strive to:

- *Explain the culturally and linguistically responsive mindset that you will bring to the classroom. Share the way that your understanding of the way that culture, language, and identity intersect to shape CLD/bi-multilingual learners' experiences in classrooms and schools. Address the way that deep knowledge of your own underlying beliefs, assumptions, and biases will provide a foundation for creating culturally and linguistically responsive learning environments and experiences.
- *Create a philosophy of teaching that is highly student-centered and incorporates several specific research-based strategies/approaches for fostering additive bilingual learning environments and experiences for CLD/bi-multilingual learners.
- *Demonstrate that your vision reflects understanding of the impact of dynamic academic, personal, familial, cultural, social, and sociopolitical context on CLD/bi-multilingual learners' language acquisition and development in home/community and in schools.
- *Reflect your knowledge of applicable theories, teaching methods, as well as school, district, and governmental policies and legislation. Convey how this knowledge is relevant for setting expectations and making instructional and assessment decisions that facilitate language learning as well as for advocating for educational rights of CLD/bi-multilingual learners.
- *Include a specific professional development plan to describe the way that you will continue learning throughout your career as a highly reflective practitioner. Share ways that you will pursue your own professional development beyond what may be offered/required by a school district.
- *Convey how and why you will collaborate effectively with other educators and school staff to serve as a professional resource for evidence-based, student-centered, developmentally appropriate, interactive instruction for bi-multilingual learners as well as to advocate for effective communication with CLD/bi-multilingual learners and their families.

As you are writing a **first-person narrative**, please use "I" but avoid "you" in academic writing. For example, instead of writing, "You will serve children from many backgrounds as a teacher," write, "As a teacher, I will serve children from many backgrounds." Please **avoid direct quotes** in this short paper. Relate ideas and practices in your own words, citing sources as needed. Also, do not write out names of chapters, articles, or book titles. For example, instead of writing, "In an interesting article by Aida Walqui (2006) called *Scaffolding learning for diverse learners*, she explains that . . ." write, "Walqui (2006) emphasized the importance of scaffolding instruction for learners with different strengths."

Organize the paper with logical headings and subheadings. Follow APA-7 style for within-text citations and on the References page. The Philosophy of Teaching statement must be double-spaced, using *Times New Roman*, 12-pt font, 1-inch margins, and not exceed 5-6 pages. Include a title page and References page—these pages do NOT count in the 5-6 page length. Please refer to the rubric for this assignment in the syllabus and on Blackboard.

5. <u>Language Acquisition Case Study (30%)</u> This is a Performance-Based Assessment-REVISED Assignment

This will be submitted via Blackboard in Fall 2020

Given school closures, due to global pandemic in spring 2020, the Language Acquisition Case Study will be replaced with the revised assignment described below. This revised assignment still provides candidates with an opportunity to **use video observations** to analyze emergent bilingual children's oral and written language usage from a strengths-based lens and make significant connections to key theories and instructional practices learned in EDCI 516.

You will watch the Teaching Channel videos indicated in the graphic organizer (page 2 below), which is a *scaffolding tool for organizing the revised Language Acquisition Case study paper that you will write*. You will not submit the graphic organizer but completing it will be important for writing your paper.

For ALL video observations, please keep these overarching questions in mind:

Why is it imperative for educators to focus on emergent bilingual children's strengths, on what they CAN do rather than on what they cannot do?

How does a strengths-based focus inform teachers' instructional decisions?

What implications does a strength-based focus have for supporting emergent bilingual children's language and literacy development?

What have I learned that I can use to **anchor** my answers to these questions?

For each video, a set of "thought starters" to consider is included along with a space for you to take notes based on the "thought starters" *AND* the overarching questions above. Other columns are provided to jot your specific connections to relevant theory/research AND effective instructional practices from learning in EDCI 516.

Keep in mind that Baker and Wright (2017) is the principal source of learning in this course for key theories and promising instructional environments and practices with emergent bilingual children. You have also learned theory and instructional practices/strategies from supplementary texts and videos. (Key theories are listed in the syllabus on p. 19). It will be very useful to note/list the specific sections of the textbook and/or supplementary texts that connect to your thinking around the thinking prompts for each video.

I recommend that you *review the videos across Weeks 12 and 13* to allow yourself an opportunity to reflect and return to textbook and other readings/content for connections in response to each video. You may want to watch each video more than once. After you have reviewed each video, taken notes based on "thought starters," and made connections to relevant theory/research and instructional practices, you will draft your LACS paper in Week 14. You will revise (e.g., improve, refine) and edit (e.g., mechanics) during Week 15 and submit your final paper via the Blackboard Assignment Link for that purpose by or before midnight on the last day of Week 15.

A LACS Structure and Evaluation Tool has been provided on Blackboard for you to follow as you write and revise your final paper.

LACS Graphic Organizer for Video Observations from The Teaching Channel

Video Title & Length (minutes) Video Context & Link for REQUIRED Videos	Thought Starters (along w. Overarching Questions)	My Notes re Thought Starters AND Overarching Questions	My Connections to Theory/Research from 516 (w. source)	My Connections to Instructional Practices from 516 (w. source)
Dual Language Learners: Developing Literacy (4:08) (PK-K) https://learn.teachingchannel.co m/video/dual-language- learners-literacy-skills	How does Ms. Ngan help her students develop language and literacy skills? Why is it important to connect to students' home languages and cultures? What are the benefits of asking open- ended questions?			
Newcomer Instruction: Supporting Language & Content Learning in Math (9:26) 9th grade Algebra https://learn.teachingchannel.co m/video/math-for-newcomers- ousd	What are the benefits of allowing newcomer students to use their home language during math class? How does Ms. Segura scaffold the instruction throughout the lesson? What does Ms. Segura learn about the language demands of this lesson, and how does she use that knowledge			

	to alter her		
	instruction for		
D	the next class?		
Preparing Learners: Activating	This lesson asks		
Prior Knowledge (5:40)	students to		
Grades 6-8 English Language	utilize various		
Arts	forms of		
	"communicative		
https://learn.teachingchannel.co	functions"		
m/video/activating-prior-	through the		
knowledge	three-step		
	interview. Why		
	is this important		
	for ELLs?		
	How does the		
	structure of this		
	task ensure that		
	all students are		
	engaged in the		
	work?		
	How did Ms.		
	Park-Friend		
	activate her		
	students' prior		
	knowledge?		
Asking and Answering	How does Ms.		
Questions about Soil (11:27)	Rodriguez help		
2 nd Grade	her students		
	build academic		
https://learn.teachingchannel.co	language?		
m/video/ask-answer-questions-	What strategies		
<u>nea</u>	does Ms.		
	Rodriguez use		
	to support		
	English		
	Language		
	Learners?		
	How does Ms.		
	Rodriguez		
	support the		
	small group		
	working on the		
	rug?		
Listening & Speaking:	How does Ms.		
Formative Assessment (3:41)	Horwitz's use of		
4 th grade	the checklist		
6		l .	

	In also seem do meso		
1 //	help students		
https://learn.teachingchannel.co	focus on their		
m/video/assess-listening-	speaking and		
speaking-skills-ousd	listening goals?		
	How does Ms.		
	Horwitz use the		
	data from the		
	checklist?		
	How could you		
	adapt this		
	checklist for use		
	in your own		
	classroom?		
My Thinking Logs: A Literacy	Why is it		
Practice for Math (1:47)	important for		
5 th grade	students to talk		
	it out before		
https://learn.teachingchannel.co	writing?		
m/video/student-thinking-logs	What supports		
	are in place to		
	help students		
	write out their		
	ideas?		
	Why is this an		
	especially		
	effective		
	strategy for		
	English		
	Language		
	Learners?		
Scaffolding Text Structure for	How do the		
ELLs (2:26)	colors guide		
Gr 9-12	students in their		
	writing?		
https://learn.teachingchannel.co	What sentence		
m/video/scaffolding-text-	starters do the		
structure	students use for		
	each section?		
	How can this		
	strategy be		
	applied across		
	subjects areas?		

Grading

At George Mason University course work is measured in terms of quantity and quality. A credit normally represents one hour per week of lecture or recitation or not fewer than two hours per week of laboratory work throughout a semester. The number of credits is a

measure of quantity. The grade is a measure of quality. The university-wide system for grading graduate courses is as follows:

Grade	GRADING	Grade Points	Interpretation
A +	=100	4.00	Danragants mastery of the subject through affort
A	94-99	4.00	Represents mastery of the subject through effort beyond basic requirements
A-	90-93	3.67	beyond basic requirements
B+	85-89	3.33	Reflects an understanding of and the ability to
В	80-84	3.00	apply
			theories and principles at a basic level
C*	70-79	2.00	Denotes an unacceptable level of understanding and
F*	<70	0.00	application of the basic elements of the course

Note: "C" is not satisfactory for a licensure course; "F" does not meet requirements of the School of Education

See the University Catalog for details: http://catalog.gmu.edu/policies/academic/grading/

Professional Dispositions

See https://cehd.gmu.edu/students/polices-procedures/

Honor Code & Integrity of Work

• **Integrity of Work:** TCLDEL students must adhere to the guidelines of the George Mason University Honor Code (https://catalog.gmu.edu/policies/honor-code-system/). The principle of academic integrity is taken very seriously and violations are treated as such.

Violations of the Honor Code include:

- 1. Copying a paper or part of a paper from another student (current or past);
- 2. Reusing work that you have already submitted for another class (unless express permission has been granted by your current professor **before** you submit the work);
- 3. Copying the words of an author from a textbook or any printed source (including the Internet) or closely paraphrasing without providing a citation to credit the author. For examples of what should be cited, please refer to: https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/589/02/
- 4. You may also not "reuse" fieldwork hours. Each placement must have 15 documented hours that are solely for each course that you are in; you may be at the same site, but the same hours may not be counted towards the same course.

Late Work Policy

At the graduate level all work is expected to be of high quality and submitted on the dates due. Work submitted late will be reduced one letter grade for every day of delay. Because we live in uncertain times, if you have any extraordinary circumstances (think flood, earthquake, evacuation) that prevent you from submitting your work in a timely manner, it is your responsibility to contact the instructor as soon as possible after the circumstances occur and make arrangements to complete your work. It is up to the discretion of the instructor to approve the late/makeup work.

For graduate and non-degree students, withdrawal after the last day for dropping a course requires approval by the student's academic dean, and is permitted only for nonacademic reasons that prevent course completion (Mason catalog). *Students must contact an academic advisor* in APTDIE to withdraw after the deadline. There is no guarantee that such withdraws will be permitted.

Online Participation/Attendance Policy

Students are expected to participate in <u>all</u> online discussions. Not participating in an online discussion module will be reflected with a zero for the week and as an absence. <u>Students</u> with two or more absences will not receive credit for the course.

Incomplete (IN)

This grade may be given to students who are in good standing, but who may be unable to complete scheduled course work for a cause beyond reasonable control. The student must then complete all the requirements by the end of the ninth week of the next semester, not including summer term, and the instructor must turn in the final grade by the end of the 9th week. Unless an explicit written extension is filed with the Registrar's Office by the faculty deadline, the grade of IN is changed by the registrar to an F (Mason catalog). Faculty may grant an incomplete with a contract developed by the student with a reasonable time to complete the course at the discretion of the faculty member. The faculty member does not need to allow up to the following semester for the student to complete the course. A copy of the contract will be kept on file in the APTDIE office.

COURSE SCHEDULE

Faculty reserve the right to alter the schedule as necessary, with notification to students.

NOTE: All texts marked with asterisk (*) are located as a PDF within the corresponding Weekly Module on Blackboard.

Class	Theme/Topic	Preparation and Readings
		(To be read at the beginning of the week Some supplemental readings TBA)
	Module 1: Introduction	Introduction to EDCI 516: Read "Getting Started" message; Review syllabus
Week One	 Course Introduction: Overview of EDCI 	thoroughly; Watch introductory video
Mon. Aug. 24 th to	516	
Sun. 30th	Review Syllabus & Requirements	*King, J. (2016). The importance of bilingual education. <i>NABE Perspectivas</i> , 39(1), pp. 15-17.
	 Intro to the content 	
		*Gándara, P. (2015). Rethinking bilingual instruction. <i>Educational Leadership, March 2015</i> , pp. 60-74
		*TESOL Connections (June, 2018) 5 Ways Second Language Acquisition is Relevant to English Language Teaching.
		Complete assignments (Introductory Discussion Board Post) in Module 1 on Blackboard
	Module 2: Understanding Bilingualism	Baker & Wright text: Chapters 1 & 3
Week Two		
Mon. 31 st to Sun. Spt. 6th	The Landscape of Language Vitality	*King, K. & Fogle, L. (2006). "Raising bilingual children: Common parental concerns and current research"
		*Gándara (2015). The implications of deeper learning for adolescent
		immigrants and English language learners. Students at the Center: Deeper
		Learning Research Series. Boston, MA: Jobs for the Future.
		Complete assignments in Module 2 on Blackboard

Class	Theme/Topic	Preparation and Readings
		(To be read at the beginning of the week Some supplemental readings TBA)
	Module 3: SLA Research & Classroom Implications	Baker & Wright (2017) Chapter 2
Week Three		
Mon. 7 th to Sun.	o Bilingualism: Assessment & Measurement	*Abedi, J., & Levine, H. (Jan/Feb 2013). Fairness in assessing English
13 th		learners, Educational Measurement: Issues & Practice, 26-38
	Assessing Language Development; Assessing	
	Content	*WIDA (2009) Bulletin on Formative Assessment
	Addressing Diss in Assessment	
	Addressing Bias in Assessment	Complete assignments in Module 3 on Blackboard
	Formative Assessment Practices	Complete assignments in Wodule 5 on Blackboard
	o Tornative Assessment Practices	
	**Select topics for Critical Topic Response Paper &	
	Presentation	
		Baker & Wright Chapter 2: Review ideas on measurement as we consider the
	Module 4: Assessment Policies & Practices	role of Standards in teaching and learning
Week Four Mon. 14th to	 Standards for Teachers and PK-12 Students: TESOL, WIDA, ACTFL, VA ELP SOLs 	De Houwer, A. (2009). Chapters 1 & 2
Sun. 20 th	TESOL, WIDA, ACTTL, VA ELF SOLS	*WIDA (2012) Amplified Frameworks for Eng. Long. Development 1 14
5un. 20	Formative Assessment Practices (continued)	*WIDA (2013) Amplified Frameworks for Eng. Lang. Development, 1-14
	o Tornative Assessment Tractices (continued)	*Alvarez, L. Amanda, S., Walqui, A., Sato, E., & Rabinowitz, S.
		(2014). Focusing formative assessment on the needs of English language
		learners. WestED (www.WestEd.org) p. 1-23.
		realiters. WestED (<u>www.westEd.org</u>) p. 1-25.
		Complete assignments in Module 4 on Blackboard

Class	Theme/Topic	Preparation and Readings
		(To be read at the beginning of the week Some supplemental readings TBA)
	Module 5: Understanding Language Acquisition	Baker & Wright. Chapter 5
	 L1 Research in Children 	De Houwer (2009). Chapters 3 & 4
Week Five	 L2 Research: Young Children and Development 	AND
Mon. 21st to Sun.	of Bilingualism	
27 th	 Translanguaging 	*García, O. (2017) Translanguaging in schools: Subiendo y bajando, bajando y subiendo as afterword, <i>Journal of Language, Identity & Education</i> , 16:4, 256-263.
	o Multiliteracies & Transliteracies	AND
	**Intro to Language Analysis Case Study Project	*Wright, W. (Feb., 2016). Let them talk! Educational Leadership, 73(5), 24-29. AND
		*Smith, A., Stornaiulo, A., & Phillips, N.C. (2018). Multiplicities in motion: A turn to transliteracies. <i>Theory into Practice</i> , <i>57</i> (1), 20-28. OR
		*Thibaut, P., & Scott Curwood, J. (2018). Multiliteracies in practice: Integrating multimodal production across the curriculum. <i>Theory into Practice</i> , 57(1), 48-55.
		Complete assignments in Module 5 on Blackboard; work on Critical Topic Response Paper & Presentation (due in Week 7)

Class	Theme/Topic	Preparation and Readings
		(To be read at the beginning of the week Some supplemental readings TBA)
Week Six Mon. 28 th to Sun. Oct. 4th	Module 6: Bilingualism & Identity Second Language Learning through the School Years: Factors Influencing Second Language Learning Second Language Learning and Social Identity **Intro to Philosophy of Teaching PBA	Baker & Wright. Chapter 6 De Houwer (2009). Chapters 5 & 6 AND *Vasquez, V.M. (2018). Critical literacy. Oxford Research Encyclopedia of Education, 1-17. DOI: 10.1093/acrefore/9780190264093.013.20 AND Montgomery, C. (Feb. 2014). The transformative power of performance-based assessment, The Language Educator, 9(2), p. 42 OPTIONAL: *Barrueco, S., Smith, S., & Stephens, S. (2015). Supporting parent engagement in linguistically diverse families to promote young children's learning: Implications for early care and education policy. New York, NY: Child Care & Early Education Research Connections Optional for World Language candidates: Three Steps to Leverage World-Language Instruction for General Literacy Success – from Blog on Education Week (see link below): http://blogs.edweek.org/edweek/global_learning/2016/09/three_steps_to_leverage_world-language_instruction_for_general_literary_success.html Complete assignments in Module 6 on Blackboard; Work on Critical Topic Response Paper & Presentation (due Week 7)

Class	Theme/Topic	Preparation and Readings
		(To be read at the beginning of the week Some supplemental readings TBA)
W LC	M 11 7 Pm Pr G W O A P C	Baker & Wright Chapters 7 & 8 AND
Week Seven	Module 7: Bilingualism, Cognition, & the Brain	\$11/ F.11 I (2000) F. 11.1.1
Mon. 5 th to Sun. 11 th	The Academic Desistant of School	*Wong Fillmore, L. (2009). English language development: Acquiring the
11	The Academic Registers of School	language needed for literacy and learning. Research into Practice: Pearson monograph, 1-16.
	**Critical Topic Response Paper due via Bb Assignment Link; CTR Presentation due via DB link	AND
	Assignment Link, CTR Fresentation due via DD mik	Optional:
		*Dreher, M.J., & Gray, J.L. (2009). Compare, contrast, comprehend: Using compare-contrast text structures with ELLs in K-3 classrooms. <i>The Reading Teacher</i> , 63(2), 132-141.
		Complete assignments in Module 7 on Blackboard
		Upload Critical Topic Response Paper & Presentation
	Module 8: Bilingual Education & Teaching Strategies	Baker & Wright – Chapters 10 & 11 (selected parts—see Module 8 on
	o Bilingualism, & Biliteracy	Blackboard)
Week Eight	M. I.I. CRIII.	AND
Mon. 12 th to Sun. 18 th	 Models of Bilingual Education 	*Walqui, A. (2006). Scaffolding instruction for English language learners: A conceptual framework. <i>The International Journal of Bilingual Education and Bilingualism</i> , 9(2), 159-178.
		Optional:
		*Jang, E., & Jiménez, R. T. (2011). A sociocultural perspective on second language learner strategies: Focus on the social context. <i>Theory Into Practice</i> , 50, 141-148.
		READING REQUIRED BUT NO DISCUSSION BOARD; BEGIN to plan Philosophy of Teaching PBA due Week 11

Class	Theme/Topic	Preparation and Readings		
		(To be read at the beginning of the week Some supplemental readings TBA)		
Week Nine Mon. 19 th to Sun. 25 th	Module 9: Bilingual Education Model The Effectiveness of Bilingual Education: Dual Language Education Immersion Bilingual Education Heritage Language Education	Baker & Wright. Chapter 12 AND *Umansky, I., Valentino, R., & Reardon, S. (Feb. 2016). The promise of two-language education. Educational Leadership, 73(5), 11-17 AND		
		Choose ONE: *Otcu, B. (2010). Heritage language maintenance and cultural identity formation: The case of a Turkish Saturday school in New York City, <i>Heritage Language Journal</i> , 7(2), 273-298. OR *Jean, M., & Geva, E. (2012). Through the eyes and from the mouths of young heritage-language learners: How children feel and think about their two languages. <i>TESL Canada Journal</i> , 29(6), 49-74. Complete assignments in Module 9 on Blackboard; Work on Philosophy of Teaching PBA (DUE Week 11)		
Week Ten Mon. 26 th to Sun. Nov. 1 st	Module 10: Effective Models Schools & Instruction for Second Language Learner The role of Comprehensible Input: The SIOP and the CALLA models. **Performance-Based Assessment	Baker & Wright- Chapter 13 selected parts—see Weekly Module on Bb. AND CHOOSE from these brief, easy-to-read articles: *Echevarria, J., Frey, N., & Fisher, D. (March 2015). What it takes for English learners to succeed, Educational Leadership, 72(6), 22-26. OR *Robertson, K. (2016). A lesson in taking flight. Educational Leadership, Feb. 2016, 56-61. OR *Huerta, M., & Jackson, J. (2010). Connecting literacy and science to increase achievement for English language learners. Early Childhood Education Journal, 38, 205-211. Complete assignments in Module 10 on Blackboard; Finalize Philosophy of Teaching—due in Week 11; Work on Language Acquisition Case Study		

Class	Theme/Topic	Preparation and Readings		
	,	(To be read at the beginning of the week Some supplemental readings TBA)		
Week Eleven Mon. Nov. 2 nd to Sun. 8th	Module 11: Frameworks & Practices Literacy, Biliteracy & Multiliteracies for Bilinguals Affective, Social, and Cultural Perspectives SLA **Philosophy of Teaching PBA due to Blackboard Assignment Link	Baker & Wright Chapter 14 selected parts—see Weekly Module on Bb. AND *Wagner, C. J. (2016). Teaching young dual language learners to be writers: Rethinking writing instruction through the lens of identity. Journal of Education 196(1), 31-40. AND CHOOSE: *Cummins, Hu, Markus, & Montero (2015). Identity texts and academic achievement: Connecting the dots in multilingual school contexts. TESOL Quarterly, 49(3), 555-581. OR *Roessingh, H. (2011). Family treasures: A Dual language book project for negotiating language, literacy, culture, and identity. The Canadian Modern Language Review, 67(1), 123-148. Complete assignments in Module 11 on Blackboard; Work on Language Acquisition Case Study Presentation (DUE end of Week 13-beginning of Week 14) and written LACS report (DUE Week 15).		
Week Twelve Mon. 9 th to Sun. 15 th	Module 12: Bilingualism and Special Educational Needs and Implications of Learner Similarities/ Differences for the Classroom	*Ortiz, et al. (2011). The role of bilingual education teachers in preventing inappropriate referrals of ELLs to special education: Implications for response to intervention. <i>Bilingual Research Journal: The Journal of the National Association for Bilingual Education</i> , 34(3), 316-333. AND *Heritage, Walqui, & Linquanti (2015) – Chapter 4 – On Blackboard. Complete assignments in Module 12; PREPARE for LACS Presentations next week and written report (DUE in Week 15)		

Class	Theme/Topic	Preparation and Readings (To be read at the beginning of the week Some supplemental readings TBA)
Week Thirteen Mon. 16 th to Sun. 22 nd	Module 13: Classroom Discourse O Policy & Politics of Bilingualism: The Sociopolitical Debate The role of authentic communicative situations	*Brown, J., & Doolittle, J. (2008). A cultural, linguistic, and ecological framework for Response to Intervention with English language learners. Practitioner Brief, NCCREST, 1-13. Complete discussion Complete assignments in Module 13 Complete Online Student Rating of Instruction Finalize Language Acquisition Case Study Report (DUE Week 15)
Week Fourteen Mon. 23 rd to Sun. 29 th	Thanksgiving Break	
Week Fifteen Mon. 30 th to Sat. 5 th	LACS PROJECTS DUE via Blackboard Assignment Link	NO Readings or Online Activities this Week Finalize Language Acquisition Case Study Report. Complete Online Student Rating of Instruction

EDCI 516 Performance Based Assessment Evaluation Tool – Fall 2020 Alternative Language Acquisition Case Study

SECTION & PAGE-	CRITERIA	POINTS
LENGTH PARAMETERS		
Introduction	Succinctly share your own positionality as a current or future language educator:	
		/15
1.0 - 1.5 pages	*Your own background (briefly)—languages spoken/written, cultural background;	
	*Your year(s) of teaching experience, if any, and/or context (e.g., grade level, type	
	of school) of field experiences you have completed in prior semester and/or this semester;	
	*Your view of bilingualism and second language acquisition <u>at beginning of this</u> <u>course</u> .	
	*Identify (name) the <i>most significant shifts in your own thinking</i> (2 or 3) during this	
	course regarding the critical importance of viewing emergent bilingual children	
	from a strengths-based lens. (You will explain in "Reflection" section).	
Analysis	Based on your review of the Teaching Channel videos, develop a thorough,	
•	thoughtful analysis that reflects your thinking and learning around the	/60
4.0 - 5.0 pages	overarching questions:	
	Why is it imperative for educators to focus on emergent bilingual children's	
	strengths, on what they CAN do rather than on what they cannot do?	
	How does a strengths-based focus inform teachers' instructional decisions?	
	What implications does a strength-based focus have for supporting emergent	
	bilingual children's language and literacy development?	
	What have I learned that I can use to anchor my answers to these questions?	
	*Be sure to anchor your assertions in theory/research from this course. Draw on	
	your notes/answers to overarching questions. CITE relevant sources from EDCI 516 within your analysis.	
	*Draw on your notes/answers to "thought starters" to exemplify and support your	
	assertions as well. CITE relevant sources within analysis. To cite the videos, just put	
	title of videos to which you refer in sentence or in parenthesis at end of sentence. Be	
	SURE to connect learning from EDCI 516 with assertions about the videos.	
	NOTE: These two aspects of analysis should be <i>interwoven</i> , <i>NOT presented</i> separately.	

Exploratory Action Plan	In this section, focus on <i>most significant learning</i> from the video observations	
	that you will apply to your current or future teaching practice to support	/40
2.5 - 3.5 pages	language and literacy development with emergent bilingual children. Consider:	
	*Which instructional practices/strategies will you commit to integrating consistently	
	into your practice? Why? How/why would you modify or expand any practices that	
	you observed in the videos. Please explain your thinking AND connect to relevant	
	sources/content (cite within text) from EDCI 516.	
Reflection	Explain the <i>most significant shifts in your own thinking</i> (2 or 3) that you presented in	
	your introduction regarding the critical importance of viewing emergent bilingual	/20
2.0 - 3.0 pages	children from a strengths-based lens. Connect to how/why this strengths-based lens	
	supports emergent bilinguals' language and literacy development.	
Quality of Writing & APA-7	Organize paper with headings for major sections and subheadings that make sense to	
within text & on References	you;	
page	Write in professional language reflective of graduate studies. It is appropriate to use	
	"I" in Introduction, Exploratory Action Plan, and Reflection sections. Avoid "You";	/15
	Be sure that paper reflects strong effort to revise and edit;	
	AVOID direct quotes—use your own words (and cite sources as appropriate);	
	Use APA-7 style for within-text citations and References page;	
	Follow minimum and maximum page-length parameters for each section.	
TOTAL		
9.5 – 13 pages (DOES NOT		/150
include Title Page &		
References)		

Comments:

EDCI 516 & EDRD 610 Philosophy of Teaching Rubric

Performance Indicator	Does not Meet the Standard 1	Approaches Standard 2	Meets Standard 3	Exceeds Standard 4
Identify and apply knowledge about teacher's identity, cultural values and beliefs and their effect on teaching and learning to the philosophy of teaching ACTFL 6c TESOL 2e	Candidate does not address how teacher identity and cultural values have an effect on language learning in the philosophy of teaching; does not address removing bias or supporting cross-cultural appreciation in teaching practice	Candidate creates a philosophy that that basically takes into consideration a variety of concepts of culture and identity but does not provide sufficient ways to address removing bias and/or supporting cross-cultural appreciation in teaching practice	Candidate creates a philosophy that satisfactorily takes into consideration a variety of concepts of culture and identity and provides ways to address removing bias and supporting cross-cultural appreciation in teaching practice	Candidate consistently uses cultural knowledge and reflection on one's identity throughout the philosophy of teaching to address his/her own biases and creates a clear plan of action to remove any and all bias and support cross-cultural appreciation in teaching practice
Demonstrate knowledge of language teaching methods in their historical contexts and create a supportive classroom environment to address culturally and linguistically diverse student needs in multiple ways. ACTFL 2a, 2c;3a, 3b; 4a,4b TESOL 2c, 3a, 3b	Candidate creates a philosophy of teaching that does not reflect adequate knowledge of teaching methods nor adequately addresses the needs of linguistically and culturally diverse learners through adapted instruction	Candidate creates a philosophy of teaching that contains some knowledge of teaching methods in historical contexts and some strategies for adapting instruction based on student needs but which do not provide sufficient support for linguistically and culturally diverse learners	Candidate creates a philosophy that demonstrates a satisfactory understanding of the language teaching methods in historical contexts, is student-centered, and includes specific strategies for adapting instruction to address the needs of linguistically and culturally diverse learners	Candidate creates a philosophy of teaching that demonstrates a deep understanding of language teaching methods in their historical contexts, is highly student-centered, and incorporates several specific strategies for adapting instruction to address the needs of linguistically and culturally diverse students

Performance Indicator	Does not Meet the Standard 1	Approaches Standard 2	Meets Standard 3	Exceeds Standard 4
Demonstrate and apply knowledge of language acquisition theories and the interrelationship between language and culture ACTFL 3a, 3b; 4a,4b TESOL 1a-1d; 2a, 2b	Candidate demonstrates an inadequate understanding of language acquisition across developmental levels. The philosophy of teaching lacks adequate strategies and reflects limited evidence of awareness of culture and language acquisition theories.	Candidate demonstrates a basic understanding of how language acquisition occurs at various developmental levels. The philosophy of teaching has some strategies or activities that reflect basic knowledge of culture and language acquisition theories.	Candidate demonstrates a satisfactory understanding of how language acquisition occurs at various developmental levels. The philosophy of teaching has a variety of strategies and activities that reflect satisfactory knowledge of culture and language acquisition theories.	Candidate demonstrates a thorough understanding of how language acquisition occurs at various developmental levels within and outside of the formal classroom setting. The philosophy of teaching has a wide variety of strategies and activities that reflect deep knowledge of culture and language acquisition theories
Clearly establish professional goals that will help the candidate practice self-assessment and reflection to continue learning as a highly reflective practitioner and pursue ongoing professional development ACTFL 6a-6c TESOL 5b,5c	Candidate does not include any evidence of having professional goals that are informed by self-assessment or reflective practice. Candidate does not include a professional development plan.	Candidate creates vague or unmeasurable professional goals that are not adequately informed by self-assessment or reflective practice. Candidate provides only basic professional development plan that may or may not provide adequate growth and learning as a language teaching professional.	Candidate creates a number of clear and measurable professional goals that are informed by self-assessment and reflective practice. Candidate shares a satisfactory professional development plan that supports continual growth and learning as a language teaching professional.	Candidate creates several well- articulated and measurable professional goals that are clearly informed by self-assessment and highly reflective practice. Candidate articulates a strong, specific professional development plan that ensures continual growth and learning as a language teaching professional.

Performance Indicator	Does not Meet the Standard 1	Approaches Standard 2	Meets Standard	Exceeds Standard 4
Understand the responsibilities inherent in being a professional language educator and demonstrate the ability to build partnerships with colleagues and students' families, serve as community resources, and advocate for emergent bilinguals. ACTFL 6a-6c TESOL 3d; 5a	Candidate does not adequately understand the responsibilities inherent in being a professional language educator who is committed to equitable and ethical interactions with all stakeholders. Candidate does not describe self as professional resource in schools and does not include appropriate techniques and dispositions for working with language learners, colleagues, and families.	Candidate shows only basic understanding of the responsibilities inherent in being a professional language educator who is committed to equitable and ethical interactions with all stakeholders. Provides only basic description of self as professional resource in schools by identifying only a few appropriate techniques and dispositions for working with language learners, collaborating with colleagues, and serving as an advocate for students and their families.	Candidate understands and explains the responsibilities inherent in being a professional language educator who is committed to equitable and ethical interactions with all stakeholders. Describes self as professional resource in schools by identifying a variety of appropriate techniques and dispositions for working with language learners, collaborating with colleagues, and serving as an advocate for students and their families in an effective way.	Candidate clearly understands and explains the responsibilities inherent in being a professional language educator who is strongly committed to equitable and ethical interactions with all stakeholders. Clearly describes self as professional resource in schools by identifying a wide variety of appropriate techniques and dispositions for working with language learners, collaborating with colleagues, and serving as an advocate for students and their families in a highly effective way.

GMU Policies and Resources for Students

Policies

- Students must adhere to the guidelines of the Mason Honor Code (see https://catalog.gmu.edu/policies/honor-code-system/).
- Students must follow the university policy for Responsible Use of Computing (see https://universitypolicy.gmu.edu/policies/responsible-use-of-computing/).
- Students are responsible for the content of university communications sent to their Mason email account and are required to activate their account and check it regularly. All communication from the university, college, school, and program will be sent to students solely through their Mason email account.
- Students with disabilities who seek accommodations in a course must be registered with George Mason University Disability Services. Approved accommodations will begin at the time the written letter from Disability Services is received by the instructor (see https://ds.gmu.edu/).
- Students must silence all sound emitting devices during class unless otherwise authorized by the instructor.

Campus Resources

- Support for submission of assignments to Tk20 should be directed to <u>tk20help@gmu.edu</u> or <u>https://cehd.gmu.edu/aero/tk20</u>. Questions or concerns regarding use of Blackboard should be directed to <u>https://its.gmu.edu/knowledge-base/blackboard-instructional-technology-support-for-students/</u>.
- For information on student support resources on campus, see https://ctfe.gmu.edu/teaching/student-support-resources-on-campus

Notice of mandatory reporting of sexual assault, interpersonal violence, and stalking:

As a faculty member, I am designated as a "Responsible Employee," and must report all disclosures of sexual assault, interpersonal violence, and stalking to Mason's Title IX Coordinator per University Policy 1202. If you wish to speak with someone confidentially, please contact one of Mason's confidential resources, such as Student Support and Advocacy Center (SSAC) at 703-380-1434 or Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS) at 703-993-2380. You may also seek assistance from Mason's Title IX Coordinator by calling 703-993-8730, or emailing titleix@gmu.edu.

For additional information on the College of Education and Human Development, please visit our website https://cehd.gmu.edu/students/.